

# **NDIS Participant Outcomes**

**30 June 2018**

**Appendix E  
Participants age 15 to 24**

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# Appendix E – 15 to 24

## Box E.1: Key Findings

- In the longitudinal analysis, significant improvements were observed across a number of indicators, including the percentage in a paid job and the percentage participating in a community group in the last 12 months. More participants expressed a desire for greater choice and control.
- Baseline and longitudinal outcomes vary with participant level of function. Participants with higher level of function tend to have better baseline outcomes and exhibit higher rates of improvement than those with lower level of function.
- Participants with a sensory disability generally experience better outcomes. At baseline, participants with a psychosocial disability do not do as well as participants with other disabilities, and this is observed across all domains. Interestingly, participants with a visual impairment have much higher rates of volunteering (21% compared to 13% overall). Also of note is the considerable variation in smoking rates by disability, ranging from 0% for participants with Down syndrome to 31% for participants with a psychosocial disability (the overall rate is 7%).
- Participants from regional and remote locations tend to experience higher levels of choice and control, and are much more likely to know people in their community than those living in major cities. However they are less likely to have a regular doctor and more likely to have difficulty accessing health services.
- Participants from a CALD background tend to have lower baseline levels of choice and control but tend to be happier with their home.
- At baseline, Indigenous participants have slightly higher levels of choice and control than non-Indigenous participants. However, Indigenous participants were almost twice as likely to say they often felt lonely, were less happy with their home, and had poorer health outcomes. Indigenous participants were almost four times as likely to smoke (23% compared to 6% for non-Indigenous participants).
- Deeper analysis of employment outcomes suggests that participants looking for paid work are more likely to be successful when they have higher educational qualifications, start to require support in fewer daily activities, have greater choice over what they do each day, and have got to know people in their community. Conversely, participants with complex needs, those living in a high unemployment area, and those needing support in an increased number of daily activities, are less likely to be successful.
- For participants who are not involved in a community group at baseline but would like to be, factors increasing the likelihood of success include volunteering, having a paid job, and participating in education or training in a class for students with disability at baseline.
- Opinions on whether the NDIS has helped vary considerably by domain for the young adult cohort, being lowest for work (21%) and home (24%), and highest for choice and control (61%) and daily activities (59%). Higher baseline plan utilisation is a strong predictor of a positive response across all eight domains. Perceptions also tended to improve with plan cost. Participants from QLD and WA tended to be more positive, and those from TAS and ACT less positive.

## Participant living arrangements

Overall, 74% of young adult participants live with their parents. 7% live with other family members, 6% with people not related to them, 3% with a spouse/partner and/or children, and 3% live alone.

Most participants (80%) are in a private home either owned or rented from a private landlord. 12% of participants live in a private home rented from a public authority. 4% are in supported accommodation, 1% in residential care or a hostel and a further 1% in a boarding house, short-term crisis accommodation, a temporary shelter, or a nursing home.

## Appendix E.1 – Baseline indicators for SF and LF – aggregate Summary

The SF includes some questions designed to investigate whether participants aged 15 to 24 exhibit growing independence and increased choice and control over their lives, as would be expected for young adults generally. More than half the participants had experienced increased independence/ control over their life compared to two years ago, however 61% were still not happy with the level of independence/control they were currently experiencing. 57% said they made more decisions in their life than two years ago, however this includes 33% who would like to make more decisions. Of those who had commenced planning for life post-school, around two-thirds said they had at least some input into the decisions.

More participants chose, or had a say in, what they do each day (83%) and how they spend their free time (85%) than in who supports them (69%), where they live (53%) or who they live with (53%). The majority (64%) said their family makes most decisions in their life, although 29% said they made most decisions themselves. 92% said they had someone who supports them to make decisions. Overall, 80% said they would like more choice and control in their life.

Support for daily living was most needed for domestic tasks (86%) and travel and transport (85%), and least needed for personal care (56%) and using technology (44%). Where support was needed, it was most often received for personal care, domestic tasks, and finances/money (82%-85%), and least often received for communication (70%) and using technology (61%). For those receiving support, generally low percentages (ranging from 32%, for getting out of the house, to 65%, for finances/money) felt that it met their needs. One-quarter of participants needed support in all of the eight areas surveyed.

Looking at relationships, 20% of participants said they had no-one outside their home to call on for help, 28% had no-one to call on for emotional assistance, and 28% had no-one to call on in a crisis. By comparison, the ABS General Social Survey (GSS) asks “Are you able to get support in times of crisis from persons living outside the household?”, and the proportion of 15 to 24 year olds who said they were unable to get support was 4% for the 2014 survey.

Whilst only 4% of respondents said they provided care for others, 58% of these said they needed help to continue caring, and only one-third said they received enough help.

29% of participants said they did not have any friends apart from family or paid staff. 47% said they got to see their friends without family or paid staff present. Overall, 72% were happy with their relationships with staff. 22% said they often feel lonely.

34% of participants were planning for a home of their own, with slightly less than half having some input into the planning. 81% were happy with their current home, however 40% said they would not want to live there in five years’ time, mainly because they wanted to choose their future home. 35% cited lack of support as a barrier to living in a home of their choice, with 21% citing lack of affordable housing. 85% said they felt very safe or safe in their home.

People with disability generally rate their health as poorer than other Australians<sup>1</sup>, and this holds true for NDIS participants. 68% of the young adult cohort rated their health as good, very good or excellent, compared to 91% of Australians aged 15 to 24 overall<sup>2</sup>. NDIS participants also express lower overall life satisfaction than the general population. When asked to think about their life now and in the future, on a seven-point scale from “delighted” to “terrible”, 50% of young adult participants responding to the LF said

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<sup>1</sup> Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) (2018) Australia's Health 2018.

<sup>2</sup> ABS National Health Survey (NHS) 2014-15.

they felt either “delighted”, “pleased” or “mostly satisfied”, compared to 78% of Australians aged 18 to 24 overall<sup>3</sup>.

NDIS participants are also more likely to go to hospital than Australians generally. 29% of young adult participants had been to hospital in the last 12 months, compared to 8% of Australians aged 15 to 24<sup>4</sup>. Moreover, 52% of those who had been to hospital had had multiple visits, compared to a population figure of 23% for Australians aged 15 to 24<sup>4</sup>.

32% of the young adult cohort said they had experienced some difficulty in getting health services. The most common reason cited was access issues (11%), however 7% said it was because of the attitudes and/or expertise of health professionals.

7% of the young adult cohort said they currently smoked, and this is lower than a 2014-15 population figure for 15 to 24 year olds of 13%<sup>2</sup>.

Regarding education and training, 29% of the cohort said their schooling was (or had been) in a mainstream class. Whilst 60% said they had opportunities to learn new things, 35% said they did not but would like to. 40% said there was a course or training they wanted to do but were unable to do in the last 12 months.

8% said they were currently working in an unpaid job, whilst 17% were working in a paid job. Of those not currently working in a paid job, 59% said they would like one and 41% said they didn't want one.

13% of participants said they currently volunteered, and a further 27% expressed an interest in volunteering. 32% had been involved in a community, cultural or religious group in the last 12 months, with 83% of LF respondents feeling a sense of belonging to the group. Also from the LF, 30% said they had had negative experiences in their community in the past 12 months.

The GSS asks “How safe or unsafe do you feel walking alone in your local area after dark?”, with responses on a five-point scale from “Very safe” to “Very unsafe”. The LF also asks this question, however with an additional response option “I never go out alone”, which was chosen by 71% of respondents. Of those who do go out alone, 38% said they felt safe or very safe whereas 42% said they felt unsafe or very unsafe. From the 2014 GSS, the corresponding figures for 15 to 24 year olds were 59% and 21%.

NDIS participants were also less likely to feel able to have a say within the community on important issues: 15% of participants felt able to have a say all of the time or most of the time, 14% some of the time, and 71% a little of the time or none of the time. From the 2014 GSS, the corresponding figures for 15 to 24 year olds were 20%, 28% and 52%.

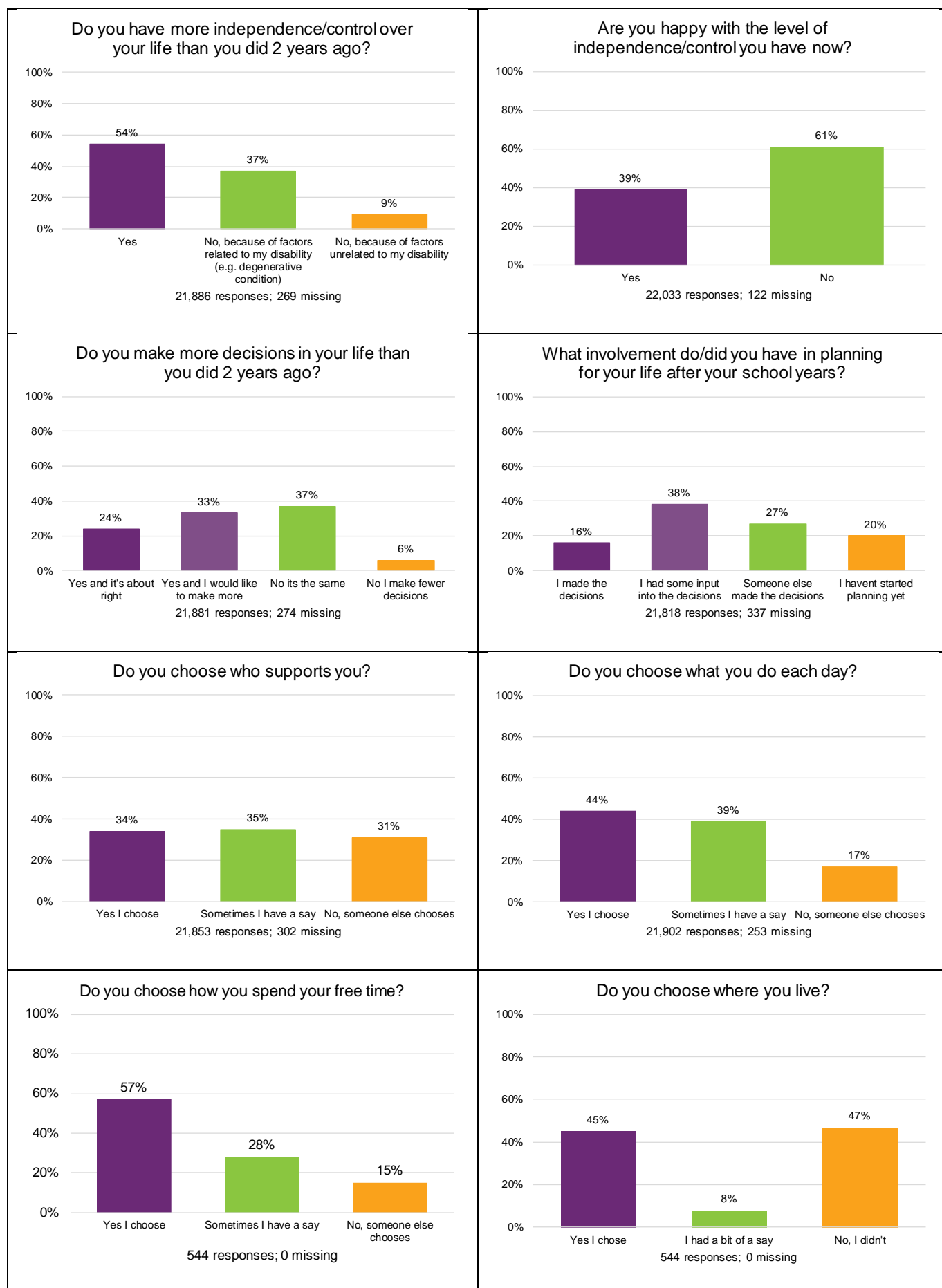
33% of participants felt able to have a say about their support providers either all of the time or most of the time, however 36% were only able to have a say a little of the time or not at all.

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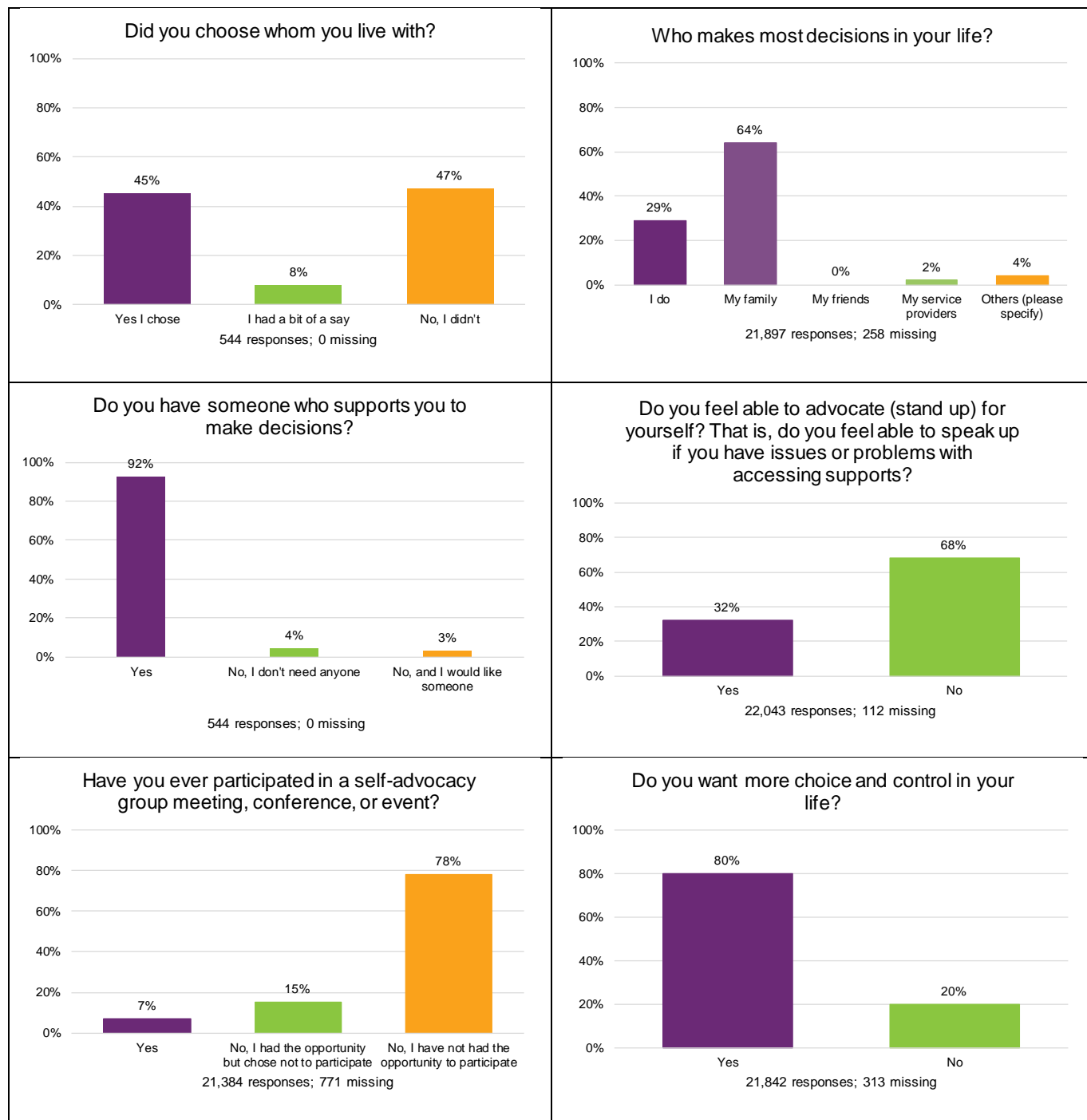
<sup>3</sup> ABS General Social Survey (GSS) 2010. For GSS 2014 the question changed from using seven descriptive categories to a rating on a 0 to 10 scale.

<sup>4</sup> ABS Patient Experience Survey (PES) 2016-17.

## Appendix E.1.1 – Choice and control

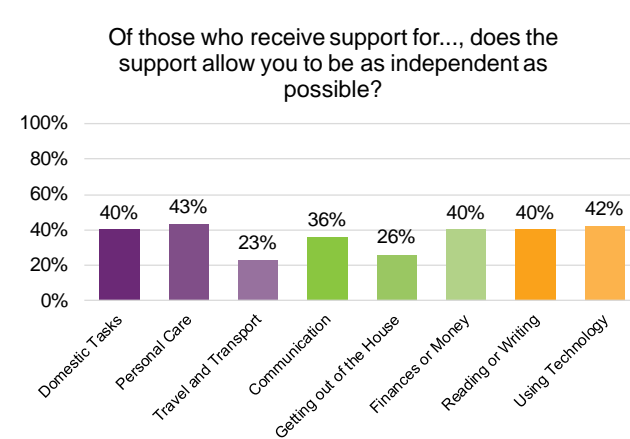
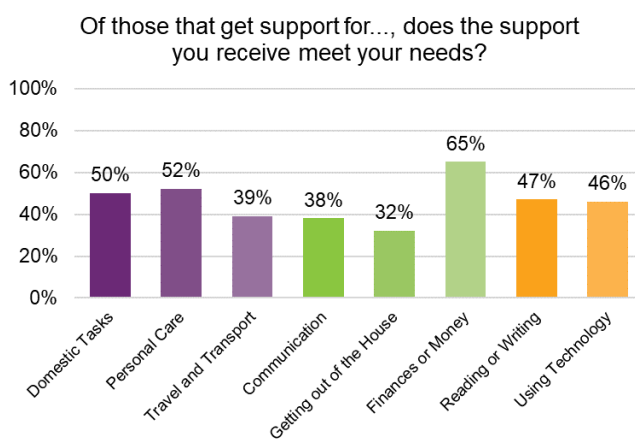
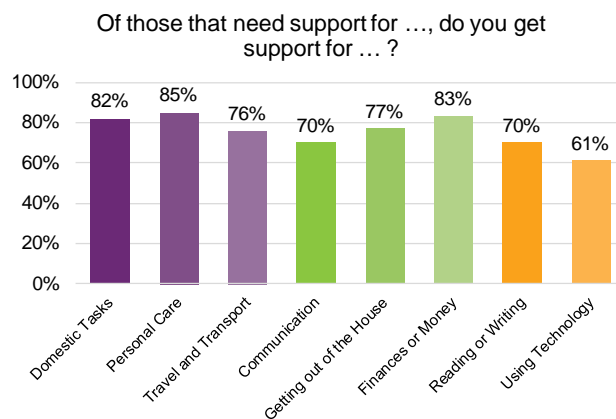
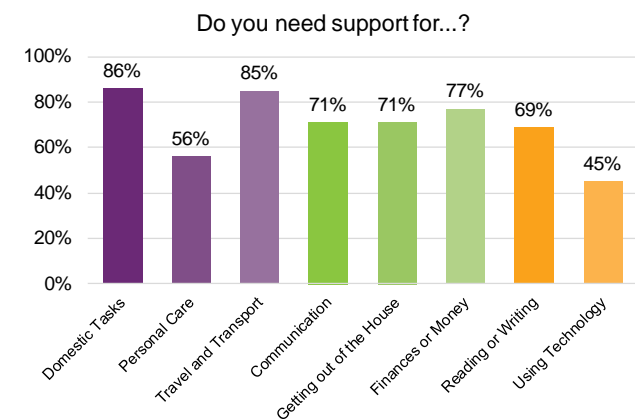


## Appendix E.1.1 – Choice and control (continued)

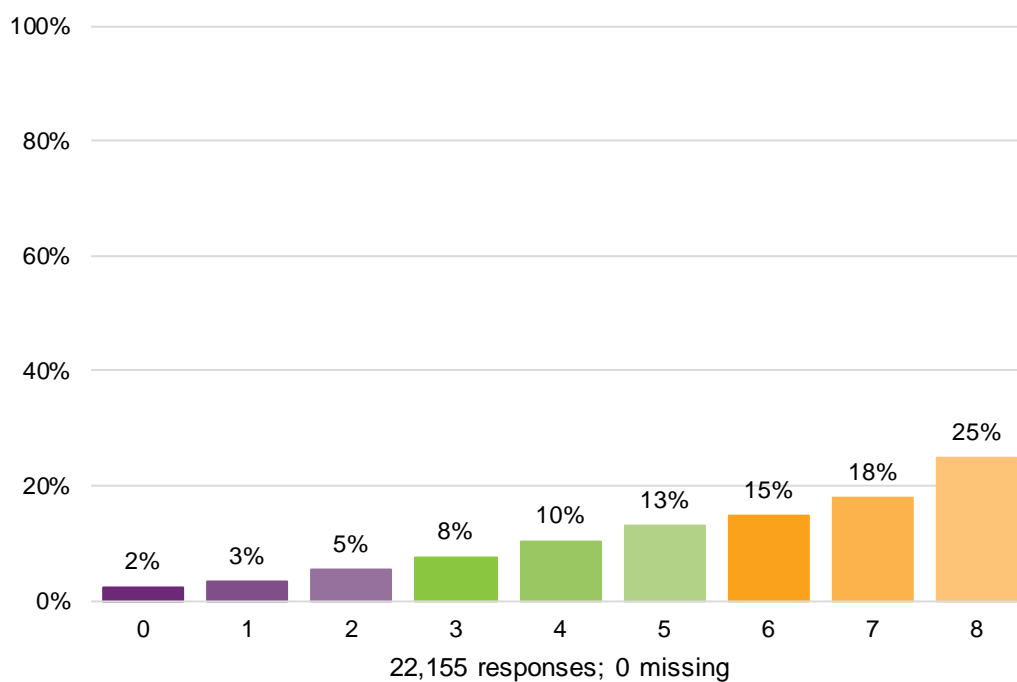




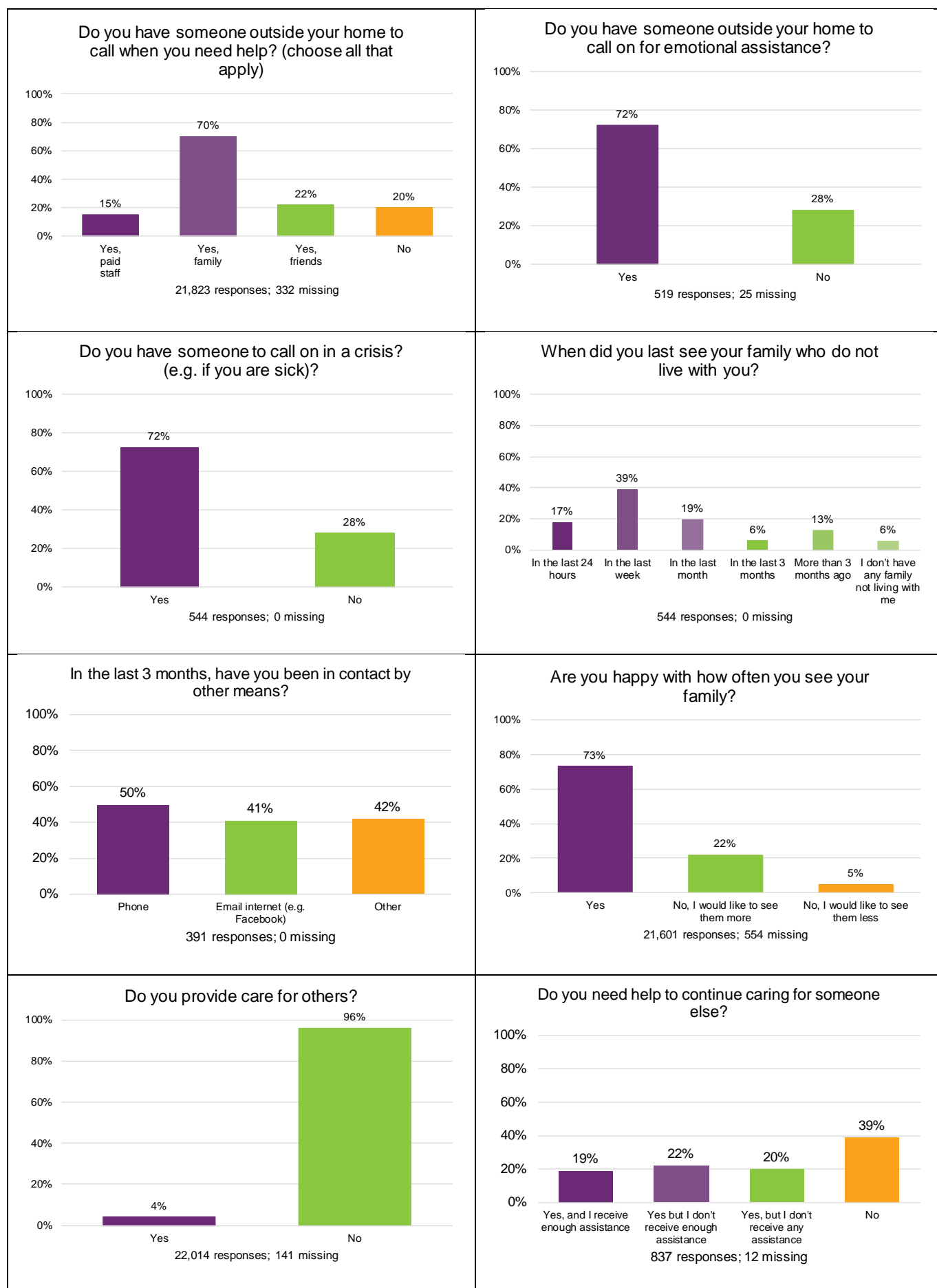
## Appendix E.1.2 – Daily living



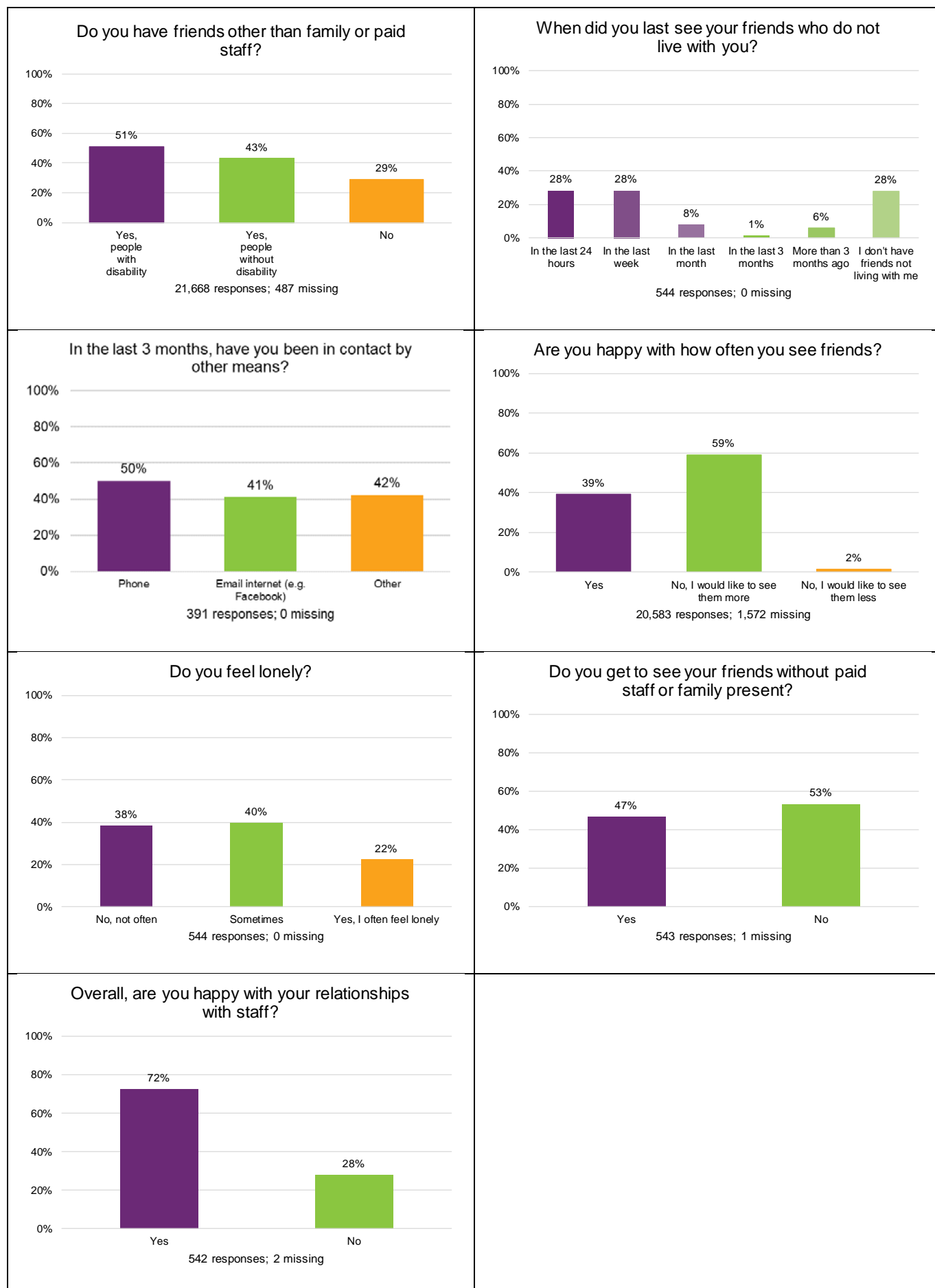
### Number of Areas where support is needed



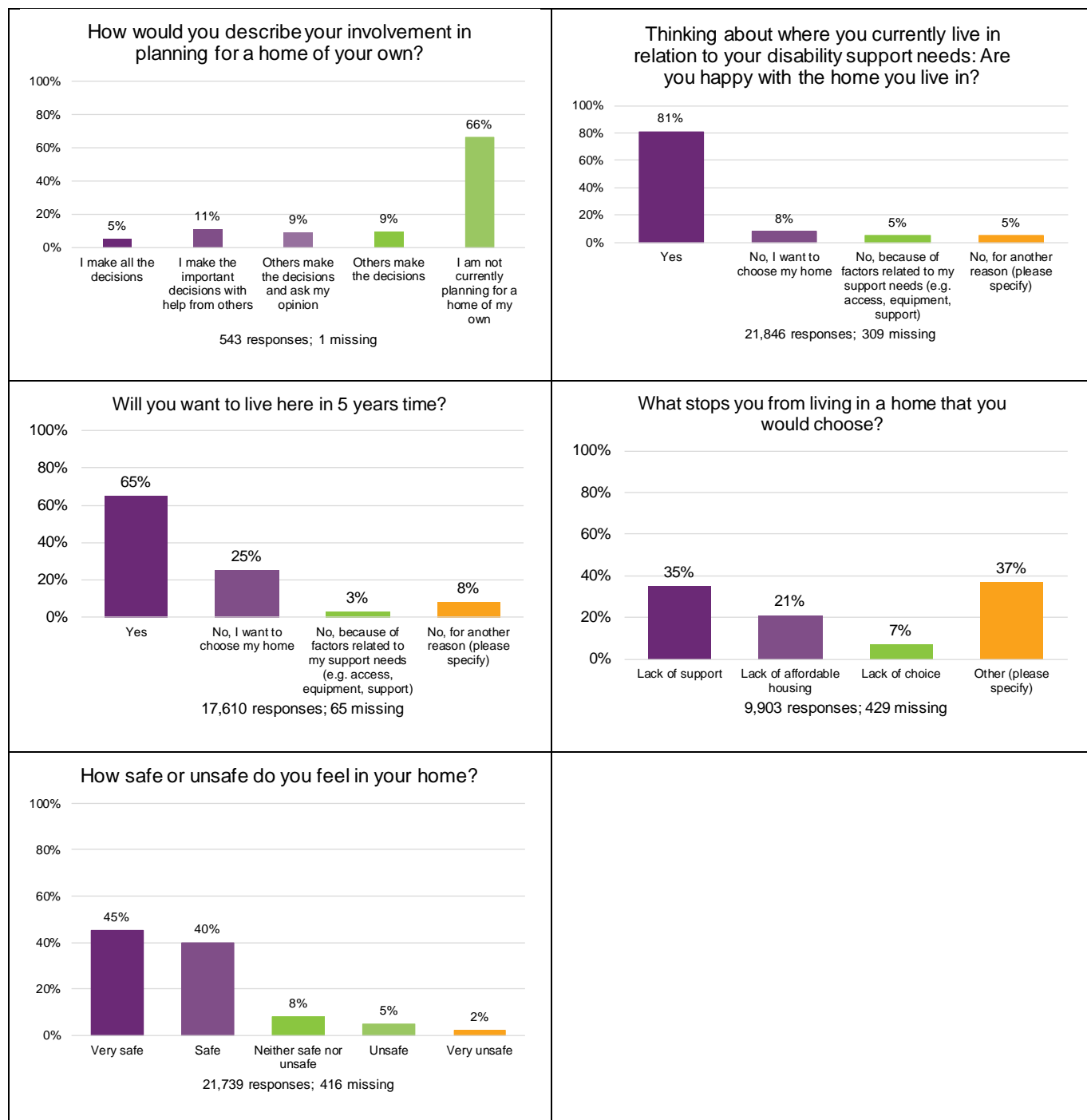
## Appendix E.1.3 – Relationships



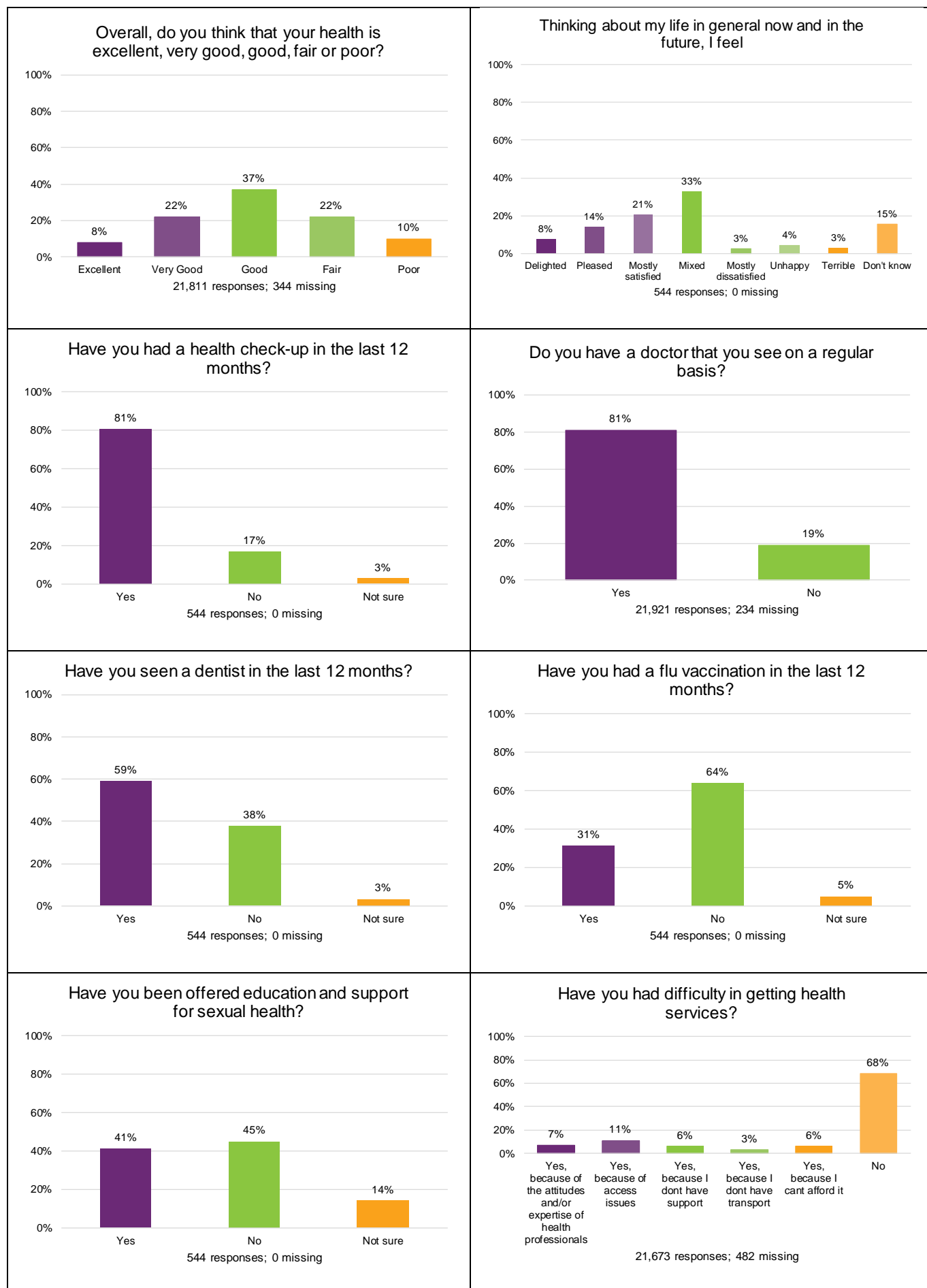
## Appendix E.1.3 – Relationships (continued)



## Appendix E.1.4 – Home



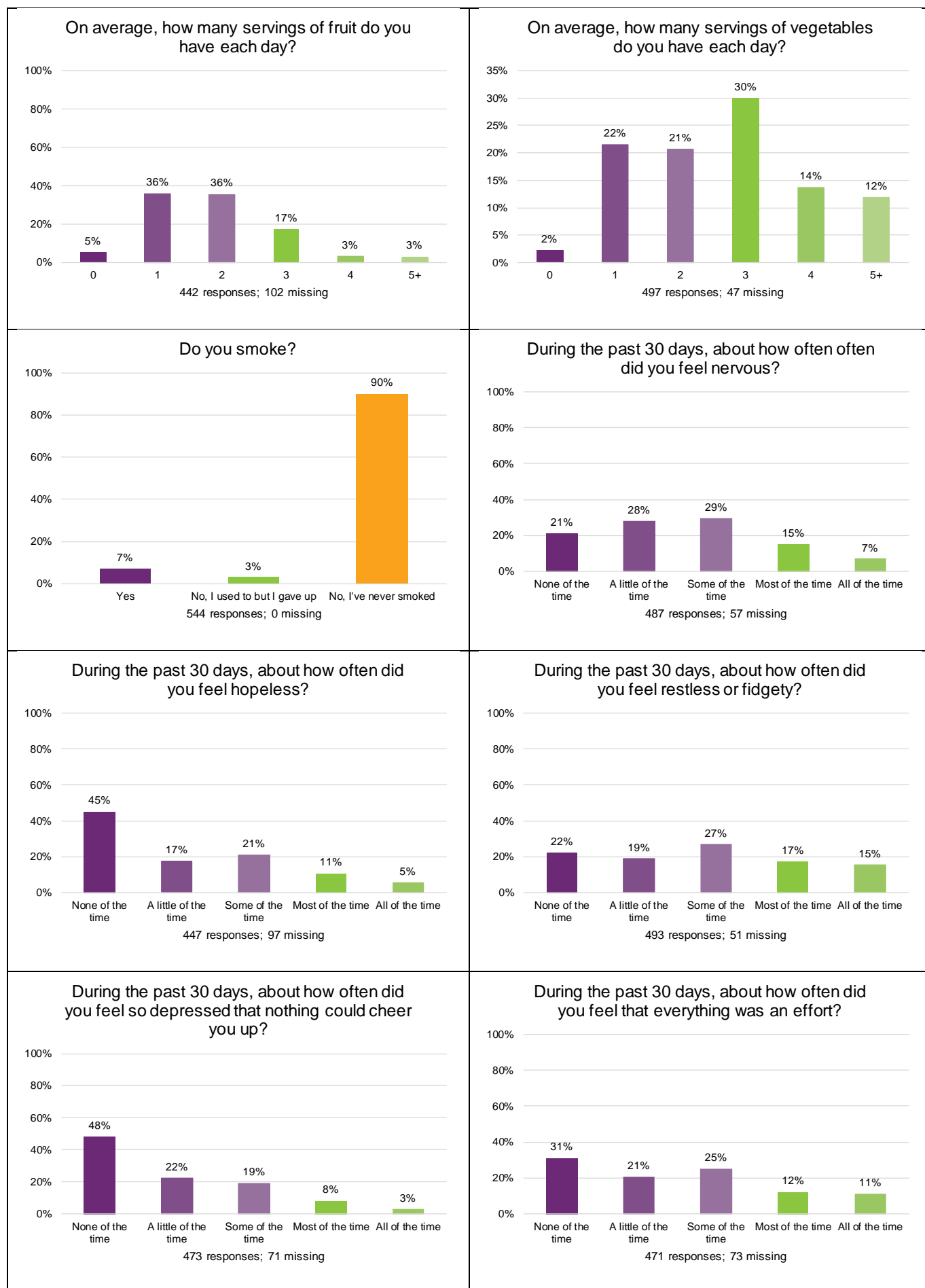
## Appendix E.1.5 – Health and wellbeing



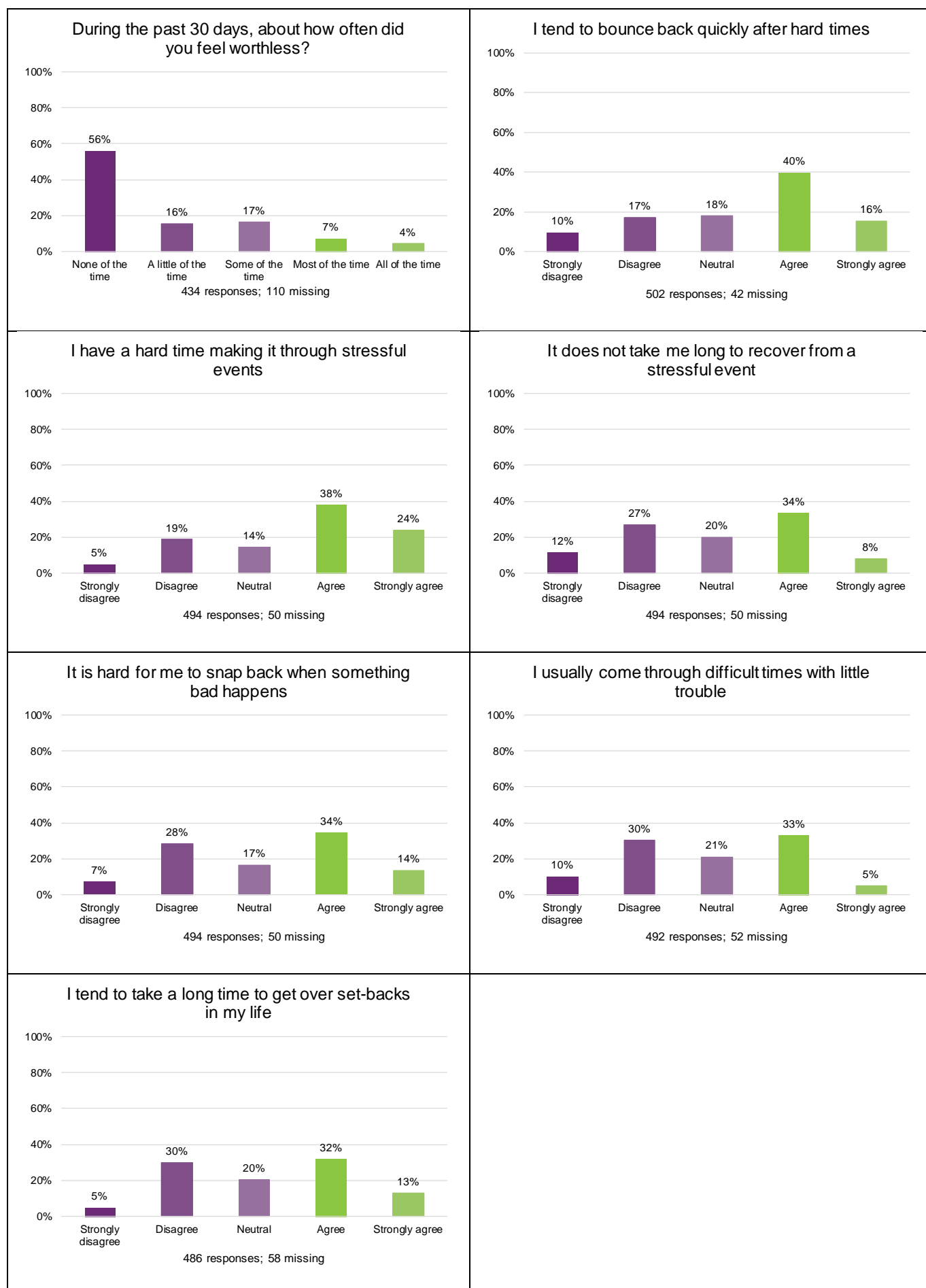
## Appendix E.1.5 – Health and wellbeing (continued)



## Appendix E.1.5 – Health and wellbeing (continued)

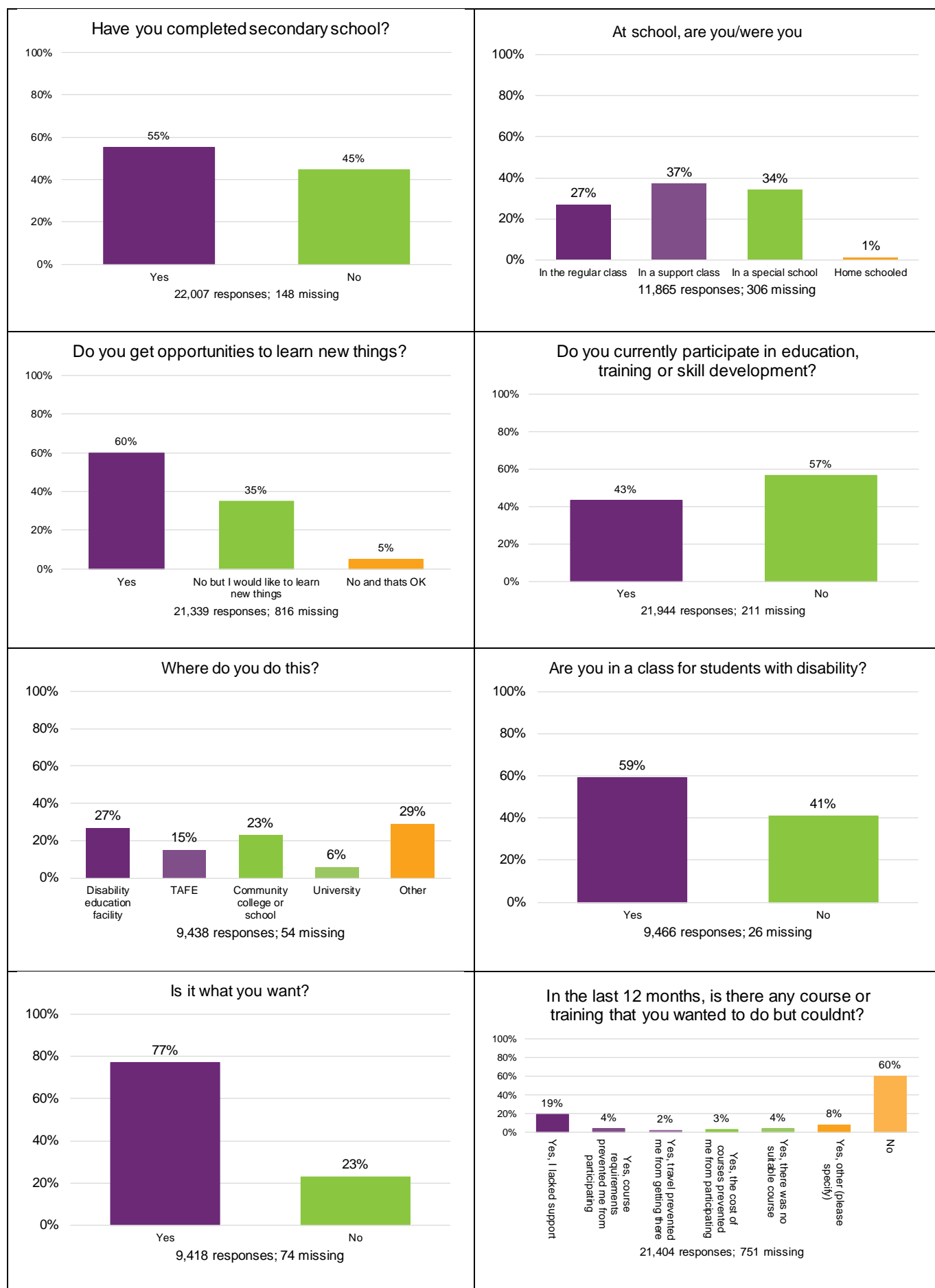


## Appendix E.1.5 – Health and wellbeing (continued)

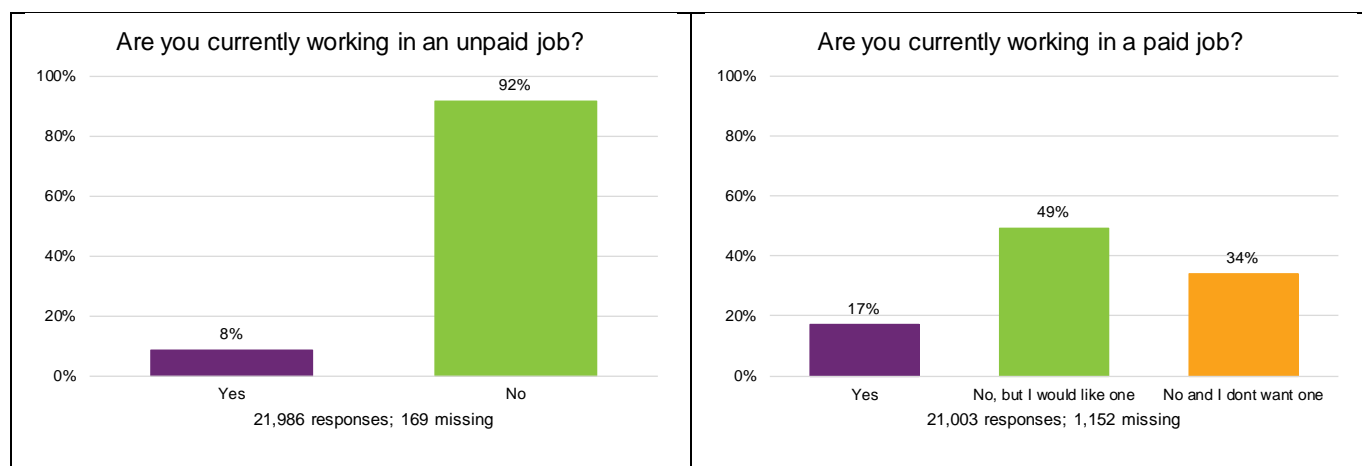




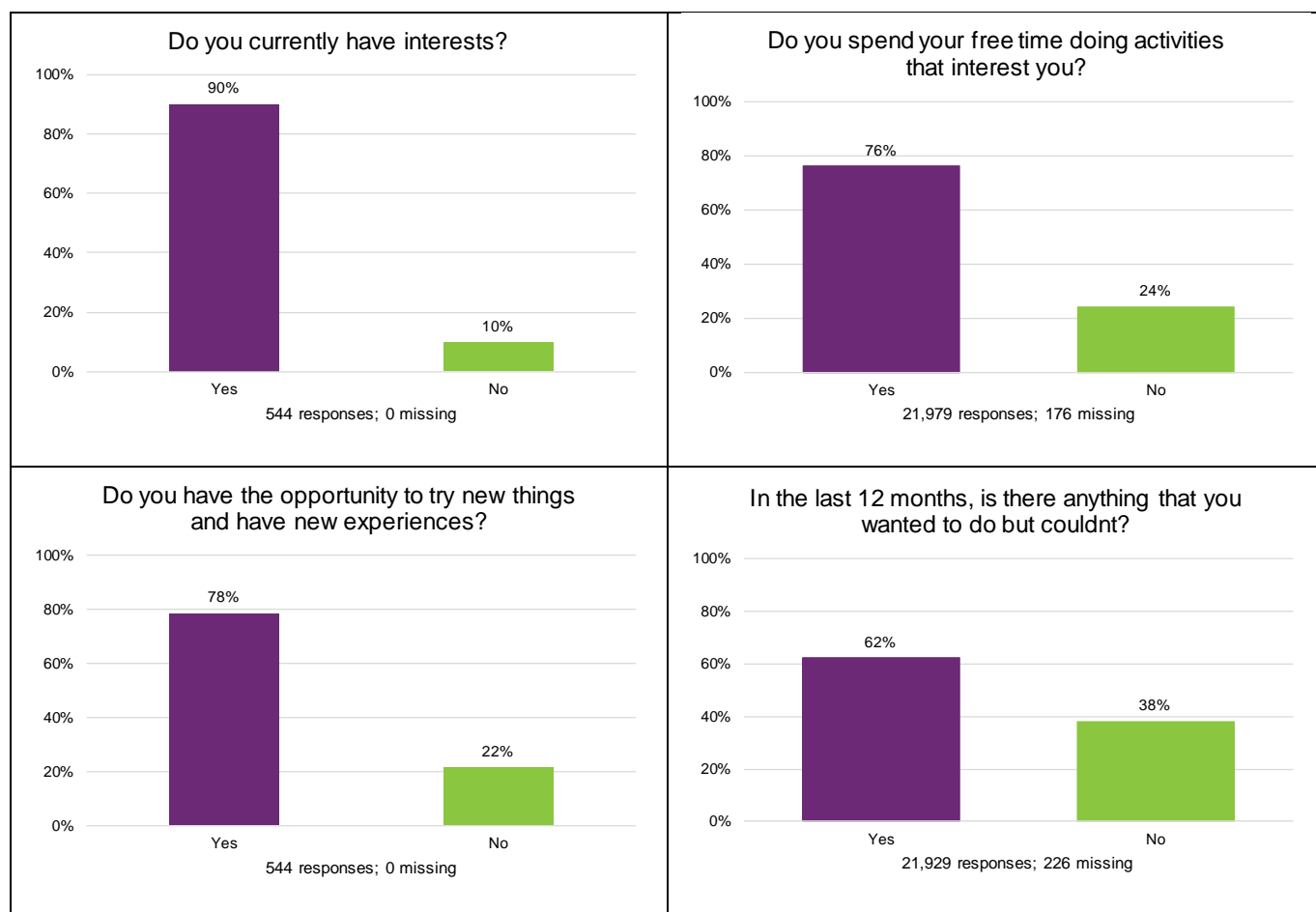
## Appendix E.1.6 – Lifelong learning



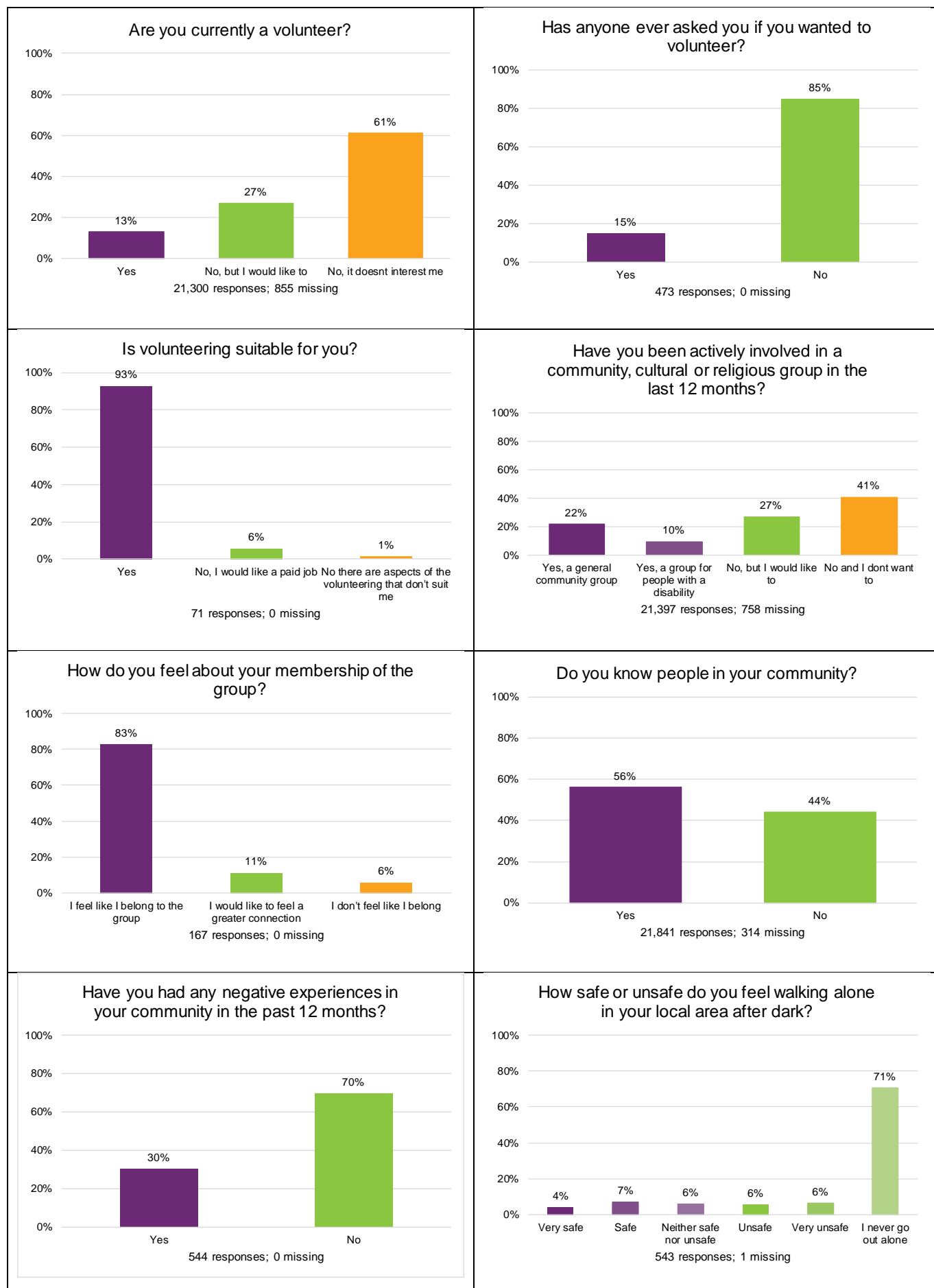
## Appendix E.1.7 – Work



## Appendix E.1.8 – Social, community and civic



## Appendix E.1.8 – Social, community and civic (continued)



## Appendix E.1.8 – Social, community and civic (continued)



## Appendix E.2 - Baseline indicators for SF and LF – participant characteristics

### Summary

Key findings based on one-way analyses are summarised here.

- Baseline outcomes tend to be better for participants with higher level of function, and those with lower cost plans. However the percentage who feel happy about relationships with staff exhibits an increasing trend with plan cost, and is lowest for participants with high level of function. Participants with low level of function/high plan cost are also more likely to want to live in their home in five years' time, and are more likely to have a regular doctor and to have had health check-ups in the previous 12 months.
- Participants from a CALD background exhibit generally lower levels of choice and control, and a higher percentage want more choice and control. Many of the participation indicators are also worse for CALD participants: they are less likely to spend free time doing activities that interest them, to volunteer, to know people in their community, and to have a say with service providers. However they are slightly less likely to be unable to do something they wanted to in the last 12 months, and slightly more likely to be involved in a community group. CALD participants are slightly more likely to be happy with their current home, and more likely to want to stay there in five years' time.
- For most of the choice and control indicators, Indigenous participants achieve slightly better outcomes than non-Indigenous participants. For relationships, Indigenous participants are more likely to want to see their family more often, but less likely to want to see their friends more often. Indigenous participants are more likely to provide care for others (7% compared with 4% for non-Indigenous participants). Although based on smaller numbers in the LF, Indigenous participants were almost twice as likely to say they often felt lonely (40% compared to 21% for non-Indigenous participants,  $p=0.03$ ). Indigenous participants were less likely to be happy with their home or to want to live there in five years' time, and less likely to feel safe or very safe in their home. Health and wellbeing experiences for Indigenous participants also tended to be worse, with poorer self-rated health, and higher proportions experiencing difficulties accessing health services, and having been to hospital in the last year. Based on the LF, Indigenous participants were almost four times as likely to smoke (23% compared to 6% for non-Indigenous participants,  $p=0.003$ ). Indigenous participants were less likely to get opportunities to learn new things or to participate in education, training and skill development, less likely to have a paid job (12% compared to 18% for non-Indigenous participants), and slightly less likely to volunteer (9% compared to 13%). However they were slightly more likely to know people in their community (60% compared to 55%).
- As expected, the level of choice and control tends to increase with age. Some relationship indicators also improve with age, for example the percentage with someone outside their home to call when they need help increases with age, and the percentage with no friends other than family or paid staff decreases. However the percentage who would like to see their family more often increases. Also as expected, the percentage happy with their current home tends to decrease with age. Older participants are slightly less likely to feel safe in their home, however are more likely to feel safe getting out in the community. Although based on small numbers in the LF, overall life satisfaction appears to increase with age for the young adult cohort. There is a sharp drop off in the percentage participating in education, training, or skill development, from 65% for those aged 17 or younger (many of whom are still at school), to 40% for those aged 18 to 21, and 25% for those aged 22 or older. Opportunities to learn new things also become less widespread with age, decreasing from 69% for those aged 17 or younger to 54% for those 22 or older. Many of the participation indicators improve with age.

- Participants with intellectual disability or autism experience lower levels of choice and control, and those with a sensory disability exhibit higher levels. Participants with a psychosocial disability are less likely to be happy with their current level of independence, and more likely to want more choice and control in their life. Participants with a psychosocial disability are also more likely to want to see their family and friends more often, and are more likely to be carers (10% compared to 4% overall). Participants with autism are the most likely to have no friends other than family or paid staff, followed by those with a psychosocial disability. Participants with a psychosocial disability are much less likely to be happy with their current home and to want to live there in five years' time, and are much less likely to feel safe or very safe in their home (70% compared to 85% overall). Feelings of safety in the community are also lower for those with a psychosocial disability (38% compared to 44% overall), as well as for participants with a visual impairment (37%). Self-rated health is much poorer for those with a psychosocial disability, with 41% rating their health as good, very good or excellent compared to 68% overall. Conversely, self-rated health is much better for participants with a sensory disability. Compared to an overall rate of 32%, participants with a psychosocial disability (47%), a physical disability (41%), or cerebral palsy/another neurological disability (41%) are the most likely to have experienced difficulties accessing health services, and those with a sensory or intellectual disability the least likely. Participants with a psychosocial disability also tend to have worse outcomes for lifelong learning, being less likely to have opportunities to learn new things and to participate in education and training, and more likely to have been unable to do a course or training they wanted to do in the last 12 months. Baseline employment levels are lower for participants with cerebral palsy/another neurological disability, a psychosocial disability, or autism. Participants with a visual impairment have higher rates of volunteering (21% compared to 13% overall). Participants with a sensory disability are more likely to participate and to know people in their community, and more likely to feel able to have a say with their service providers. Participation in community is lower for participants with autism or a psychosocial disability, whilst those with autism or an intellectual disability are the least likely to feel able to have a say with their service providers.
- From the LF, 7% of young adult participants smoke, but this varies considerably by disability. Although based on small numbers, 31% of participants with a psychosocial disability smoke, whereas none of the participants with Down syndrome say they smoke.
- Participants living in major cities tend to experience lower levels of choice and control compared to those in regional and remote areas. However they are less likely to want to see their family more, and more likely to be happy with their home and to want to live there in five years' time. They tend to have slightly poorer self-rated health, however participants living in outer regional or more remote areas are less likely to have a regular doctor and more likely to have difficulty accessing health services. Participants in regional and remote areas are much more likely to know people in their community than those living in major cities.
- Self-management is associated with better outcomes in some areas (although this may partly reflect other characteristics of self-managing participants). For example, self-managing participants are more likely to choose who supports them and what they do each day, to be happy with their home and to feel safe there, to attend school in a mainstream class and get opportunities to learn new things, to have a paid job, to volunteer, to participate and know people in their community, and to have a say with service providers.
- Female participants were less likely to rate their health as good, very good, or excellent, more likely to have been to hospital in the past year, and less likely to feel safe getting out in the community.

## Appendix E.2.1 – Choice and control

### Baseline indicators for SF

		% who do not have more independence/c control over their life than they did 2 years ago because of factors unrelated to their disability	% who are happy with the level of independence/c control they have now	% who make more decisions in their life than they did 2 years ago	Of those who started planning for their life after school years, % who independently made the decisions	% who choose who supports them
Overall	22,155	9%	39%	57%	19%	34%
<b>Age Group</b>						
17 or less	6,256	9%	36%	56%	17%	26%
18 to 21	10,272	9%	40%	60%	19%	37%
22 or above	5,627	11%	39%	53%	20%	39%
<b>Disability Type</b>						
Autism	7,692	9%	37%	57%	16%	32%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	2,050	8%	34%	53%	24%	36%
Sensory	496	7%	58%	80%	53%	66%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	9,667	10%	41%	55%	13%	30%
Other	576	9%	34%	50%	39%	43%
Other Physical	395	4%	37%	68%	54%	61%
Psychosocial	855	10%	28%	60%	36%	52%
Visual Impairment	424	6%	37%	74%	57%	63%
<b>Level of function</b>						
High	4,751	8%	49%	74%	34%	51%
Medium	11,349	9%	40%	62%	19%	37%
Low	6,055	10%	28%	34%	8%	17%
<b>State/Territory</b>						
ACT	239	8%	40%	68%	34%	52%
NSW	12,426	9%	38%	58%	19%	34%
NT	100	20%	31%	37%	9%	17%
QLD	2,470	11%	41%	58%	18%	35%
SA	1,656	9%	45%	60%	20%	37%
TAS	457	9%	46%	67%	36%	45%
VIC	4,589	11%	35%	52%	19%	31%
WA	218	9%	49%	60%	30%	34%
<b>Remoteness</b>						
Major City	12,884	9%	36%	55%	19%	32%
Inner Regional	6,856	9%	41%	61%	20%	38%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	2,252	10%	44%	59%	20%	37%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>						
\$15,000 or less	4,125	8%	51%	74%	36%	52%
\$15-30,000	5,425	9%	42%	67%	25%	43%
\$30-50,000	4,969	10%	38%	59%	17%	33%
Over \$50,000	7,636	10%	29%	39%	9%	19%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>						
Indigenous	1,432	13%	40%	58%	22%	36%
Non-Indigenous	20,032	9%	38%	57%	19%	34%
<b>CALD Status</b>						
CALD	1,443	10%	33%	47%	16%	27%
Non-CALD	20,684	9%	39%	58%	19%	35%
<b>Gender</b>						
Female	7,915	9%	38%	57%	21%	36%
Male	14,065	9%	39%	57%	18%	33%
<b>Plan management type</b>						
Agency-managed	14,714	10%	41%	58%	19%	35%
Self-managed	1,407	7%	37%	64%	27%	41%
Plan-managed	3,821	9%	31%	53%	17%	31%
Combination	1,671	8%	32%	51%	21%	31%
<b>Access Type</b>						
Benefit from EI	1,529	9%	39%	65%	29%	41%
Disability Met	20,508	9%	39%	56%	19%	34%
<b>Scheme access</b>						
New	4,570	9%	36%	61%	29%	41%
State	16,891	9%	39%	56%	17%	32%
Commonwealth	694	10%	48%	67%	22%	52%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>						
Capital 5-100%	2,123	9%	35%	55%	31%	38%
Capacity Building 0-25%	8,204	10%	35%	45%	11%	24%
Capacity Building 25-50%	5,277	9%	37%	60%	20%	36%
Capacity Building 50-75%	3,728	9%	42%	67%	23%	42%
Capacity Building 75-100%	2,796	8%	50%	75%	29%	50%

## Appendix E.2.1 – Choice and control

### Baseline indicators for SF (continued)

		% who choose what they do N each day	% who make most decisions in their life	% who feel able to advocate (stand up) for themselves	% who had been given the opportunity to participate in a self-advocacy group meeting, conference, or event	% who want more choice and control in their life
<b>Overall</b>	22,155		44%		29%	32%
<b>Age Group</b>						
17 or less	6,256		32%		16%	29%
18 to 21	10,272		48%		32%	33%
22 or above	5,627		50%		36%	34%
<b>Disability Type</b>						
Autism	7,692		42%		25%	28%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	2,050		42%		30%	39%
Sensory	496		76%		60%	54%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	9,667		39%		23%	29%
Other	576		49%		39%	44%
Other Physical	395		69%		57%	60%
Psychosocial	855		66%		57%	37%
Visual Impairment	424		73%		64%	64%
<b>Level of function</b>						
High	4,751		63%		46%	48%
Medium	11,349		49%		31%	33%
Low	6,055		21%		10%	17%
<b>State/Territory</b>						
ACT	239		61%		43%	40%
NSW	12,426		44%		29%	32%
NT	100		26%		18%	18%
QLD	2,470		48%		28%	35%
SA	1,656		47%		28%	31%
TAS	457		53%		40%	40%
VIC	4,589		38%		25%	29%
WA	218		52%		36%	35%
<b>Remoteness</b>						
Major City	12,884		42%		26%	30%
Inner Regional	6,856		47%		32%	35%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	2,252		46%		30%	34%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>						
\$15,000 or less	4,125		63%		46%	48%
\$15-30,000	5,425		55%		37%	37%
\$30-50,000	4,969		44%		27%	31%
Over \$50,000	7,636		25%		14%	21%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>						
Indigenous	1,432		50%		36%	34%
Non-Indigenous	20,032		44%		28%	32%
<b>CALD Status</b>						
CALD	1,443		34%		21%	26%
Non-CALD	20,684		45%		29%	33%
<b>Gender</b>						
Female	7,915		44%		29%	32%
Male	14,065		44%		28%	32%
<b>Plan management type</b>						
Agency-managed	14,714		46%		30%	33%
Self-managed	1,407		49%		31%	35%
Plan-managed	3,821		39%		24%	27%
Combination	1,671		36%		23%	29%
<b>Access Type</b>						
Benefit from EI	1,529		53%		34%	34%
Disability Met	20,508		43%		28%	32%
<b>Scheme access</b>						
New	4,570		51%		34%	34%
State	16,891		41%		26%	31%
Commonwealth	694		64%		45%	41%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>						
Capital 5-100%	2,123		47%		35%	41%
Capacity Building 0-25%	8,204		30%		17%	24%
Capacity Building 25-50%	5,277		47%		30%	31%
Capacity Building 50-75%	3,728		54%		35%	37%
Capacity Building 75-100%	2,796		63%		46%	44%



## Appendix E.2.1 – Choice and control

### Baseline indicators for LF

		% who choose how they spent their free N time	% who choose where they live	% who choose whom they live with	% who have someone who supports them or don't need anyone to make decision
<b>Overall</b>	544	57%	45%	45%	97%
<b>Age group</b>					
16 or younger	135	53%	30%	31%	96%
17 to 18	93	51%	38%	41%	95%
19 to 21	146	57%	53%	54%	99%
22 to 24	120	64%	57%	53%	96%
25 or older	34	59%	50%	50%	100%
<b>Disability type</b>					
Autism	181	60%	41%	43%	95%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	60	53%	43%	40%	98%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	249	51%	45%	44%	98%
Sensory	<20	na	na	na	na
Other	39	72%	56%	62%	95%
<b>Level of Function</b>					
High	102	75%	61%	63%	98%
Medium	235	64%	51%	50%	97%
Low	147	29%	24%	26%	95%
<b>State/Territory</b>					
ACT/NT	23	78%	61%	61%	91%
NSW	164	62%	46%	43%	99%
QLD	78	54%	44%	46%	96%
SA	184	59%	44%	46%	95%
VIC	95	41%	42%	42%	98%
<b>Remoteness</b>					
Major City	311	59%	43%	45%	96%
Inner Regional	165	53%	47%	46%	97%
Outer Regional/Remote/VeryRemote	64	55%	48%	42%	98%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>					
\$15,000 or less	93	72%	58%	54%	97%
\$15-30,000	143	64%	48%	51%	99%
\$30-40,000	55	75%	51%	51%	91%
\$40-50,000	35	66%	63%	66%	100%
Over \$50,000	185	35%	30%	31%	97%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>					
Indigenous	30	60%	53%	50%	93%
Non-Indigenous	500	57%	44%	45%	97%
<b>CALD Status</b>					
CALD	22	64%	36%	41%	100%
Non-CALD	521	56%	45%	45%	97%
<b>Gender</b>					
Female	177	58%	47%	48%	95%
Male	348	56%	43%	43%	97%
<b>Plan Management Type</b>					
Agency-managed	279	55%	50%	48%	97%
Combination	25	48%	48%	48%	100%
Plan-managed	67	52%	45%	43%	100%
Self-managed	<20	na	na	na	na
<b>Access Type</b>					
Benefit from EI	36	58%	44%	42%	89%
Disability Met	507	57%	45%	46%	97%
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>					
Commonwealth	53	72%	75%	72%	100%
New	80	69%	49%	55%	93%
State	411	53%	40%	40%	97%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>					
Capital 5-100%	56	55%	46%	50%	100%
Capacity Building 0-25%	183	42%	37%	37%	95%
Capacity Building 25-50%	131	61%	40%	40%	96%
Capacity Building 50-75%	75	61%	60%	61%	99%
Capacity Building 75-100%	65	80%	57%	57%	98%

## Appendix E.2.3 – Relationships

### Baseline indicators for SF

		% who have someone outside their home to call when they need N help		% who would like to see their family more often		% who provide care for others		Of those who provide care for others and need help to continue, % who do not receive enough assistance		% who have no friends other than family or paid staff		% who would like to see their friends more often	
Overall	22,155	80%		22%		4%		69%		29%		59%	
<b>Age Group</b>													
17 or less	6,256	77%		20%		2%		76%		32%		59%	
18 to 21	10,272	81%		21%		4%		66%		29%		60%	
22 or above	5,627	81%		26%		5%		69%		27%		57%	
<b>Disability Type</b>													
Autism	7,692	78%		19%		3%		63%		37%		60%	
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	2,050	78%		24%		3%		61%		23%		62%	
Sensory	496	91%		11%		9%		62%		15%		43%	
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	9,667	80%		23%		4%		70%		27%		58%	
Other	576	84%		26%		3%		92%		26%		61%	
Other Physical	395	85%		18%		6%		69%		15%		51%	
Psychosocial	855	85%		31%		10%		82%		36%		62%	
Visual Impairment	424	91%		17%		6%		71%		12%		53%	
<b>Level of function</b>													
High	4,751	88%		18%		6%		61%		19%		49%	
Medium	11,349	83%		22%		4%		71%		27%		60%	
Low	6,055	67%		25%		1%		76%		41%		65%	
<b>State/Territory</b>													
ACT	239	89%		15%		2%		100%		22%		57%	
NSW	12,426	80%		22%		4%		71%		29%		59%	
NT	100	78%		40%		1%		100%		27%		56%	
QLD	2,470	82%		26%		4%		60%		30%		61%	
SA	1,656	79%		18%		3%		48%		28%		51%	
TAS	457	83%		15%		7%		78%		31%		55%	
VIC	4,589	77%		21%		3%		75%		32%		60%	
WA	218	84%		20%		8%		30%		37%		56%	
<b>Remoteness</b>													
Major City	12,884	80%		19%		3%		71%		30%		59%	
Inner Regional	6,856	80%		26%		5%		68%		28%		58%	
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	2,252	81%		24%		5%		65%		30%		60%	
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>													
\$15,000 or less	4,125	88%		16%		6%		66%		20%		47%	
\$15-30,000	5,425	85%		19%		5%		64%		26%		57%	
\$30-50,000	4,969	82%		20%		4%		74%		29%		62%	
Over \$50,000	7,636	71%		28%		2%		76%		37%		65%	
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>													
Indigenous	1,432	80%		30%		7%		67%		30%		56%	
Non-Indigenous	20,032	80%		21%		4%		68%		29%		59%	
<b>CALD Status</b>													
CALD	1,443	73%		16%		3%		82%		41%		59%	
Non-CALD	20,684	80%		22%		4%		68%		29%		59%	
<b>Gender</b>													
Female	7,915	81%		24%		5%		72%		27%		61%	
Male	14,065	79%		21%		3%		65%		31%		58%	
<b>Plan management type</b>													
Agency-managed	14,714	81%		22%		4%		67%		29%		56%	
Self-managed	1,407	82%		18%		3%		50%		30%		62%	
Plan-managed	3,821	75%		26%		3%		79%		33%		68%	
Combination	1,671	76%		21%		3%		74%		30%		64%	
<b>Access Type</b>													
Benefit from EI	1,529	86%		18%		5%		78%		29%		60%	
Disability Met	20,508	80%		22%		4%		68%		29%		59%	
<b>Scheme access</b>													
New	4,570	83%		19%		5%		77%		31%		62%	
State	16,891	79%		23%		4%		66%		29%		59%	
Commonwealth	694	88%		20%		5%		56%		21%		51%	
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>													
Capital 5-100%	2,123	78%		25%		3%		75%		24%		58%	
Capacity Building 0-25%	8,204	74%		24%		2%		69%		37%		61%	
Capacity Building 25-50%	5,277	82%		22%		5%		70%		30%		62%	
Capacity Building 50-75%	3,728	86%		20%		5%		72%		24%		58%	
Capacity Building 75-100%	2,796	89%		17%		6%		59%		19%		50%	

## Appendix E.2.3 – Relationships

### Baseline indicators for LF

		% who have someone outside their home to call on for emotional support			% who have someone to call on in a crisis			% who often feel lonely			% who get to see their friends without paid staff or family present			% who feel happy with their relationship with staff		
Overall	544		72%			72%					22%			47%		72%
<b>Age group</b>																
16 or younger	135		63%			70%					21%			48%		59%
17 to 18	93		69%			69%					25%			42%		78%
19 to 21	146		74%			71%					25%			45%		73%
22 to 24	120		80%			78%					23%			53%		79%
25 or older	34		74%			71%					12%			47%		88%
<b>Disability type</b>																
Autism	181		71%			71%					28%			42%		71%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	60		65%			65%					17%			47%		76%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	249		71%			71%					18%			44%		72%
Sensory	<20		na			na					na			na		na
Other	39		87%			85%					18%			72%		74%
<b>Level of Function</b>																
High	102		82%			86%					20%			70%		69%
Medium	235		77%			73%					24%			49%		77%
Low	147		56%			56%					21%			26%		75%
<b>State/Territory</b>																
ACT/NT	23		74%			74%					30%			74%		65%
NSW	164		75%			74%					24%			45%		76%
QLD	78		60%			65%					19%			41%		71%
SA	184		75%			76%					21%			50%		64%
VIC	95		72%			68%					22%			40%		84%
<b>Remoteness</b>																
Major City	311		71%			71%					22%			49%		67%
Inner Regional	165		74%			71%					24%			41%		80%
Outer Regional/Remote/VeryRemote	64		75%			81%					17%			52%		76%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>																
\$15,000 or less	93		73%			84%					17%			66%		65%
\$15-30,000	143		80%			80%					27%			59%		66%
\$30-40,000	55		73%			71%					29%			49%		73%
\$40-50,000	35		87%			80%					20%			40%		77%
Over \$50,000	185		60%			58%					21%			27%		81%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>																
Indigenous	30		78%			83%					40%			47%		70%
Non-Indigenous	500		72%			71%					21%			46%		73%
<b>CALD Status</b>																
CALD	22		62%			59%					9%			50%		77%
Non-CALD	521		72%			73%					22%			46%		72%
<b>Gender</b>																
Female	177		73%			73%					24%			50%		75%
Male	348		71%			72%					22%			44%		73%
<b>Plan Management Type</b>																
Agency-managed	279		72%			68%					22%			44%		74%
Combination	25		65%			60%					12%			24%		96%
Plan-managed	67		73%			70%					31%			42%		84%
Self-managed	<20		na			na					na			na		na
<b>Access Type</b>																
Benefit from EI	36		80%			81%					22%			72%		61%
Disability Met	507		71%			72%					22%			45%		73%
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>																
Commonwealth	53		88%			83%					17%			62%		77%
New	80		76%			84%					29%			64%		57%
State	411		69%			69%					21%			41%		75%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>																
Capital 5-100%	56		64%			63%					21%			39%		82%
Capacity Building 0-25%	183		64%			62%					21%			32%		76%
Capacity Building 25-50%	131		77%			76%					27%			45%		73%
Capacity Building 50-75%	75		79%			84%					21%			69%		73%
Capacity Building 75-100%	65		76%			82%					20%			69%		55%

## Appendix E.2.4 – Home

### Baseline indicators for SF

		% who are happy with the home they live N in	Of those who are happy with their current home, % who would like to live there in 5 years time	Of those who are not happy with their current home or would like to move somewhere else in 5 years time, % who feel lack of support	% who feel safe or very safe in their home
<b>Overall</b>	22,155	81%	65%	35%	85%
<b>Age Group</b>					
17 or less	6,256	86%	69%	28%	87%
18 to 21	10,272	81%	62%	36%	86%
22 or above	5,627	76%	65%	37%	83%
<b>Disability Type</b>					
Autism	7,692	84%	66%	35%	87%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	2,050	74%	69%	34%	84%
Sensory	496	87%	59%	15%	82%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	9,667	82%	66%	36%	87%
Other	576	73%	66%	36%	78%
Other Physical	395	71%	57%	24%	83%
Psychosocial	855	62%	52%	33%	70%
Visual Impairment	424	79%	52%	24%	85%
<b>Level of function</b>					
High	4,751	84%	58%	26%	88%
Medium	11,349	81%	63%	35%	87%
Low	6,055	78%	75%	42%	81%
<b>State/Territory</b>					
ACT	239	77%	60%	26%	83%
NSW	12,426	82%	66%	35%	86%
NT	100	67%	60%	16%	73%
QLD	2,470	79%	59%	37%	84%
SA	1,656	85%	67%	29%	88%
TAS	457	78%	58%	35%	85%
VIC	4,589	79%	67%	36%	84%
WA	218	82%	56%	25%	86%
<b>Remoteness</b>					
Major City	12,884	83%	69%	34%	86%
Inner Regional	6,856	78%	59%	34%	84%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	2,252	79%	60%	38%	85%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>					
\$15,000 or less	4,125	86%	60%	23%	90%
\$15-30,000	5,425	84%	62%	31%	88%
\$30-50,000	4,969	83%	65%	37%	87%
Over \$50,000	7,636	75%	71%	42%	80%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>					
Indigenous	1,432	71%	65%	35%	80%
Non-Indigenous	20,032	82%	60%	35%	86%
<b>CALD Status</b>					
CALD	1,443	83%	75%	37%	86%
Non-CALD	20,684	81%	64%	34%	85%
<b>Gender</b>					
Female	7,915	80%	65%	34%	83%
Male	14,065	81%	65%	35%	87%
<b>Plan management type</b>					
Agency-managed	14,714	81%	66%	34%	86%
Self-managed	1,407	87%	64%	31%	90%
Plan-managed	3,821	77%	63%	39%	83%
Combination	1,671	81%	66%	35%	85%
<b>Access Type</b>					
Benefit from EI	1,529	84%	61%	29%	86%
Disability Met	20,508	81%	65%	35%	85%
<b>Scheme access</b>					
New	4,570	82%	62%	31%	85%
State	16,891	81%	66%	35%	85%
Commonwealth	694	81%	65%	37%	87%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>					
Capital 5-100%	2,123	73%	68%	29%	81%
Capacity Building 0-25%	8,204	82%	71%	39%	84%
Capacity Building 25-50%	5,277	80%	63%	36%	85%
Capacity Building 50-75%	3,728	82%	59%	33%	87%
Capacity Building 75-100%	2,796	84%	57%	29%	90%

## Appendix E.2.4 – Home

### Baseline indicators for LF

	% who make decisions in planning for a home of their own with or without the help of N others	
<b>Overall</b>	544	5%
<b>Age group</b>		
16 or younger	135	1%
17 to 18	93	3%
19 to 21	146	5%
22 to 24	120	9%
25 or older	34	6%
<b>Disability type</b>		
Autism	181	6%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	60	2%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	249	5%
Sensory	<20	na
Other	39	5%
<b>Level of Function</b>		
High	102	10%
Medium	235	6%
Low	147	1%
<b>State/Territory</b>		
ACT/NT	23	4%
NSW	164	4%
QLD	78	4%
SA	184	8%
VIC	95	1%
<b>Remoteness</b>		
Major City	311	4%
Inner Regional	165	5%
Outer Regional/Remote/VeryRemote	64	6%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>		
\$15,000 or less	93	10%
\$15-30,000	143	7%
\$30-40,000	55	5%
\$40-50,000	35	0%
Over \$50,000	185	2%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>		
Indigenous	30	0%
Non-Indigenous	500	5%
<b>CALD Status</b>		
CALD	22	5%
Non-CALD	521	5%
<b>Gender</b>		
Female	177	4%
Male	348	5%
<b>Plan Management Type</b>		
Agency-managed	279	5%
Combination	25	8%
Plan-managed	67	4%
Self-managed	<20	na
<b>Access Type</b>		
Benefit from EI	36	6%
Disability Met	507	5%
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>		
Commonwealth	53	8%
New	80	4%
State	411	5%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>		
Capital 5-100%	56	2%
Capacity Building 0-25%	183	3%
Capacity Building 25-50%	131	8%
Capacity Building 50-75%	75	5%
Capacity Building 75-100%	65	6%

## Appendix E.2.5 – Health and wellbeing

### Baseline indicators for SF

		% who rate their health as excellent, very good or good	% who have a doctor they see on a regular basis	% who did not have any difficulties accessing health services	% who have been to the hospital in the last 12 months	% who feel safe getting out and about in their community
<b>Overall</b>	22,155	68%	81%	68%	29%	44%
<b>Age Group</b>						
17 or less	6,256	71%	82%	68%	29%	41%
18 to 21	10,272	68%	79%	68%	28%	45%
22 or above	5,627	65%	83%	67%	30%	46%
<b>Disability Type</b>						
Autism	7,692	71%	79%	67%	22%	42%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	2,050	58%	86%	59%	43%	48%
Sensory	496	86%	75%	75%	24%	60%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	9,667	71%	81%	72%	27%	44%
Other	576	55%	86%	62%	54%	46%
Other Physical	395	49%	87%	59%	54%	55%
Psychosocial	855	41%	82%	53%	50%	38%
Visual Impairment	424	75%	82%	74%	25%	37%
<b>Level of function</b>						
High	4,751	78%	76%	76%	23%	56%
Medium	11,349	70%	80%	70%	26%	45%
Low	6,055	56%	86%	58%	38%	32%
<b>State/Territory</b>						
ACT	239	63%	80%	73%	37%	45%
NSW	12,426	68%	81%	66%	27%	44%
NT	100	62%	89%	41%	36%	47%
QLD	2,470	67%	81%	66%	30%	44%
SA	1,656	72%	75%	76%	30%	47%
TAS	457	73%	76%	75%	23%	49%
VIC	4,589	67%	84%	71%	31%	43%
WA	218	68%	72%	72%	30%	43%
<b>Remoteness</b>						
Major City	12,884	67%	81%	70%	29%	43%
Inner Regional	6,856	69%	82%	66%	28%	45%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	2,252	71%	77%	62%	29%	48%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>						
\$15,000 or less	4,125	77%	77%	75%	23%	59%
\$15-30,000	5,425	73%	78%	72%	24%	48%
\$30-50,000	4,969	70%	80%	69%	26%	43%
Over \$50,000	7,636	59%	85%	61%	37%	34%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>						
Indigenous	1,432	65%	80%	61%	34%	44%
Non-Indigenous	20,032	68%	81%	68%	28%	44%
<b>CALD Status</b>						
CALD	1,443	66%	83%	67%	28%	42%
Non-CALD	20,684	68%	81%	68%	29%	44%
<b>Gender</b>						
Female	7,915	64%	84%	66%	33%	41%
Male	14,065	71%	79%	69%	26%	46%
<b>Plan management type</b>						
Agency-managed	14,714	70%	80%	70%	28%	45%
Self-managed	1,407	72%	83%	66%	26%	46%
Plan-managed	3,821	62%	84%	60%	31%	39%
Combination	1,671	63%	85%	64%	34%	39%
<b>Access Type</b>						
Benefit from EI	1,529	69%	80%	70%	25%	46%
Disability Met	20,508	68%	81%	68%	29%	44%
<b>Scheme access</b>						
New	4,570	68%	82%	69%	26%	42%
State	16,891	68%	81%	67%	30%	44%
Commonwealth	694	74%	80%	75%	22%	52%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>						
Capital 5-100%	2,123	59%	87%	62%	42%	46%
Capacity Building 0-25%	8,204	64%	83%	65%	31%	38%
Capacity Building 25-50%	5,277	69%	80%	69%	26%	43%
Capacity Building 50-75%	3,728	74%	79%	71%	23%	47%
Capacity Building 75-100%	2,796	78%	77%	76%	24%	59%

## Appendix E.2.5 – Health and wellbeing

### Baseline indicators for LF

		% who feel delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied when thinking about their life in general and in the future.		% who had a health check in the last 12 months		% who have seen a dentist in the last 12 months		% who have been subjected to restrictive practices		% who smoke	
Overall	544		42%		81%		59%		11%		7%
<b>Age group</b>											
16 or younger	135		38%		85%		75%		7%		1%
17 to 18	93		42%		76%		63%		12%		6%
19 to 21	146		35%		82%		48%		13%		10%
22 to 24	120		49%		78%		54%		12%		10%
25 or older	34		68%		79%		56%		12%		9%
<b>Disability type</b>											
Autism	181		43%		76%		62%		12%		6%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	60		43%		88%		53%		5%		3%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	249		43%		81%		58%		10%		8%
Sensory	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Other	39		28%		90%		64%		18%		18%
<b>Level of Function</b>											
High	102		41%		75%		56%		4%		9%
Medium	235		43%		78%		54%		11%		9%
Low	147		40%		87%		65%		18%		4%
<b>State/Territory</b>											
ACT/NT	23		22%		78%		48%		9%		4%
NSW	164		43%		85%		62%		13%		12%
QLD	78		51%		83%		65%		10%		1%
SA	184		45%		74%		54%		9%		7%
VIC	95		34%		84%		60%		11%		4%
<b>Remoteness</b>											
Major City	311		40%		78%		58%		11%		8%
Inner Regional	165		45%		82%		62%		12%		7%
Outer Regional/Remote/Very Remote	64		47%		88%		58%		6%		5%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>											
\$15,000 or less	93		41%		75%		63%		6%		9%
\$15-30,000	143		38%		74%		58%		6%		3%
\$30-40,000	55		49%		80%		65%		7%		9%
\$40-50,000	35		51%		83%		43%		9%		11%
Over \$50,000	185		42%		89%		62%		18%		7%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>											
Indigenous	30		37%		90%		63%		13%		23%
Non-Indigenous	500		42%		80%		58%		11%		6%
<b>CALD Status</b>											
CALD	22		41%		77%		59%		0%		5%
Non-CALD	521		42%		81%		59%		11%		7%
<b>Gender</b>											
Female	177		42%		83%		67%		11%		7%
Male	348		42%		80%		56%		11%		6%
<b>Plan Management Type</b>											
Agency-managed	279		41%		78%		56%		12%		9%
Combination	25		48%		84%		60%		20%		8%
Plan-managed	67		40%		90%		57%		12%		10%
Self-managed	<20		na		na		na		na		na
<b>Access Type</b>											
Benefit from EI	36		47%		72%		72%		0%		3%
Disability Met	507		42%		81%		58%		11%		7%
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>											
Commonwealth	53		43%		75%		45%		4%		8%
New	80		38%		81%		63%		6%		4%
State	411		43%		81%		60%		12%		8%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>											
Capital 5-100%	56		45%		93%		71%		11%		2%
Capacity Building 0-25%	183		43%		81%		60%		15%		6%
Capacity Building 25-50%	131		44%		83%		59%		11%		10%
Capacity Building 50-75%	75		47%		80%		48%		7%		4%
Capacity Building 75-100%	65		29%		68%		69%		3%		9%

## Appendix E.2.6 – Lifelong learning

### Baseline indicators for SF

		% who completed N secondary school	% who currently attend or previously attended school in a mainstream class	% who get opportunities to learn new things	% who currently participate in education, training or skill development	Of those who currently participate in education, training or skill development, % who do so in a disability education facility	
Overall	22,155	<div><div></div></div>	55% <div><div></div></div>	29% <div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	43% <div><div></div></div>	27%
Age Group							
17 or less	6,256	<div><div></div></div>	10% <div><div></div></div>	33% <div><div></div></div>	69% <div><div></div></div>	65% <div><div></div></div>	26%
18 to 21	10,272	<div><div></div></div>	71% <div><div></div></div>	27% <div><div></div></div>	57% <div><div></div></div>	40% <div><div></div></div>	28%
22 or above	5,627	<div><div></div></div>	76% <div><div></div></div>	27% <div><div></div></div>	54% <div><div></div></div>	25% <div><div></div></div>	26%
Disability Type							
Autism	7,692	<div><div></div></div>	50% <div><div></div></div>	33% <div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	46% <div><div></div></div>	23%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	2,050	<div><div></div></div>	57% <div><div></div></div>	37% <div><div></div></div>	61% <div><div></div></div>	43% <div><div></div></div>	27%
Sensory	496	<div><div></div></div>	56% <div><div></div></div>	66% <div><div></div></div>	73% <div><div></div></div>	57% <div><div></div></div>	6%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	9,667	<div><div></div></div>	58% <div><div></div></div>	14% <div><div></div></div>	59% <div><div></div></div>	41% <div><div></div></div>	35%
Other	576	<div><div></div></div>	58% <div><div></div></div>	54% <div><div></div></div>	55% <div><div></div></div>	37% <div><div></div></div>	13%
Other Physical	395	<div><div></div></div>	61% <div><div></div></div>	71% <div><div></div></div>	65% <div><div></div></div>	50% <div><div></div></div>	8%
Psychosocial	855	<div><div></div></div>	54% <div><div></div></div>	61% <div><div></div></div>	46% <div><div></div></div>	27% <div><div></div></div>	12%
Visual Impairment	424	<div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	77% <div><div></div></div>	71% <div><div></div></div>	56% <div><div></div></div>	5%
Level of function							
High	4,751	<div><div></div></div>	54% <div><div></div></div>	47% <div><div></div></div>	65% <div><div></div></div>	49% <div><div></div></div>	15%
Medium	11,349	<div><div></div></div>	59% <div><div></div></div>	28% <div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	43% <div><div></div></div>	25%
Low	6,055	<div><div></div></div>	49% <div><div></div></div>	14% <div><div></div></div>	54% <div><div></div></div>	39% <div><div></div></div>	42%
State/Territory							
ACT	239	<div><div></div></div>	57% <div><div></div></div>	59% <div><div></div></div>	64% <div><div></div></div>	42% <div><div></div></div>	4%
NSW	12,426	<div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	28% <div><div></div></div>	59% <div><div></div></div>	42% <div><div></div></div>	23%
NT	100	<div><div></div></div>	34% <div><div></div></div>	23% <div><div></div></div>	42% <div><div></div></div>	26% <div><div></div></div>	23%
QLD	2,470	<div><div></div></div>	61% <div><div></div></div>	25% <div><div></div></div>	55% <div><div></div></div>	34% <div><div></div></div>	26%
SA	1,656	<div><div></div></div>	43% <div><div></div></div>	31% <div><div></div></div>	66% <div><div></div></div>	43% <div><div></div></div>	20%
TAS	457	<div><div></div></div>	41% <div><div></div></div>	65% <div><div></div></div>	69% <div><div></div></div>	61% <div><div></div></div>	10%
VIC	4,589	<div><div></div></div>	47% <div><div></div></div>	25% <div><div></div></div>	62% <div><div></div></div>	52% <div><div></div></div>	41%
WA	218	<div><div></div></div>	53% <div><div></div></div>	40% <div><div></div></div>	56% <div><div></div></div>	42% <div><div></div></div>	10%
Remoteness							
Major City	12,884	<div><div></div></div>	55% <div><div></div></div>	27% <div><div></div></div>	59% <div><div></div></div>	44% <div><div></div></div>	28%
Inner Regional	6,856	<div><div></div></div>	55% <div><div></div></div>	30% <div><div></div></div>	61% <div><div></div></div>	44% <div><div></div></div>	26%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	2,252	<div><div></div></div>	56% <div><div></div></div>	33% <div><div></div></div>	57% <div><div></div></div>	40% <div><div></div></div>	20%
Annualised cost of baseline plan							
\$15,000 or less	4,125	<div><div></div></div>	49% <div><div></div></div>	50% <div><div></div></div>	68% <div><div></div></div>	51% <div><div></div></div>	12%
\$15-30,000	5,425	<div><div></div></div>	52% <div><div></div></div>	36% <div><div></div></div>	61% <div><div></div></div>	47% <div><div></div></div>	20%
\$30-50,000	4,969	<div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	24% <div><div></div></div>	58% <div><div></div></div>	44% <div><div></div></div>	30%
Over \$50,000	7,636	<div><div></div></div>	58% <div><div></div></div>	14% <div><div></div></div>	55% <div><div></div></div>	36% <div><div></div></div>	42%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status							
Indigenous	1,432	<div><div></div></div>	48% <div><div></div></div>	27% <div><div></div></div>	50% <div><div></div></div>	35% <div><div></div></div>	26%
Non-Indigenous	20,032	<div><div></div></div>	56% <div><div></div></div>	28% <div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	44% <div><div></div></div>	27%
CALD Status							
CALD	1,443	<div><div></div></div>	53% <div><div></div></div>	25% <div><div></div></div>	54% <div><div></div></div>	42% <div><div></div></div>	27%
Non-CALD	20,684	<div><div></div></div>	55% <div><div></div></div>	29% <div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	43% <div><div></div></div>	27%
Gender							
Female	7,915	<div><div></div></div>	57% <div><div></div></div>	29% <div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	44% <div><div></div></div>	26%
Male	14,065	<div><div></div></div>	54% <div><div></div></div>	28% <div><div></div></div>	59% <div><div></div></div>	43% <div><div></div></div>	27%
Plan management type							
Agency-managed	14,714	<div><div></div></div>	57% <div><div></div></div>	26% <div><div></div></div>	59% <div><div></div></div>	40% <div><div></div></div>	28%
Self-managed	1,407	<div><div></div></div>	51% <div><div></div></div>	48% <div><div></div></div>	68% <div><div></div></div>	54% <div><div></div></div>	16%
Plan-managed	3,821	<div><div></div></div>	55% <div><div></div></div>	28% <div><div></div></div>	57% <div><div></div></div>	46% <div><div></div></div>	27%
Combination	1,671	<div><div></div></div>	50% <div><div></div></div>	30% <div><div></div></div>	63% <div><div></div></div>	51% <div><div></div></div>	31%
Access Type							
Benefit from EI	1,529	<div><div></div></div>	39% <div><div></div></div>	53% <div><div></div></div>	61% <div><div></div></div>	55% <div><div></div></div>	10%
Disability Met	20,508	<div><div></div></div>	57% <div><div></div></div>	27% <div><div></div></div>	59% <div><div></div></div>	42% <div><div></div></div>	28%
Scheme access							
New	4,570	<div><div></div></div>	42% <div><div></div></div>	50% <div><div></div></div>	58% <div><div></div></div>	50% <div><div></div></div>	10%
State	16,891	<div><div></div></div>	58% <div><div></div></div>	23% <div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	43% <div><div></div></div>	32%
Commonwealth	694	<div><div></div></div>	78% <div><div></div></div>	24% <div><div></div></div>	51% <div><div></div></div>	17% <div><div></div></div>	24%
Plan cost allocation							
Capital 5-100%	2,123	<div><div></div></div>	55% <div><div></div></div>	43% <div><div></div></div>	62% <div><div></div></div>	46% <div><div></div></div>	24%
Capacity Building 0-25%	8,204	<div><div></div></div>	58% <div><div></div></div>	16% <div><div></div></div>	58% <div><div></div></div>	38% <div><div></div></div>	37%
Capacity Building 25-50%	5,277	<div><div></div></div>	49% <div><div></div></div>	30% <div><div></div></div>	58% <div><div></div></div>	46% <div><div></div></div>	24%
Capacity Building 50-75%	3,728	<div><div></div></div>	56% <div><div></div></div>	34% <div><div></div></div>	60% <div><div></div></div>	47% <div><div></div></div>	21%
Capacity Building 75-100%	2,796	<div><div></div></div>	57% <div><div></div></div>	43% <div><div></div></div>	65% <div><div></div></div>	49% <div><div></div></div>	17%



## Appendix E.2.6 – Lifelong learning

### Baseline indicators for SF (continued)

		Of those who currently participate in education, training or skill development, % who are in a class for students with disability	Of those who currently participate in education, training or skill development in a mainstream class, % who prefer their current study arrangement	Of those who currently participate in education, training or skill development in a class for students with disability, % who prefer their current study arrangement	% who wanted to do a course or training in the last 12 months, but could not
Overall	22,155	59%	71%	82%	40%
<b>Age Group</b>					
17 or less	6,256	62%	76%	82%	31%
18 to 21	10,272	58%	70%	81%	43%
22 or above	5,627	52%	64%	85%	43%
<b>Disability Type</b>					
Autism	7,692	54%	73%	79%	40%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	2,050	48%	69%	84%	36%
Sensory	496	22%	84%	77%	37%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	9,667	75%	63%	84%	38%
Other	576	31%	70%	82%	43%
Other Physical	395	19%	79%	81%	46%
Psychosocial	855	30%	74%	68%	60%
Visual Impairment	424	16%	78%	76%	41%
<b>Level of function</b>					
High	4,751	41%	74%	76%	41%
Medium	11,349	58%	71%	81%	43%
Low	6,055	76%	66%	86%	33%
<b>State/Territory</b>					
ACT	239	30%	77%	77%	48%
NSW	12,426	58%	68%	80%	41%
NT	100	54%	67%	79%	46%
QLD	2,470	53%	74%	82%	44%
SA	1,656	50%	72%	82%	32%
TAS	457	38%	77%	75%	27%
VIC	4,589	69%	78%	85%	38%
WA	218	37%	63%	70%	42%
<b>Remoteness</b>					
Major City	12,884	61%	70%	83%	39%
Inner Regional	6,856	58%	71%	81%	41%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	2,252	50%	76%	81%	41%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>					
\$15,000 or less	4,125	37%	78%	79%	38%
\$15-30,000	5,425	51%	70%	80%	43%
\$30-50,000	4,969	67%	70%	82%	42%
Over \$50,000	7,636	75%	62%	84%	37%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>					
Indigenous	1,432	62%	68%	77%	43%
Non-Indigenous	20,032	59%	71%	82%	40%
<b>CALD Status</b>					
CALD	1,443	58%	70%	84%	37%
Non-CALD	20,684	59%	71%	82%	40%
<b>Gender</b>					
Female	7,915	58%	71%	84%	42%
Male	14,065	59%	72%	81%	39%
<b>Plan management type</b>					
Agency-managed	14,714	61%	68%	81%	39%
Self-managed	1,407	39%	77%	82%	42%
Plan-managed	3,821	60%	75%	82%	45%
Combination	1,671	61%	77%	86%	39%
<b>Access Type</b>					
Benefit from EI	1,529	40%	79%	75%	43%
Disability Met	20,508	61%	70%	82%	40%
<b>Scheme access</b>					
New	4,570	42%	77%	78%	43%
State	16,891	64%	68%	83%	39%
Commonwealth	694	53%	71%	73%	46%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>					
Capital 5-100%	2,123	46%	78%	87%	38%
Capacity Building 0-25%	8,204	71%	64%	84%	35%
Capacity Building 25-50%	5,277	56%	71%	81%	43%
Capacity Building 50-75%	3,728	56%	75%	79%	44%
Capacity Building 75-100%	2,796	47%	72%	76%	43%

## Appendix E.2.7 – Work

### Baseline indicators for SF

		% who are currently working N in an unpaid job	% who are currently working in a paid job
<b>Overall</b>	22,155	8%	17%
<b>Age Group</b>			
17 or less	6,256	5%	8%
18 to 21	10,272	10%	18%
22 or above	5,627	9%	27%
<b>Disability Type</b>			
Autism	7,692	8%	15%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	2,050	8%	13%
Sensory	496	9%	40%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	9,667	9%	19%
Other	576	7%	17%
Other Physical	395	6%	20%
Psychosocial	855	3%	14%
Visual Impairment	424	10%	25%
<b>Level of function</b>			
High	4,751	9%	27%
Medium	11,349	10%	20%
Low	6,055	5%	5%
<b>State/Territory</b>			
ACT	239	5%	28%
NSW	12,426	8%	17%
NT	100	10%	8%
QLD	2,470	11%	20%
SA	1,656	7%	21%
TAS	457	6%	8%
VIC	4,589	8%	15%
WA	218	11%	18%
<b>Remoteness</b>			
Major City	12,884	7%	17%
Inner Regional	6,856	10%	18%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	2,252	10%	18%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>			
\$15,000 or less	4,125	8%	26%
\$15-30,000	5,425	9%	23%
\$30-50,000	4,969	10%	18%
Over \$50,000	7,636	7%	9%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>			
Indigenous	1,432	6%	12%
Non-Indigenous	20,032	8%	18%
<b>CALD Status</b>			
CALD	1,443	6%	13%
Non-CALD	20,684	8%	18%
<b>Gender</b>			
Female	7,915	9%	16%
Male	14,065	8%	18%
<b>Plan management type</b>			
Agency-managed	14,714	8%	18%
Self-managed	1,407	12%	22%
Plan-managed	3,821	9%	17%
Combination	1,671	8%	15%
<b>Access Type</b>			
Benefit from EI	1,529	7%	16%
Disability Met	20,508	8%	17%
<b>Scheme access</b>			
New	4,570	7%	16%
State	16,891	9%	15%
Commonwealth	694	9%	75%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>			
Capital 5-100%	2,123	7%	16%
Capacity Building 0-25%	8,204	8%	8%
Capacity Building 25-50%	5,277	9%	21%
Capacity Building 50-75%	3,728	10%	27%
Capacity Building 75-100%	2,796	9%	25%

## Appendix E.2.8 –Social, community and civic

### Baseline indicators for SF

		% who spend their free time doing activities N that interest them	% who wanted to do certain things in the last 12 months, but could not	% who are currently a volunteer	% who have been actively involved in a community, cultural or religious group in the last 12 months	% who know people in their community	% who feel they are able to have a say with their support services most of the time or all of the time
<b>Overall</b>	22,155	76%	62%	13%	32%	56%	33%
<b>Age Group</b>							
17 or less	6,256	76%	59%	9%	32%	53%	25%
18 to 21	10,272	76%	62%	14%	31%	56%	35%
22 or above	5,627	74%	64%	15%	35%	58%	37%
<b>Disability Type</b>							
Autism	7,692	78%	60%	11%	29%	48%	29%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	2,050	72%	66%	13%	33%	61%	33%
Sensory	496	84%	50%	17%	40%	73%	57%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	9,667	75%	61%	13%	34%	58%	30%
Other	576	66%	67%	13%	33%	65%	42%
Other Physical	395	75%	67%	14%	35%	71%	52%
Psychosocial	855	63%	70%	8%	23%	47%	46%
Visual Impairment	424	79%	68%	21%	42%	72%	59%
<b>Level of function</b>							
High	4,751	80%	55%	16%	33%	62%	45%
Medium	11,349	77%	62%	14%	33%	57%	35%
Low	6,055	69%	66%	9%	29%	48%	19%
<b>State/Territory</b>							
ACT	239	76%	57%	15%	33%	54%	46%
NSW	12,426	75%	61%	12%	31%	55%	33%
NT	100	70%	76%	6%	54%	79%	12%
QLD	2,470	77%	63%	16%	32%	60%	33%
SA	1,656	85%	54%	12%	35%	55%	32%
TAS	457	80%	56%	10%	20%	55%	30%
VIC	4,589	72%	67%	12%	34%	55%	31%
WA	218	81%	57%	16%	32%	50%	38%
<b>Remoteness</b>							
Major City	12,884	74%	61%	11%	32%	49%	31%
Inner Regional	6,856	78%	63%	15%	33%	63%	35%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	2,252	76%	62%	15%	32%	69%	33%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>							
\$15,000 or less	4,125	83%	53%	13%	31%	65%	45%
\$15-30,000	5,425	78%	60%	13%	32%	57%	37%
\$30-50,000	4,969	75%	62%	13%	33%	55%	33%
Over \$50,000	7,636	69%	68%	12%	32%	50%	23%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>							
Indigenous	1,432	72%	61%	9%	32%	60%	33%
Non-Indigenous	20,032	76%	62%	13%	32%	55%	33%
<b>CALD Status</b>							
CALD	1,443	67%	59%	7%	35%	44%	24%
Non-CALD	20,684	76%	62%	13%	32%	56%	33%
<b>Gender</b>							
Female	7,915	72%	64%	15%	34%	57%	33%
Male	14,065	78%	60%	11%	31%	55%	32%
<b>Plan management type</b>							
Agency-managed	14,714	76%	59%	12%	30%	55%	33%
Self-managed	1,407	79%	63%	19%	39%	62%	38%
Plan-managed	3,821	73%	71%	15%	36%	56%	28%
Combination	1,671	74%	67%	13%	38%	60%	33%
<b>Access Type</b>							
Benefit from EI	1,529	78%	62%	10%	30%	55%	36%
Disability Met	20,508	75%	62%	13%	32%	56%	32%
<b>Scheme access</b>							
New	4,570	74%	63%	11%	30%	54%	33%
State	16,891	76%	62%	13%	33%	56%	32%
Commonwealth	694	76%	57%	13%	31%	59%	46%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>							
Capital 5-100%	2,123	73%	66%	14%	36%	63%	38%
Capacity Building 0-25%	8,204	73%	62%	12%	32%	51%	26%
Capacity Building 25-50%	5,277	75%	64%	13%	32%	54%	33%
Capacity Building 50-75%	3,728	78%	63%	13%	31%	58%	36%
Capacity Building 75-100%	2,796	82%	53%	13%	30%	62%	44%

## Appendix E.2.8 –Social, community and civic

### Baseline indicators for LF

		% who currently N have interest	% who have opportunity to try new things and have new experiences	% who currently volunteers	For those who are not currently volunteering, % who have been asked to volunteer	For those who are currently volunteering, % who believe volunteering if suitable for them	For those who are currently volunteering, % who rather have a paid job	
Overall	544	90%	83%		13%	28%	93%	6%
Age group								
16 or younger	135	94%	91%		9%	20%	100%	0%
17 to 18	93	84%	82%		14%	19%	92%	8%
19 to 21	146	91%	81%		16%	31%	96%	4%
22 to 24	120	88%	79%		10%	42%	92%	0%
25 or older	34	91%	76%		24%	25%	75%	25%
Disability type								
Autism	181	95%	83%		14%	29%	92%	8%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	60	87%	80%		18%	21%	100%	0%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	249	88%	83%		11%	29%	93%	7%
Sensory	<20	na	na		na	na	na	na
Other	39	85%	85%		10%	11%	97%	0%
Level of Function								
High	102	89%	85%		12%	30%	100%	0%
Medium	235	89%	82%		15%	33%	89%	8%
Low	147	89%	80%		11%	12%	100%	0%
State/Territory								
ACT/NT	23	100%	87%		13%	75%	83%	0%
NSW	164	91%	83%		13%	24%	82%	14%
QLD	78	88%	78%		14%	35%	91%	9%
SA	184	87%	84%		10%	22%	100%	0%
VIC	95	93%	83%		18%	28%	100%	0%
Remoteness								
Major City	311	91%	79%		14%	18%	87%	9%
Inner Regional	165	89%	85%		11%	34%	97%	3%
Outer Regional/Remote/VeryRemote	64	95%	83%		22%	33%	93%	7%
Annualised cost of baseline plan								
\$15,000 or less	93	89%	87%		17%	37%	81%	13%
\$15-30,000	143	94%	85%		10%	21%	100%	0%
\$30-40,000	55	89%	76%		13%	67%	100%	0%
\$40-50,000	35	83%	91%		26%	14%	78%	22%
Over \$50,000	185	90%	80%		11%	22%	100%	0%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status								
Indigenous	30	83%	80%		13%	14%	100%	0%
Non-Indigenous	500	90%	83%		13%	30%	92%	6%
CALD Status								
CALD	22	77%	82%		9%	0%	100%	0%
Non-CALD	521	91%	83%		13%	28%	93%	6%
Gender								
Female	177	87%	81%		12%	27%	91%	9%
Male	348	93%	84%		13%	29%	93%	4%
Plan Management Type								
Agency-managed	279	87%	78%		15%	23%	95%	5%
Combination	25	92%	84%		20%	60%	80%	20%
Plan-managed	67	93%	78%		12%	40%	88%	0%
Self-managed	<20	na	na		na	na	na	na
Access Type								
Benefit from EI	36	97%	92%		8%	29%	67%	33%
Disability Met	507	90%	82%		13%	28%	94%	4%
Reporting Access Entry Type								
Commonwealth	53	89%	83%		9%	38%	80%	20%
New	80	96%	94%		11%	44%	89%	11%
State	411	89%	81%		14%	24%	95%	4%
Plan cost allocation								
Capital 5-100%	56	95%	86%		20%	10%	82%	9%
Capacity Building 0-25%	183	90%	82%		10%	32%	100%	0%
Capacity Building 25-50%	131	89%	81%		18%	17%	96%	4%
Capacity Building 50-75%	75	87%	77%		12%	38%	78%	22%
Capacity Building 75-100%	65	94%	94%		8%	47%	100%	0%

## Appendix E.2.8 –Social, community and civic

### Baseline indicators for LF (continued)

			For those who have been involved in a				
		% who have been involved in a community, cultural or religious group in the last 12 N months	community, cultural or religious group in the last 12 months, % who felt they belonged to the group	% who have had negative experience in their community in the past 12 months	% of who feel safe or very safe when walking alone in their local area after dark	% who were eligible to vote in the last federal election	
<b>Overall</b>	544	25%	84%	30%	7%	38%	
<b>Age group</b>							
16 or younger	135	12%	63%	30%	3%	0%	
17 to 18	93	23%	71%	33%	6%	6%	
19 to 21	146	32%	83%	35%	11%	66%	
22 to 24	120	30%	97%	24%	7%	67%	
25 or older	34	38%	92%	15%	6%	65%	
<b>Disability type</b>							
Autism	181	23%	71%	34%	8%	36%	
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	60	15%	89%	20%	3%	40%	
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	249	31%	90%	30%	6%	37%	
Sensory	<20	na	na	na	na	na	
Other	39	15%	97%	36%	8%	44%	
<b>Level of Function</b>							
High	102	25%	77%	25%	13%	51%	
Medium	235	30%	90%	32%	8%	49%	
Low	147	23%	74%	32%	1%	20%	
<b>State/Territory</b>							
ACT/NT	23	17%	100%	17%	13%	52%	
NSW	164	27%	84%	35%	7%	45%	
QLD	78	28%	82%	28%	5%	24%	
SA	184	18%	91%	24%	7%	42%	
VIC	95	36%	76%	38%	7%	28%	
<b>Remoteness</b>							
Major City	311	31%	82%	38%	8%	38%	
Inner Regional	165	21%	85%	26%	7%	41%	
Outer Regional/Remote/VeryRemote	64	30%	84%	33%	3%	27%	
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>							
\$15,000 or less	93	18%	76%	29%	13%	36%	
\$15-30,000	143	25%	78%	29%	6%	46%	
\$30-40,000	55	24%	92%	27%	4%	49%	
\$40-50,000	35	9%	100%	23%	6%	40%	
Over \$50,000	185	31%	86%	33%	4%	30%	
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>							
Indigenous	30	20%	100%	43%	3%	40%	
Non-Indigenous	500	26%	83%	30%	7%	39%	
<b>CALD Status</b>							
CALD	22	27%	100%	9%	5%	27%	
Non-CALD	521	25%	83%	31%	7%	39%	
<b>Gender</b>							
Female	177	27%	83%	29%	3%	39%	
Male	348	26%	84%	31%	9%	36%	
<b>Plan Management Type</b>							
Agency-managed	279	35%	85%	32%	8%	48%	
Combination	25	28%	43%	32%	0%	40%	
Plan-managed	67	19%	77%	31%	3%	39%	
Self-managed	<20	na	na	na	na	na	
<b>Access Type</b>							
Benefit from EI	36	8%	67%	33%	6%	8%	
Disability Met	507	27%	84%	30%	7%	41%	
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>							
Commonwealth	53	25%	92%	11%	13%	81%	
New	80	9%	100%	26%	11%	29%	
State	411	29%	82%	34%	5%	35%	
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>							
Capital 5-100%	56	21%	100%	30%	5%	30%	
Capacity Building 0-25%	183	29%	85%	30%	3%	35%	
Capacity Building 25-50%	131	23%	77%	31%	9%	36%	
Capacity Building 50-75%	75	24%	89%	28%	5%	57%	
Capacity Building 75-100%	65	20%	69%	28%	11%	38%	

## Appendix E.2.8 –Social, community and civic

### Baseline indicators for LF (continued)

		% of who have voted in the last N federal election	% of who believe they are able to have a say within the general community on issues that are important to them, all of the time or most of the time.	% of who have taken part in leisure activities in the last 12 months	For those who have taken part in leisure activities in the last 12 months, % of who believe these activities were enjoyable	For those who have taken part in leisure activities in the last 12 months, % of who believe these activities enabled them to spend time with people they liked.
<b>Overall</b>	544	73%	9%	99%	96%	91%
<b>Age group</b>						
16 or younger	135	.	6%	97%	98%	100%
17 to 18	93	33%	10%	98%	98%	100%
19 to 21	146	66%	8%	100%	92%	80%
22 to 24	120	84%	12%	100%	95%	88%
25 or older	34	77%	12%	100%	97%	100%
<b>Disability type</b>						
Autism	181	72%	8%	99%	95%	87%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	60	63%	17%	97%	98%	100%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	249	71%	6%	99%	96%	94%
Sensory	<20	na	na	na	na	na
Other	39	86%	10%	100%	97%	100%
<b>Level of Function</b>						
High	102	90%	14%	97%	96%	100%
Medium	235	71%	9%	100%	95%	83%
Low	147	50%	7%	100%	97%	100%
<b>Remoteness</b>						
ACT/NT	23	53%	0%	100%	100%	83%
NSW	164	81%	10%	98%	96%	73%
QLD	78	58%	9%	97%	97%	100%
SA	184	74%	9%	99%	93%	92%
VIC	95	67%	7%	100%	98%	100%
<b>Remoteness</b>						
Major City	311	69%	10%	99%	96%	85%
Inner Regional	165	75%	8%	100%	96%	90%
Outer Regional/Remote/Very Remote	64	71%	8%	97%	95%	100%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>						
\$15,000 or less	93	91%	16%	99%	98%	91%
\$15-30,000	143	80%	6%	97%	94%	89%
\$30-40,000	55	81%	9%	98%	96%	100%
\$40-50,000	35	86%	6%	100%	92%	50%
Over \$50,000	185	50%	8%	100%	96%	86%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>						
Indigenous	30	67%	3%	100%	100%	100%
Non-Indigenous	500	73%	9%	99%	95%	88%
<b>CALD Status</b>						
CALD	22	83%	0%	100%	87%	100%
Non-CALD	521	73%	9%	99%	96%	89%
<b>Gender</b>						
Female	177	75%	12%	98%	96%	80%
Male	348	72%	7%	99%	96%	90%
<b>Plan Management Type</b>						
Agency-managed	279	72%	10%	100%	95%	86%
Combination	25	90%	12%	100%	92%	.
Plan-managed	67	65%	9%	100%	95%	100%
Self-managed	<20	na	na	na	na	na
<b>Access Type</b>						
Benefit from EI	36	100%	6%	100%	97%	100%
Disability Met	507	73%	9%	99%	96%	89%
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>						
Commonw ealth	53	88%	11%	100%	98%	100%
New	80	83%	6%	96%	96%	88%
State	411	67%	9%	99%	95%	86%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>						
Capital 5-100%	56	76%	7%	97%	100%	50%
Capacity Building 0-25%	183	55%	10%	100%	95%	67%
Capacity Building 25-50%	131	78%	9%	99%	95%	92%
Capacity Building 50-75%	75	91%	7%	96%	94%	100%
Capacity Building 75-100%	65	84%	9%	100%	98%	100%

## Appendix E.3 - Longitudinal indicators for SF and LF – aggregate

### Summary

Longitudinal analysis describes how outcomes have changed for participants during the time they have been in the Scheme. Included here are participants entering the Scheme in the first year of transition (from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017) for whom a record of outcomes is available at two time points: at scheme entry and at approximately one year following scheme entry.

As expected during this relatively short period, many indicators have not changed a great deal. For this summary we select indicators based on a combination of statistical significance and magnitude of change<sup>5,6</sup>.

The table below summarises changes for the 16 selected indicators.

SF/LF	Domain	Indicator	Baseline	Review	Change	Improvement/ Deterioration
SF	1	% who make more decisions in their life than they did 2 years ago	57.4%	61.2%	3.9%	Improvement
LF	3	% who feel happy with their relationships with staff	58.7%	89.4%	30.8%	Improvement
SF	5	% who have been to the hospital in the last 12 months	27.7%	23.6%	-4.1%	Improvement
SF	6	Of those who currently participate in education, training or skill development in a mainstream class, % who say it's what they want	79.7%	81.7%	2.0%	Improvement
SF	7	% who have a paid job	15.7%	19.3%	3.7%	Improvement
SF	8	% who spend their free time doing activities that interest them	76.0%	80.4%	4.4%	Improvement
SF	8	% who have been actively involved in a community, cultural or religious group in the last 12 months	31.4%	37.9%	6.5%	Improvement
SF	8	% who know people in their community	52.4%	57.3%	4.9%	Improvement
LF	8	% who feel safe or very safe when walking alone in their local area after dark	9.5%	18.1%	8.6%	Improvement
SF	1	% who want more choice and control in their life	71.6%	81.2%	9.6%	Context dependent
SF	3	% who would like to see their friends more often	55.7%	58.7%	2.9%	Context dependent
SF	4	Of those who are happy with their current home, % who would like to live there in 5 years time	67.0%	64.8%	-2.2%	Context dependent
SF	5	% who have a doctor they see on a regular basis	78.2%	84.4%	6.2%	Context dependent
SF	1	% who feel able to advocate for themselves	33.0%	30.8%	-2.2%	Deterioration
SF	5	% who rate their health as excellent, very good or good	70.5%	67.9%	-2.6%	Deterioration
SF	8	% who wanted to do certain things in the last 12 months, but could not	55.9%	62.3%	6.4%	Deterioration

- The percentage who make more decisions than two years ago has increased, possibly reflecting increasing age. More participants expressed a desire for greater choice and control – whether this is a positive or a negative change depends on the reasons (for example, it could reflect increasing awareness that choice and control is possible).

<sup>5</sup> Since there is much more data available for the SF, with more than 5,000 participants contributing to the analysis, statistical testing would identify indicators where the magnitude of change is unimportantly small, so we only consider SF indicators where the absolute magnitude of change in the indicator is greater than 0.02 (all of these changes are statistically significant). For the LF, where the quantity of data is much smaller (around 100 participants), selection is based on statistical significance.

<sup>6</sup> Note that at least some of the observed change may be attributable to normal age-related development, since the young adults will be one year older at the second time point.

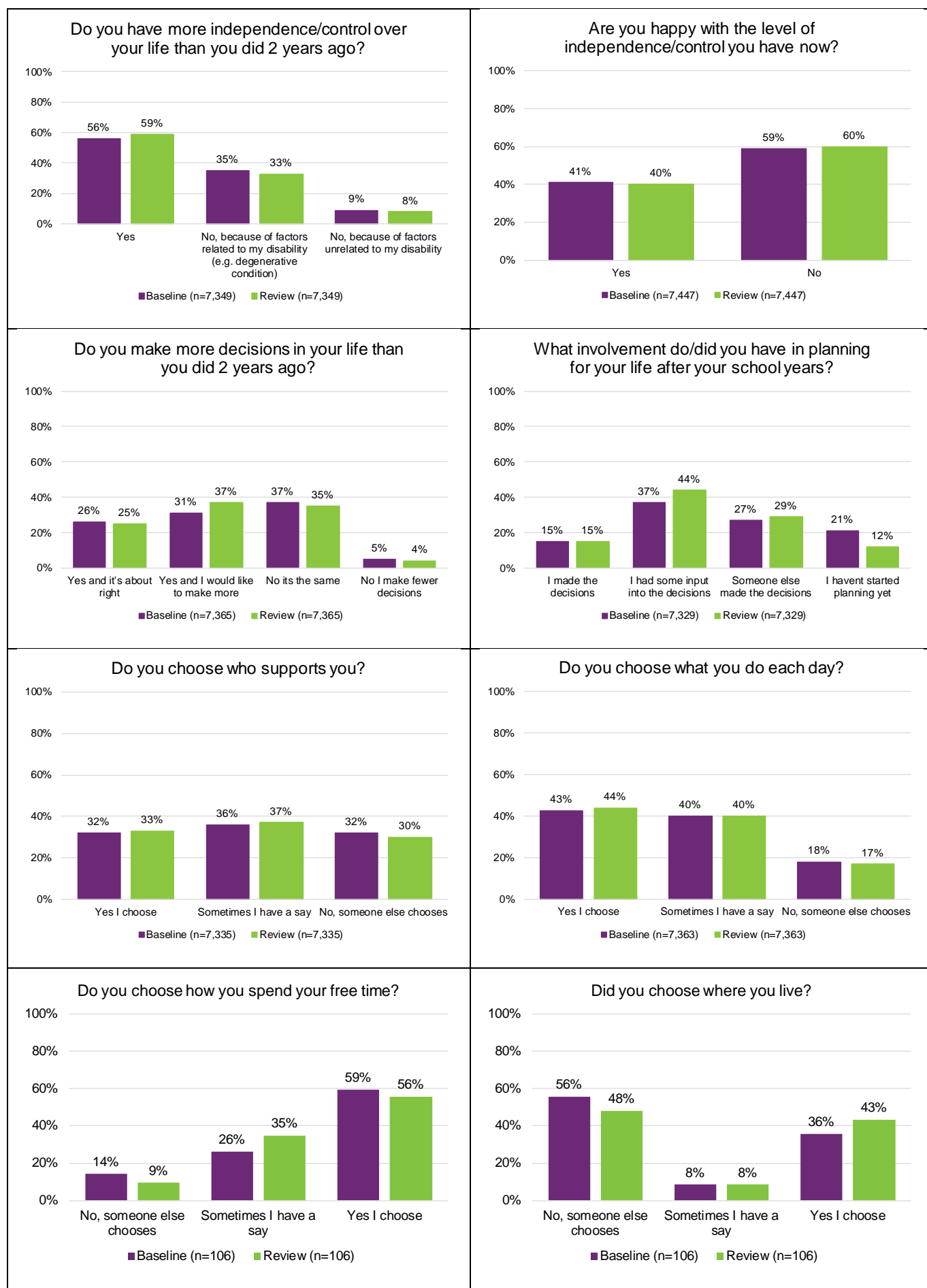
- There has been a considerable increase in the percentage who are happy with their relationships with staff<sup>7</sup>.
- Whilst self-rated health has deteriorated, more participants have a regular doctor, and fewer have been to hospital in the past year.
- Participation indicators have mostly improved.

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<sup>7</sup> This may partly reflect participants without staff at baseline responding “no” at baseline then subsequently changing their answer to “yes” once they have staff and are happy with them, at review. For future waves, an option “I don’t have any staff” has been added.



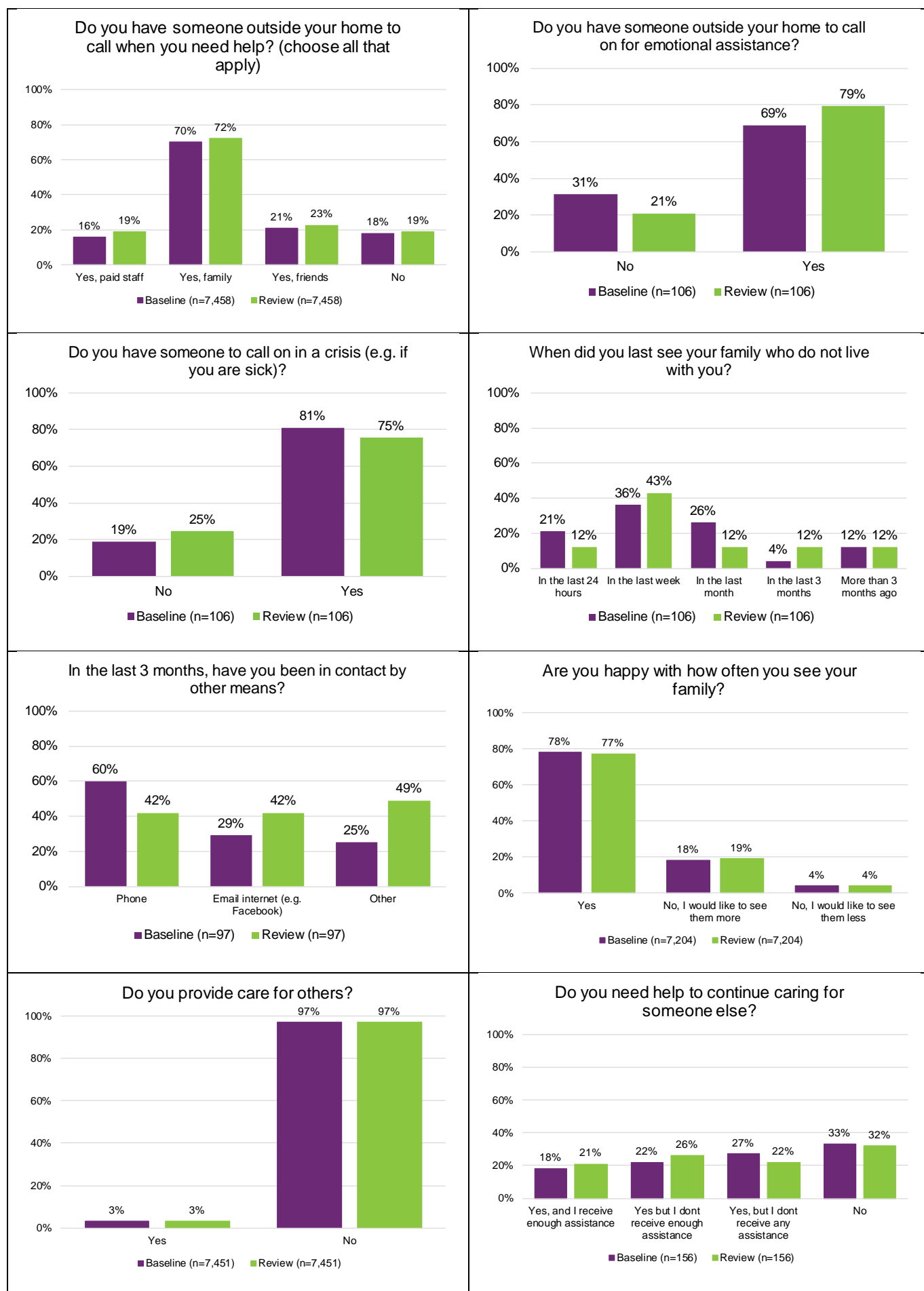
## Appendix E.3.1 – Choice and control



## Appendix E.3.1 – Choice and control (continued)



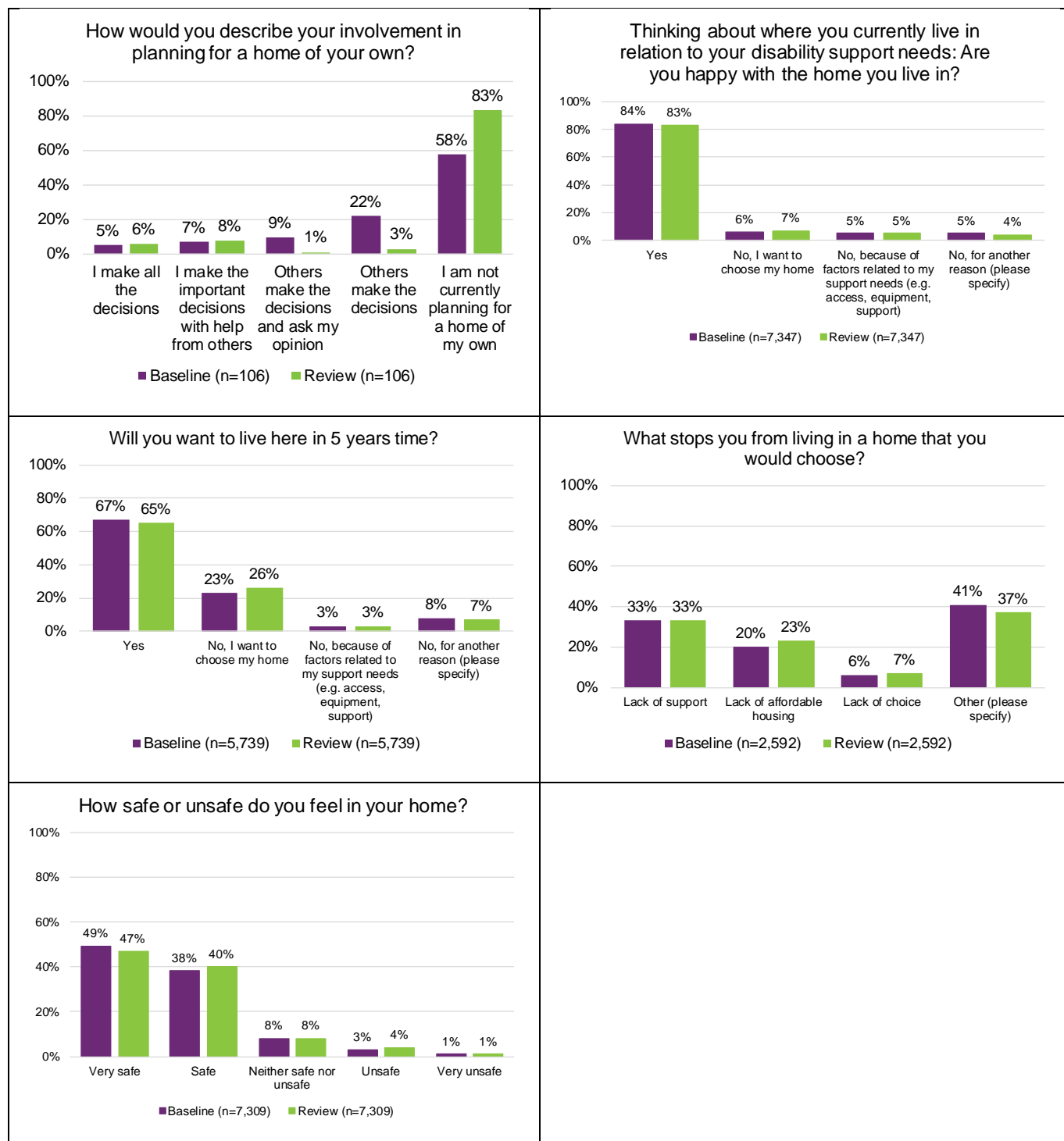
## Appendix E.3.3 – Relationships



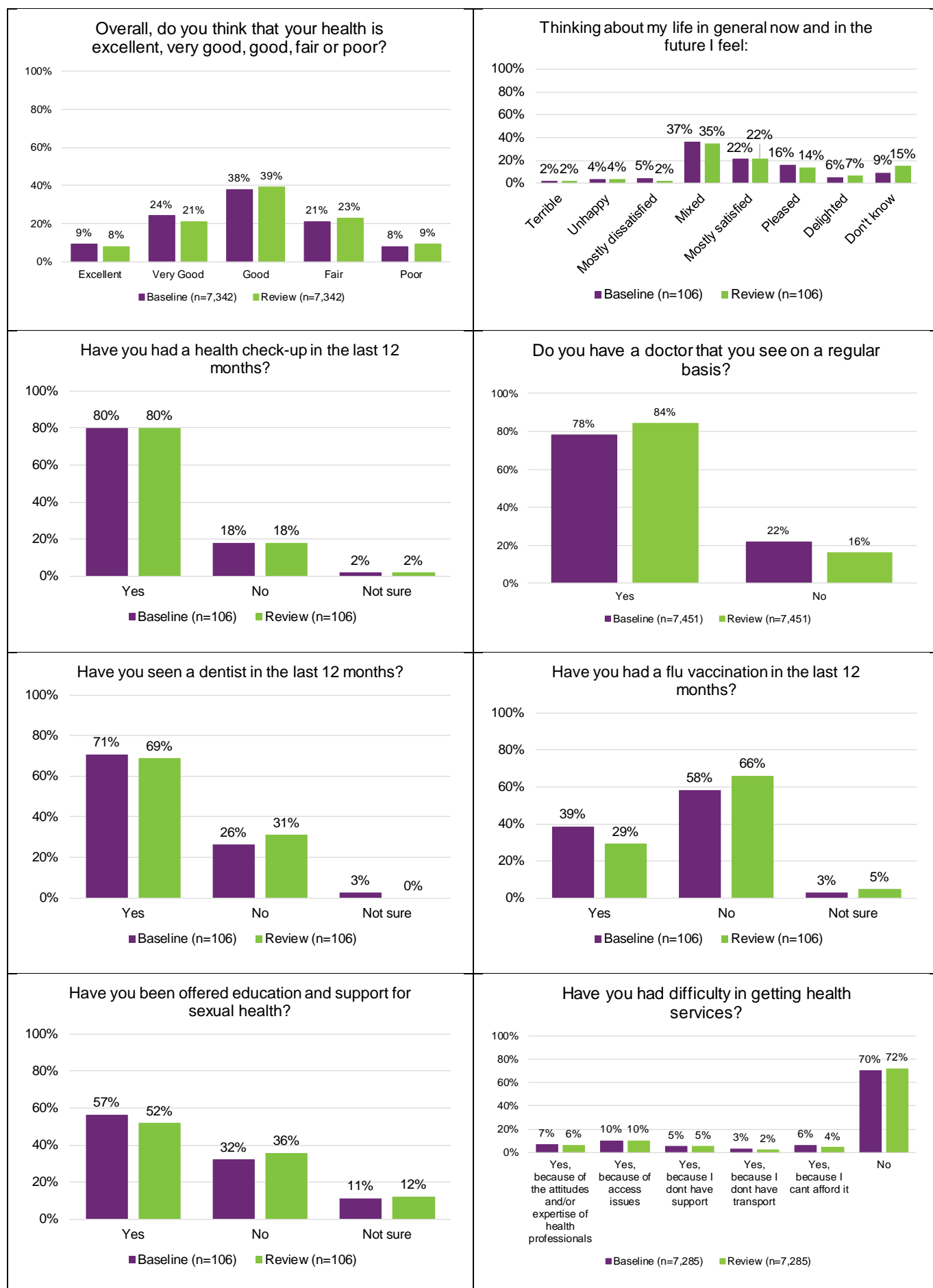
## Appendix E.3.3 – Relationships (continued)



## Appendix E.3.4 – Home



## Appendix E.3.5 – Health and wellbeing



## Appendix E.3.5 – Health and wellbeing (continued)



## Appendix E.3.5 – Health and wellbeing (continued)





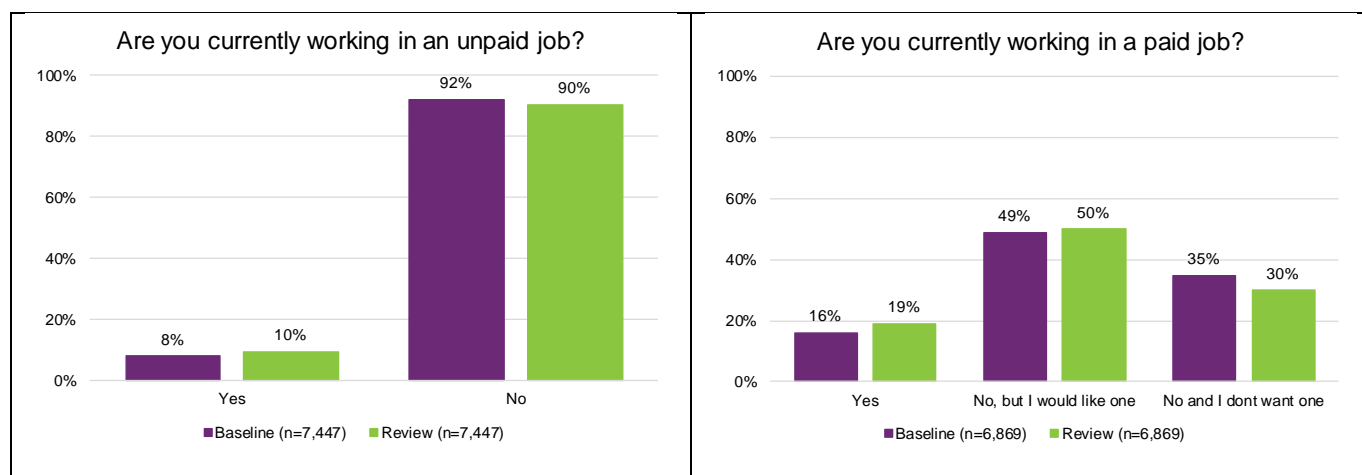
## Appendix E.3.5 – Health and wellbeing (continued)



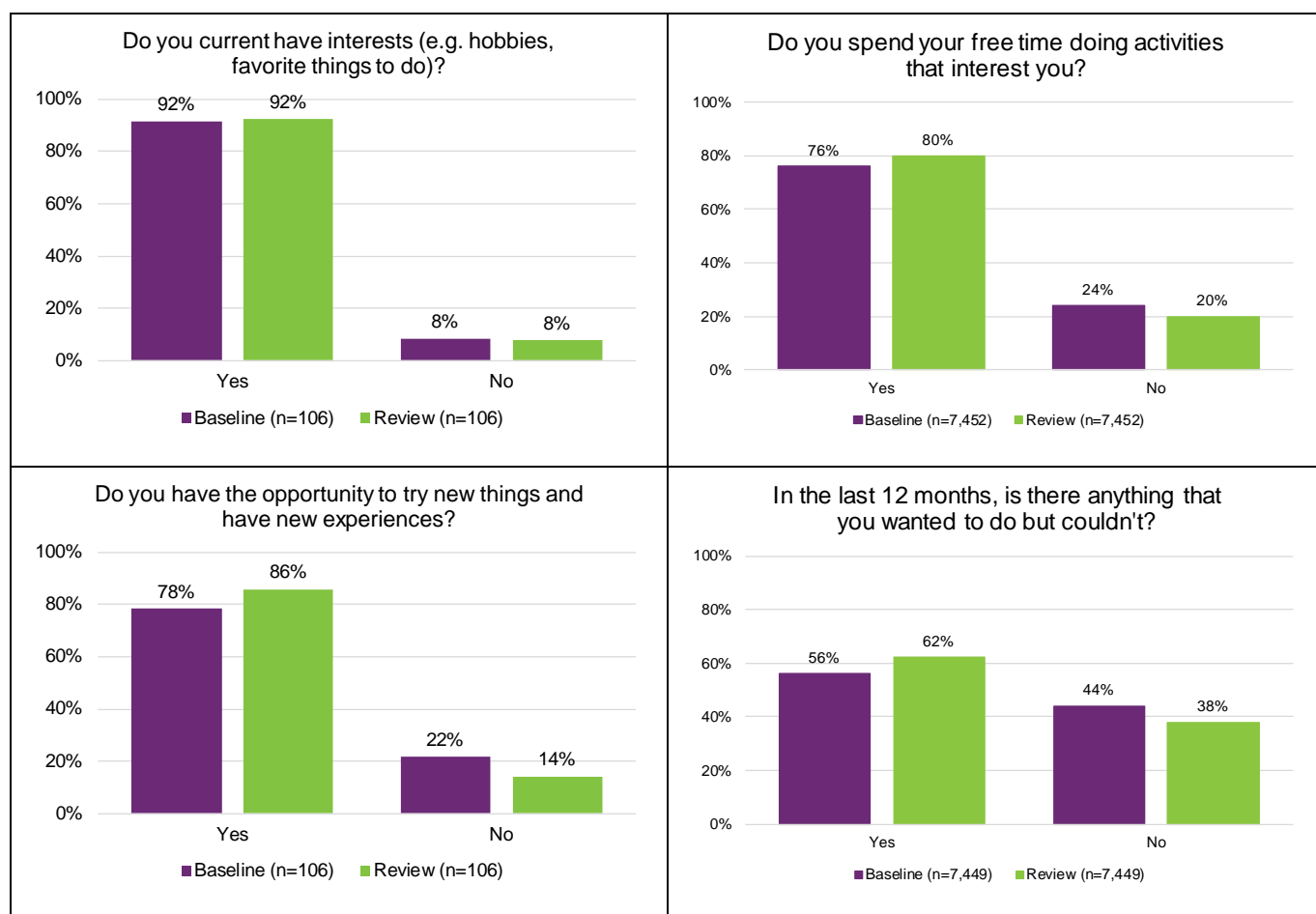
## Appendix E.3.6 – Lifelong learning



## Appendix E.3.7 – Work



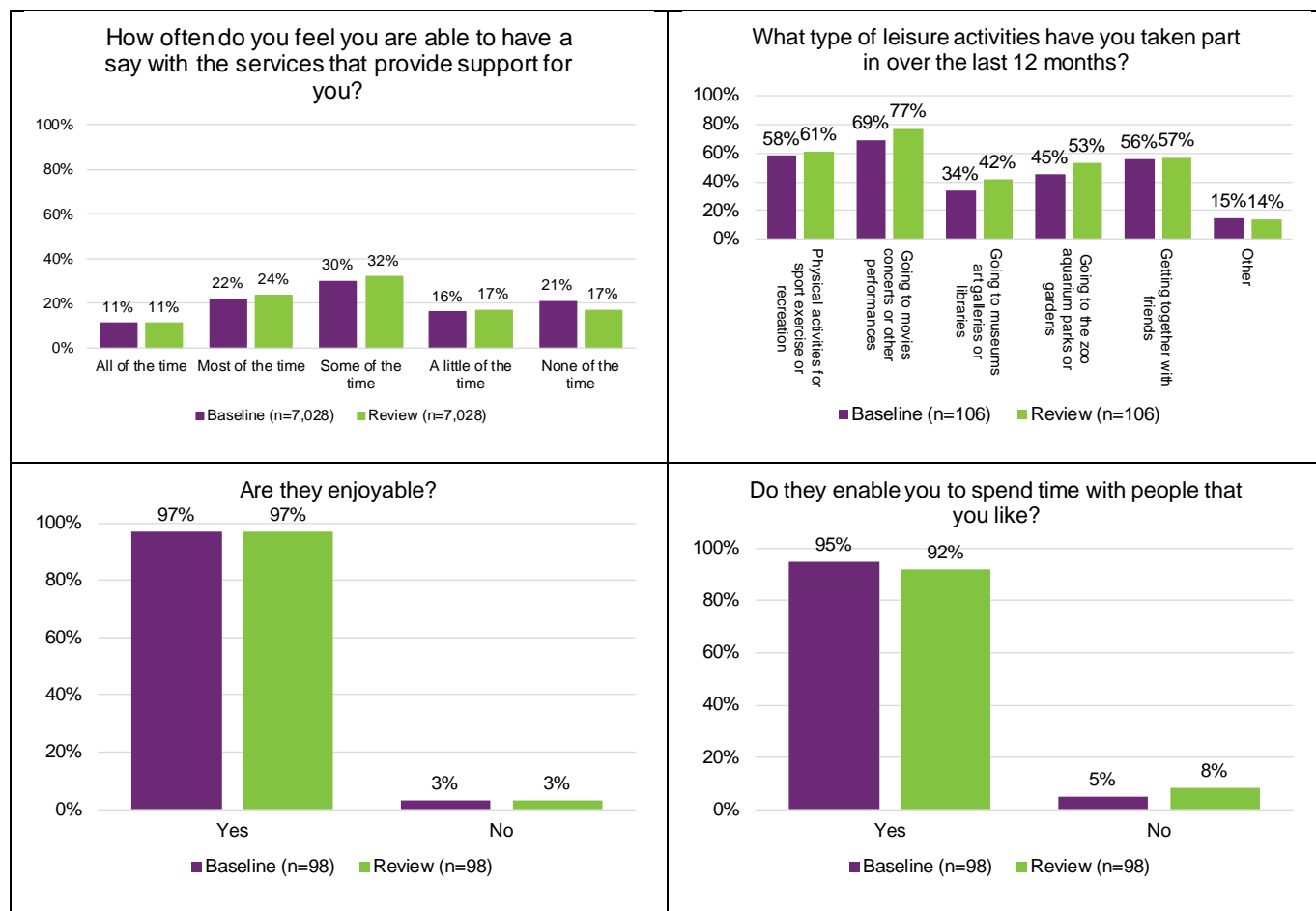
## Appendix E.3.8 – Social, Community and Civic



## Appendix E.3.8 – Social, Community and Civic (continued)



## Appendix E.3.8 – Social, Community and Civic (continued)



## Appendix E.4 - Longitudinal change in indicators for SF and LF - participant characteristics

### Summary

Analysis by participant characteristics has been examined in two ways:

1. A simple comparison of the percentage meeting the indicator at review with the percentage meeting the indicator at baseline. The difference (review-baseline) is compared for different subgroups.
2. Multiple regression analyses modelling improvement in the indicator. That is, for the subset without the indicator at baseline, the probability of meeting the indicator at review is modelled as a function of participant characteristics. For some indicators, deterioration has been modelled in a similar way.

It should be noted that these two analyses can produce different results, particularly where there is a large difference in the indicator at baseline between subgroups.

As noted in Appendix E.3, aggregate changes in the indicators have generally been small, and analysis of change for different subgroups should be interpreted with caution at this early stage of the Scheme. In this summary we have focused on a subset of the indicators presented in Appendix E.3, where there has been a significant and meaningful change between baseline and review in the aggregate.

For the logistic regression modelling, we have combined data from the 15 to 24 and 25 and over cohorts (adjusting for age in the regressions), so results from that analysis are for participants aged 15 and over.

#### *Overall, are you happy with your relationships with staff? (LF indicator, overall improvement of 0.308)*

One-way analysis suggests that the extent of improvement is greater for participants with an intellectual disability or Down syndrome, but less for those with cerebral palsy or another neurological disorder. Participants in NSW experience greater improvement, as do new entrants to the Scheme.

#### *Do you know people in your community? (SF indicator, overall improvement of 0.049)*

Multiple regression modelling reveals the following key findings:

- Improvement is less likely for participants with autism and more likely for those with Down syndrome.
- Improvement is more likely for those living in the Northern Territory and Queensland, and less likely for those living in Victoria. Participants from regional and remote locations are more likely to experience improvement than those in major cities.
- Self-managing participants (fully or partly) are more likely to improve.
- Participants living in an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander community residence are more likely to start to know people in their community, whereas those in supported accommodation or a nursing home are less likely.
- Participants who have support from family and friends, and those who feel safe getting out and about in the community, are more likely to improve.

#### *Do you want more choice and control in your life? (SF indicator, went up by 0.096, interpretation is mixed)*

Multiple regression modelling reveals the following key findings:

- The likelihood of starting to want more choice and control is lower for participants with lower level of function, and decreases between ages 16-25, and again between ages 41-56.
- Participants who need support with domestic tasks or for getting out of the house are more likely to start seeking more choice and control.
- Participants looking for a paid job are more likely to start wanting more choice and control.
- Participants who are happy with how often they see their friends are less likely to start wanting more choice and control.

- Participants who are involved in a community groups, as well as those who are not involved but would like to be, are more likely to start seeking more choice and control.

## Appendix E.4.1 – Choice and control

### Longitudinal change in indicators for SF – participant characteristics

	N	Change in % who do not have more independence/ control over their life than they did 2 years ago because of factors unrelated to their disability	Change in % who are happy with the level of independence/ control they have now	Change in % who make more decisions in their life than they did 2 years ago	Of those who started planning for their life after school years, change in % who independently made the decisions	Change in % who choose who supports them	Change in % who choose what they do each day
<b>Overall</b>	7,458	-1%	0%	4%	-1%	1%	1%
<b>Age Group</b>							
17 or less	2,197	-1%	-1%	4%	0%	2%	2%
18 to 21	3,853	-2%	0%	4%	-1%	1%	1%
22 or above	1,408	-2%	0%	4%	-1%	0%	-1%
<b>Disability Type</b>							
Autism	2,615	-1%	-1%	4%	-1%	2%	1%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744	0%	2%	3%	0%	3%	1%
Sensory	123	-3%	2%	2%	4%	0%	6%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	3,257	-2%	0%	4%	-1%	0%	0%
Other	180	-2%	-2%	2%	-1%	1%	4%
Other Physical	117	-3%	6%	11%	3%	3%	5%
Psychosocial	277	-1%	2%	3%	-1%	1%	0%
Visual Impairment	145	-8%	1%	7%	0%	6%	0%
<b>Level of function</b>							
High	1,911	-1%	0%	3%	-1%	2%	3%
Medium	3,641	-1%	-1%	4%	-1%	1%	0%
Low	1,906	-2%	0%	5%	0%	1%	0%
<b>State/Territory</b>							
ACT	137	-2%	9%	6%	4%	2%	2%
NSW	4,855	-1%	-1%	3%	-1%	1%	0%
NT	<20	na	na	na	na	na	na
QLD	786	-3%	3%	6%	-1%	4%	3%
SA	377	-2%	0%	2%	2%	4%	3%
TAS	222	-2%	2%	3%	-1%	-2%	2%
VIC	948	-2%	-1%	3%	-2%	0%	2%
WA	114	2%	-6%	10%	2%	8%	9%
<b>Remoteness</b>							
Major City	4,941	-2%	-1%	3%	-1%	0%	1%
Inner Regional	1,746	-1%	1%	6%	-1%	3%	2%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717	-2%	1%	3%	0%	3%	3%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>							
\$15,000 or less	1,410	-1%	-2%	2%	-1%	0%	1%
\$15-30,000	1,823	-1%	1%	4%	-1%	1%	2%
\$30-50,000	1,796	-2%	-1%	5%	-2%	2%	1%
Over \$50,000	2,429	-2%	1%	5%	0%	2%	1%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>							
Indigenous	385	-2%	1%	7%	-3%	1%	3%
Non-Indigenous	6,922	-1%	0%	4%	-1%	1%	1%
<b>CALD Status</b>							
CALD	594	-1%	1%	3%	0%	-1%	1%
Non-CALD	6,858	-2%	0%	4%	-1%	2%	1%
<b>Gender</b>							
Female	2,666	-1%	0%	4%	-1%	0%	1%
Male	4,764	-2%	0%	4%	-1%	2%	1%
<b>Plan management type</b>							
Agency-managed	5,534	-2%	-1%	4%	-1%	1%	1%
Self-managed	352	-1%	1%	3%	-1%	1%	-1%
Plan-managed	716	-3%	-1%	5%	0%	2%	1%
Combination	443	-1%	4%	7%	-1%	2%	3%
<b>Access Type</b>							
Benefit from EI	417	0%	1%	6%	-1%	1%	1%
Disability Met	6,979	-2%	0%	4%	-1%	1%	1%
<b>Scheme access</b>							
New	1,313	-1%	0%	4%	-1%	1%	2%
State	6,004	-2%	0%	4%	-1%	1%	1%
Commonwealth	141	-2%	8%	1%	-4%	-1%	-3%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>							
Capital 5-100%	588	-1%	1%	3%	0%	3%	1%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134	-2%	0%	4%	-1%	0%	1%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670	-1%	-1%	4%	-1%	2%	2%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147	-1%	-1%	3%	-2%	2%	0%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909	-2%	2%	4%	-1%	1%	2%



## Appendix E.4.1 – Choice and control

### Longitudinal change in indicators for SF – participant characteristics (continued)

	N	Change in % who make most decisions in their life	Change in % who feel able to advocate (stand up) for themselves	Change in % who had been given the opportunity to participate in a self-advocacy group meeting, conference, or event	Change in % who want more choice and control in their life
<b>Overall</b>	7,458	1%	-2%	-1%	10%
<b>Age Group</b>					
17 or less	2,197	2%	-1%	0%	11%
18 to 21	3,853	0%	-3%	-1%	9%
22 or above	1,408	-1%	-2%	-1%	8%
<b>Disability Type</b>					
Autism	2,615	0%	-3%	-1%	9%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744	3%	-1%	-1%	8%
Sensory	123	2%	4%	1%	12%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	3,257	0%	-3%	-1%	10%
Other	180	3%	0%	-2%	15%
Other Physical	117	7%	7%	-2%	8%
Psychosocial	277	1%	-1%	0%	6%
Visual Impairment	145	1%	1%	4%	11%
<b>Level of function</b>					
High	1,911	1%	-1%	-1%	8%
Medium	3,641	0%	-3%	-1%	10%
Low	1,906	0%	-2%	-1%	10%
<b>State/Territory</b>					
ACT	137	1%	1%	-2%	6%
NSW	4,855	0%	-2%	-1%	9%
NT	<20	na	na	na	na
QLD	786	2%	-5%	-2%	9%
SA	377	3%	-2%	0%	12%
TAS	222	0%	0%	2%	8%
VIC	948	0%	-2%	1%	11%
WA	114	2%	-3%	-4%	14%
<b>Remoteness</b>					
Major City	4,941	0%	-2%	-1%	10%
Inner Regional	1,746	1%	-2%	-1%	10%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717	2%	-2%	0%	8%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>					
\$15,000 or less	1,410	1%	-4%	-1%	10%
\$15-30,000	1,823	0%	-2%	-1%	10%
\$30-50,000	1,796	1%	-2%	0%	10%
Over \$50,000	2,429	1%	-1%	-1%	9%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>					
Indigenous	385	4%	-2%	1%	10%
Non-Indigenous	6,922	0%	-2%	-1%	9%
<b>CALD Status</b>					
CALD	594	-2%	-2%	-2%	13%
Non-CALD	6,858	1%	-2%	-1%	9%
<b>Gender</b>					
Female	2,666	1%	-3%	-1%	10%
Male	4,764	1%	-2%	-1%	9%
<b>Plan management type</b>					
Agency-managed	5,534	0%	-3%	-1%	9%
Self-managed	352	1%	-1%	-1%	9%
Plan-managed	716	1%	-2%	0%	10%
Combination	443	2%	0%	-1%	10%
<b>Access Type</b>					
Benefit from EI	417	2%	-3%	-2%	9%
Disability Met	6,979	0%	-2%	-1%	10%
<b>Scheme access</b>					
New	1,313	0%	-1%	0%	8%
State	6,004	1%	-2%	-1%	10%
Commonwealth	141	0%	0%	1%	8%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>					
Capital 5-100%	588	3%	-2%	2%	9%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134	0%	-3%	-1%	10%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670	0%	-2%	0%	10%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147	1%	-3%	-2%	9%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909	-1%	-2%	-2%	9%

## Appendix E.4.1 – Choice and control

### Longitudinal change in indicators for LF – participant characteristics

		% who choose how they spend N their free time		% who choose where they live		% who choose whom they live with		% who have someone who supports them to make decisions or doesn't need some to support them to make decisions	
Overall	145	<div></div>	-4%	<div></div>	8%	<div></div>	9%	<div></div>	6%
Age group									
16 or younger	94	<div></div>	-5%	<div></div>	12%	<div></div>	11%	<div></div>	4%
17 to 18	<20		na		na		na		na
19 to 21	<20		na		na		na		na
22 to 24	<20		na		na		na		na
Disability type									
Autism	58	<div></div>	-3%	<div></div>	10%	<div></div>	8%	<div></div>	5%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	<20		na		na		na		na
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	44	<div></div>	-6%	<div></div>	3%	<div></div>	11%	<div></div>	8%
Other	23	<div></div>	13%	<div></div>	20%	<div></div>	0%	<div></div>	7%
Level of function									
High	38	<div></div>	17%	<div></div>	0%	<div></div>	3%	<div></div>	3%
Medium	22	<div></div>	-20%	<div></div>	7%	<div></div>	13%	<div></div>	0%
Low	38	<div></div>	-3%	<div></div>	6%	<div></div>	9%	<div></div>	13%
State/Territory									
NSW	41	<div></div>	-8%	<div></div>	-8%	<div></div>	-8%	<div></div>	4%
SA	65		0%	<div></div>	12%	<div></div>	13%	<div></div>	6%
Other	39	<div></div>	-7%	<div></div>	14%	<div></div>	17%	<div></div>	7%
Remoteness									
Major City	106	<div></div>	-4%	<div></div>	4%	<div></div>	6%	<div></div>	5%
Inner Regional	<20		na		na		na		na
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	27	<div></div>	-4%	<div></div>	13%	<div></div>	13%	<div></div>	4%
Annualised cost of baseline plan									
\$15,000 or less	43	<div></div>	6%	<div></div>	-3%	<div></div>	6%	<div></div>	3%
\$15-30,000	48		0%	<div></div>	6%	<div></div>	0%	<div></div>	0%
\$30-50,000	<20		na		na		na		na
Over \$50,000	31	<div></div>	-12%	<div></div>	24%	<div></div>	24%	<div></div>	12%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status									
Indigenous	<20		na		na		na		na
Non-Indigenous	125	<div></div>	-2%	<div></div>	8%	<div></div>	10%	<div></div>	7%
CALD Status									
CALD	<20		na		na		na		na
Non-CALD	138	<div></div>	-2%	<div></div>	7%	<div></div>	10%	<div></div>	6%
Gender									
Female	50	<div></div>	3%	<div></div>	-3%	<div></div>	-9%	<div></div>	6%
Male	94	<div></div>	-7%	<div></div>	13%	<div></div>	18%	<div></div>	6%
Access type									
Benefit from EI	29	<div></div>	9%	<div></div>	0%	<div></div>	4%	<div></div>	9%
Disability Met	115	<div></div>	-7%	<div></div>	10%	<div></div>	11%	<div></div>	5%
Reporting Access Entry Type									
New	77		0%	<div></div>	6%	<div></div>	2%	<div></div>	6%
State	67	<div></div>	-8%	<div></div>	9%	<div></div>	17%	<div></div>	6%
Baseline plan cost allocation									
Capital 5-100%	<20		na		na		na		na
Capacity Building 0-25%	38	<div></div>	-4%	<div></div>	11%	<div></div>	18%	<div></div>	14%
Capacity Building 25-50%	27	<div></div>	-20%	<div></div>	10%	<div></div>	15%	<div></div>	5%
Capacity Building 50-75%	25		0%		0%	<div></div>	-11%	<div></div>	0%
Capacity Building 75-100%	33	<div></div>	7%		0%		0%	<div></div>	4%

## Appendix E.4.3 – Relationships

### Longitudinal change in indicators for SF – participant characteristics

		Change in % who have someone outside their home to call when they need help	Change in % who would like to see their family more often	Change in % who provide care for others	Or those who provide care for others and need help to continue, change % who do not receive enough assistance	Change in % who have no friends other than family or paid staff	Change in % who would like to see their friends more often
Overall	7,458	-1%	1%	0%	-2%	1%	3%
<b>Age Group</b>							
17 or less	2,197	0%	1%	0%	-6%	1%	3%
18 to 21	3,853	-1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	3%
22 or above	1,408	-1%	0%	0%	-4%	1%	3%
<b>Disability Type</b>							
Autism	2,615	0%	1%	0%	0%	2%	4%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744	-1%	-1%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Sensory	123	-2%	1%	1%	-20%	0%	3%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	3,257	-1%	1%	0%	-5%	1%	2%
Other	180	-1%	1%	3%	0%	-1%	6%
Other Physical	117	0%	-1%	-1%	0%	-3%	-2%
Psychosocial	277	-1%	3%	-1%	9%	0%	4%
Visual Impairment	145	-2%	1%	0%	0%	1%	3%
<b>Level of function</b>							
High	1,911	0%	1%	1%	-6%	1%	3%
Medium	3,641	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	3%
Low	1,906	-2%	1%	0%	0%	2%	3%
<b>State/Territory</b>							
ACT	137	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	-1%
NSW	4,855	-1%	1%	0%	-2%	1%	3%
NT	<20	na	na	na	na	na	na
QLD	786	1%	2%	0%	-11%	0%	3%
SA	377	4%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%
TAS	222	-1%	0%	0%	-13%	0%	-5%
VIC	948	0%	1%	1%	8%	1%	3%
WA	114	2%	1%	0%	0%	0%	5%
<b>Remoteness</b>							
Major City	4,941	-1%	0%	0%	-2%	1%	3%
Inner Regional	1,746	-1%	1%	0%	0%	2%	2%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717	1%	2%	0%	-8%	0%	2%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>							
\$15,000 or less	1,410	-1%	2%	-1%	-4%	1%	4%
\$15-30,000	1,823	1%	0%	0%	0%	2%	3%
\$30-50,000	1,796	0%	1%	1%	-6%	0%	2%
Over \$50,000	2,429	-1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	3%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>							
Indigenous	385	1%	2%	0%	-7%	0%	3%
Non-Indigenous	6,922	-1%	1%	0%	-1%	1%	3%
<b>CALD Status</b>							
CALD	594	1%	2%	1%	-25%	2%	6%
Non-CALD	6,858	-1%	1%	0%	-1%	1%	3%
<b>Gender</b>							
Female	2,666	-1%	1%	0%	2%	1%	3%
Male	4,764	0%	1%	0%	-6%	1%	3%
<b>Plan management type</b>							
Agency-managed	5,534	-1%	1%	0%	-1%	1%	3%
Self-managed	352	-1%	1%	0%	0%	-1%	3%
Plan-managed	716	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%
Combination	443	-1%	-1%	-1%	0%	2%	3%
<b>Access Type</b>							
Benefit from EI	417	0%	0%	0%	0%	-1%	2%
Disability Met	6,979	-1%	1%	0%	-1%	1%	3%
<b>Scheme access</b>							
New	1,313	0%	1%	-1%	-3%	-1%	0%
State	6,004	-1%	1%	0%	0%	2%	4%
Commonwealth	141	0%	-2%	1%	-50%	0%	3%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>							
Capital 5-100%	588	-2%	-1%	1%	-14%	1%	3%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134	-1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	3%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670	1%	2%	0%	0%	1%	3%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147	-1%	0%	1%	0%	2%	3%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909	0%	-1%	1%	-6%	0%	3%

## Appendix E.4.3 – Relationships

### Longitudinal change in indicators for LF – participant characteristics

		% who have someone outside their home to call on for emotional support		% who have someone to call on in a crisis		% who often feels lonely		% who get to see their friends without paid staff or family present		% who feel happy with their relationship with staff	
Overall	N support	10%		-6%		8%		-4%		31%	
<b>Age group</b>											
16 or younger	94	9%		-5%		8%		-1%		32%	
17 to 18	<20	na		na		na		na		na	
19 to 21	<20	na		na		na		na		na	
22 to 24	<20	na		na		na		na		na	
<b>Disability type</b>											
Autism	58	10%		-8%		8%		-13%		26%	
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	<20	na		na		na		na		na	
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	44	6%		-14%		11%		3%		39%	
Other	23	0%		0%		13%		7%		33%	
<b>Level of function</b>											
High	38	10%		-7%		21%		17%		31%	
Medium	22	0%		-13%		13%		7%		13%	
Low	38	13%		-13%		6%		-22%		29%	
<b>State/Territory</b>											
NSW	41	16%		-4%		20%		0%		42%	
SA	65	12%		-10%		2%		2%		31%	
Other	39	3%		0%		10%		-17%		21%	
<b>Remoteness</b>											
Major City	106	14%		-4%		5%		-5%		34%	
Inner Regional	<20	na		na		na		na		na	
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	27	4%		-13%		17%		-13%		18%	
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>											
\$15,000 or less	43	21%		-6%		15%		24%		36%	
\$15-30,000	48	11%		3%		11%		-17%		41%	
\$30-50,000	<20	na		na		na		na		na	
Over \$50,000	31	0%		-4%		-4%		-24%		20%	
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>											
Indigenous	<20	na		na		na		na		na	
Non-Indigenous	125	11%		-7%		9%		-7%		34%	
<b>CALD Status</b>											
CALD	<20	na		na		na		na		na	
Non-CALD	138	8%		-6%		8%		-3%		32%	
<b>Gender</b>											
Female	50	6%		-11%		11%		0%		26%	
Male	94	13%		-3%		7%		-6%		33%	
<b>Access type</b>											
Benefit from EI	29	4%		9%		4%		-9%		48%	
Disability Met	115	2%		-10%		10%		-2%		26%	
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>											
New	77	4%		-6%		13%		-11%		38%	
State	67	17%		-6%		4%		4%		23%	
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>											
Capital 5-100%	<20	na		na		na		na		na	
Capacity Building 0-25%	38	4%		-7%		4%		-4%		21%	
Capacity Building 25-50%	27	10%		-10%		5%		10%		25%	
Capacity Building 50-75%	25	11%		-16%		0%		-42%		24%	
Capacity Building 75-100%	33	11%		0%		26%		7%		52%	























## Appendix E.4.4 – Home

### Longitudinal change in indicators for SF – participant characteristics

			Change in % who are happy with the home N they live in	Of those who are happy with their current home, change in % who would like to live there in 5 years time	Of those who are happy with their current home, change in % who would like to live there in 5 years time	Or those who are not happy with their current home and/or would like to move somewhere else in 5 years time, change in % who feel lack of support	Change in % who feel safe or very safe in their home		
<b>Overall</b>	7,458			-1%		-4%		0%	-1%
<b>Age Group</b>									
17 or less	2,197			-2%		-4%		1%	-1%
18 to 21	3,853			-2%		-5%		-1%	-1%
22 or above	1,408			0%		-2%		1%	0%
<b>Disability Type</b>									
Autism	2,615			-1%		-4%		-2%	1%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744			-2%		-4%		0%	-2%
Sensory	123			-2%		-7%		2%	-3%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	3,257			-2%		-3%		1%	-1%
Other	180			-2%		-7%		-7%	1%
Other Physical	117			-1%		-2%		2%	-6%
Psychosocial	277			1%		-4%		2%	0%
Visual Impairment	145			1%		-5%		8%	-3%
<b>Level of function</b>									
High	1,911			-1%		-5%		1%	-1%
Medium	3,641			-1%		-3%		0%	-1%
Low	1,906			-2%		-5%		-1%	0%
<b>State/Territory</b>									
ACT	137			0%		-8%		0%	2%
NSW	4,855			-1%		-4%		1%	-1%
NT	<20			na		na		na	na
QLD	786			-3%		0%		-3%	-2%
SA	377			-1%		-3%		1%	1%
TAS	222			-1%		-7%		-6%	0%
VIC	948			-3%		-4%		0%	-2%
WA	114			-1%		-7%		0%	-4%
<b>Remoteness</b>									
Major City	4,941			-1%		-4%		1%	-1%
Inner Regional	1,746			-3%		-6%		0%	-1%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717			-1%		-3%		-3%	1%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>									
\$15,000 or less	1,410			-2%		-6%		-1%	-1%
\$15-30,000	1,823			-1%		-4%		3%	-1%
\$30-50,000	1,796			-1%		-4%		1%	-1%
Over \$50,000	2,429			-2%		-3%		-2%	0%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>									
Indigenous	385			0%		-5%		-2%	-2%
Non-Indigenous	6,922			-1%		-4%		0%	-1%
<b>CALD Status</b>									
CALD	594			0%		-3%		-4%	-3%
Non-CALD	6,858			-1%		-4%		0%	-1%
<b>Gender</b>									
Female	2,666			-2%		-4%		0%	-1%
Male	4,764			-1%		-4%		0%	-1%
<b>Plan management type</b>									
Agency-managed	5,534			-1%		-4%		1%	-1%
Self-managed	352			1%		-1%		-2%	-1%
Plan-managed	716			-1%		-2%		0%	-2%
Combination	443			-2%		-4%		-2%	0%
<b>Access Type</b>									
Benefit from EI	417			-2%		-6%		-1%	-1%
Disability Met	6,979			-1%		-4%		0%	-1%
<b>Scheme access</b>									
New	1,313			0%		-6%		-3%	0%
State	6,004			-2%		-4%		1%	-1%
Commonwealth	141			-1%		-2%		-4%	4%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>									
Capital 5-100%	588			0%		-4%		0%	-3%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134			-1%		-3%		2%	0%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670			-2%		-5%		0%	-1%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147			-3%		-5%		-4%	-1%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909			-1%		-4%		1%	0%

## Appendix E.4.4 – Home

### Longitudinal change in indicators for LF – participant characteristics

		% who make the important decisions in planning for a home of their own, with or without the help of	
	N others		
<b>Overall</b>	145		7%
<b>Age group</b>			
16 or younger	94		5%
17 to 18	<20		na
19 to 21	<20		na
22 to 24	<20		na
<b>Disability type</b>			
Autism	58		3%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	<20		na
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	44		6%
Other	23		13%
<b>Level of function</b>			
High	38		17%
Medium	22		0%
Low	38		0%
<b>State/Territory</b>			
NSW	41		20%
SA	65		4%
Other	39		0%
<b>Remoteness</b>			
Major City	106		3%
Inner Regional	<20		na
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	27		13%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>			
\$15,000 or less	43		21%
\$15-30,000	48		-3%
\$30-50,000	<20		na
Over \$50,000	31		0%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>			
Indigenous	<20		na
Non-Indigenous	125		7%
<b>CALD Status</b>			
CALD	<20		na
Non-CALD	138		5%
<b>Gender</b>			
Female	50		0%
Male	94		10%
<b>Access type</b>			
Benefit from EI	29		22%
Disability Met	115		2%
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>			
New	77		6%
State	67		8%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>			
Capital 5-100%	<20		na
Capacity Building 0-25%	38		0%
Capacity Building 25-50%	27		20%
Capacity Building 50-75%	25		-11%
Capacity Building 75-100%	33		15%

## Appendix E.4.5 – Health and wellbeing

### Longitudinal change in indicators for SF – participant characteristics

	N	Change in % who rate their health as excellent, very good or good	Change in % who have a doctor they see on a regular basis	Change in % who did not have any difficulties accessing health services	Change in % who have been to the hospital in the last 12 months	Change in % who feel safe getting out and about in their community
<b>Overall</b>	7,458	-3%	6%	2%	-4%	-1%
<b>Age Group</b>						
17 or less	2,197	-2%	7%	2%	-4%	0%
18 to 21	3,853	-3%	6%	2%	-4%	-1%
22 or above	1,408	-2%	5%	2%	-4%	-2%
<b>Disability Type</b>						
Autism	2,615	-3%	6%	2%	-3%	0%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744	-1%	6%	3%	-6%	-1%
Sensory	123	-1%	1%	1%	-5%	1%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	3,257	-2%	6%	1%	-4%	-1%
Other	180	-6%	9%	-1%	0%	-4%
Other Physical	117	-4%	9%	1%	-10%	6%
Psychosocial	277	-6%	4%	5%	-6%	-3%
Visual Impairment	145	1%	4%	3%	-7%	-1%
<b>Level of function</b>						
High	1,911	-3%	5%	1%	-5%	1%
Medium	3,641	-3%	6%	2%	-4%	-1%
Low	1,906	-2%	7%	2%	-4%	-2%
<b>State/Territory</b>						
ACT	137	4%	11%	-1%	-9%	4%
NSW	4,855	-3%	6%	2%	-4%	-1%
NT	<20	na	na	na	na	na
QLD	786	-1%	8%	3%	-5%	-1%
SA	377	0%	9%	2%	-7%	-2%
TAS	222	-5%	6%	2%	1%	2%
VIC	948	-2%	4%	0%	-4%	0%
WA	114	-5%	4%	4%	-2%	0%
<b>Remoteness</b>						
Major City	4,941	-3%	6%	1%	-4%	-1%
Inner Regional	1,746	-3%	5%	2%	-5%	-1%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717	0%	7%	3%	-4%	1%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>						
\$15,000 or less	1,410	-3%	7%	2%	-4%	-1%
\$15-30,000	1,823	-3%	5%	1%	-4%	0%
\$30-50,000	1,796	-3%	6%	2%	-4%	-1%
Over \$50,000	2,429	-2%	7%	2%	-5%	-2%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>						
Indigenous	385	-2%	7%	1%	-5%	-2%
Non-Indigenous	6,922	-3%	6%	2%	-4%	-1%
<b>CALD Status</b>						
CALD	594	-3%	9%	0%	-6%	-2%
Non-CALD	6,858	-3%	6%	2%	-4%	-1%
<b>Gender</b>						
Female	2,666	-2%	7%	2%	-4%	-2%
Male	4,764	-3%	6%	1%	-4%	0%
<b>Plan management type</b>						
Agency-managed	5,534	-3%	6%	2%	-5%	-1%
Self-managed	352	-3%	9%	5%	-4%	-2%
Plan-managed	716	0%	5%	2%	-2%	-1%
Combination	443	-3%	5%	2%	-5%	0%
<b>Access Type</b>						
Benefit from EI	417	1%	5%	1%	-4%	2%
Disability Met	6,979	-3%	6%	2%	-4%	-1%
<b>Scheme access</b>						
New	1,313	-1%	5%	2%	-2%	1%
State	6,004	-3%	7%	2%	-5%	-1%
Commonwealth	141	1%	1%	2%	-3%	0%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>						
Capital 5-100%	588	-1%	4%	3%	-6%	0%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134	-3%	7%	2%	-5%	-2%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670	-2%	5%	1%	-3%	-2%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147	-4%	5%	1%	-3%	2%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909	-4%	7%	2%	-4%	2%

## Appendix E.4.5 – Health and wellbeing

### Longitudinal change in indicators for LF – participant characteristics

		% who are delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied N about their life in		% who have had a health check in the last 12 months		% who have seen a dentist in the last 12 months		% who have been subjected to restrictive practice in the past 12 months		% who currently smoke	
Overall	145		-1%		0%		-2%		1%		-1%
<b>Age group</b>											
16 or younger	94		1%		5%		-4%		3%		0%
17 to 18	<20		na		na		na		na		na
19 to 21	<20		na		na		na		na		na
22 to 24	<20		na		na		na		na		na
<b>Disability type</b>											
Autism	58		-13%		-8%		13%		0%		-3%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	44		3%		8%		-19%		8%		0%
Other	23		0%		13%		-7%		-7%		0%
<b>Level of function</b>											
High	38		0%		7%		0%		-3%		0%
Medium	22		7%		0%		20%		-7%		0%
Low	38		3%		0%		6%		13%		0%
<b>State/Territory</b>											
NSW	41		-24%		-8%		-12%		0%		-4%
SA	65		-2%		6%		0%		4%		0%
Other	39		21%		-3%		3%		-3%		0%
<b>Remoteness</b>											
Major City	106		-8%		0%		-3%		1%		-1%
Inner Regional	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	27		7%		-4%		4%		0%		0%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>											
\$15,000 or less	43		3%		3%		-6%		-3%		-3%
\$15-30,000	48		8%		3%		1%		-3%		0%
\$30-50,000	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Over \$50,000	31		-12%		-8%		0%		12%		0%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>											
Indigenous	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Non-Indigenous	125		1%		-1%		-2%		1%		-1%
<b>CALD Status</b>											
CALD	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Non-CALD	138		-2%		-1%		-2%		1%		-1%
<b>Gender</b>											
Female	50		17%		6%		-6%		-3%		0%
Male	94		-10%		-3%		0%		3%		-1%
<b>Access type</b>											
Benefit from EI	29		-13%		13%		-9%		9%		0%
Disability Met	115		2%		-4%		0%		-1%		-1%
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>											
New	77		-4%		-8%		-2%		0%		-2%
State	67		2%		8%		-2%		2%		0%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>											
Capital 5-100%	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Capacity Building 0-25%	38		4%		-4%		4%		14%		0%
Capacity Building 25-50%	27		-30%		0%		-15%		0%		0%
Capacity Building 50-75%	25		0%		0%		11%		-11%		0%
Capacity Building 75-100%	33		15%		7%		-7%		-4%		-4%



## Appendix E.4.6 – Lifelong learning

### Longitudinal change in indicators for SF – participant characteristics

		Change in % who completed secondary school	Change in % who currently attend or previously attended school in a mainstream class	Change in % who get opportunities to learn new things	Change in % who currently participate in education, training or skill development	Of those who currently participate in education, training or skill development, change in % who do so in a disability education facility	Of those who currently participate in education, training or skill development, change in % who are in a class for students with disability
Overall	7,458	12%	-2%	2%	0%	-1%	0%
<b>Age Group</b>							
17 or less	2,197	21%	-3%	1%	0%	-1%	-1%
18 to 21	3,853	10%	-1%	3%	0%	-2%	0%
22 or above	1,408	3%	-1%	1%	3%	0%	3%
<b>Disability Type</b>							
Autism	2,615	12%	-2%	2%	2%	-2%	-1%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744	11%	-1%	0%	-1%	0%	0%
Sensory	123	10%	1%	4%	7%	0%	0%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	3,257	12%	-2%	2%	-1%	-1%	0%
Other	180	11%	1%	1%	-1%	2%	0%
Other Physical	117	13%	1%	7%	-7%	-2%	0%
Psychosocial	277	9%	-1%	-1%	1%	-4%	1%
Visual Impairment	145	10%	1%	4%	3%	2%	0%
<b>Level of function</b>							
High	1,911	13%	-3%	1%	2%	-1%	2%
Medium	3,641	12%	-1%	3%	-1%	-1%	-1%
Low	1,906	11%	-1%	2%	1%	-2%	-1%
<b>State/Territory</b>							
ACT	137	12%	-4%	2%	5%	-2%	0%
NSW	4,855	12%	-1%	1%	1%	-1%	-1%
NT	<20	na	na	na	na	na	na
QLD	786	11%	-3%	5%	-4%	-3%	-2%
SA	377	23%	-2%	1%	1%	-1%	-2%
TAS	222	15%	-5%	5%	-9%	-3%	4%
VIC	948	9%	-1%	2%	3%	-2%	0%
WA	114	11%	-2%	2%	-2%	5%	2%
<b>Remoteness</b>							
Major City	4,941	12%	-1%	2%	2%	-1%	-1%
Inner Regional	1,746	12%	-2%	3%	-1%	-2%	1%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717	11%	-3%	3%	-7%	-2%	0%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>							
\$15,000 or less	1,410	14%	-3%	-1%	0%	0%	0%
\$15-30,000	1,823	13%	-3%	2%	0%	-2%	-1%
\$30-50,000	1,796	11%	-1%	4%	3%	-1%	0%
Over \$50,000	2,429	10%	0%	1%	0%	-1%	0%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>							
Indigenous	385	11%	-3%	2%	-4%	-1%	-6%
Non-Indigenous	6,922	12%	-2%	2%	1%	-1%	0%
<b>CALD Status</b>							
CALD	594	9%	-1%	-1%	1%	0%	-2%
Non-CALD	6,858	12%	-2%	2%	0%	-1%	0%
<b>Gender</b>							
Female	2,666	11%	-2%	2%	0%	-1%	-1%
Male	4,764	12%	-2%	2%	0%	-1%	0%
<b>Plan management type</b>							
Agency-managed	5,534	11%	-2%	1%	0%	-1%	0%
Self-managed	352	16%	-5%	4%	-3%	1%	1%
Plan-managed	716	11%	0%	4%	-1%	-4%	-3%
Combination	443	13%	1%	3%	5%	-1%	2%
<b>Access Type</b>							
Benefit from EI	417	15%	-3%	0%	2%	-2%	-1%
Disability Met	6,979	12%	-2%	2%	0%	-1%	0%
<b>Scheme access</b>							
New	1,313	14%	-2%	2%	0%	-1%	-1%
State	6,004	11%	-1%	2%	0%	-2%	0%
Commonwealth	141	5%	-2%	1%	3%	0%	0%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>							
Capital 5-100%	588	9%	0%	0%	-2%	-1%	1%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134	11%	-1%	2%	0%	-3%	0%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670	13%	-2%	3%	0%	-1%	-2%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147	10%	-1%	2%	2%	-1%	0%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909	13%	-3%	2%	6%	1%	0%

## Appendix E.4.6 – Lifelong learning

### Longitudinal change in indicators for SF – participant characteristics (continued)

		Of those who currently participate in education, training or skill development in a mainstream class, change in % who prefer their current study arrangement	Of those who currently participate in education, training or skill development in a class for students with disability, change in % who prefer their current study arrangement	Change in % who wanted to do a course or training in the last 12 months, but could not
Overall	7,458	6%	2%	2%
<b>Age Group</b>				
17 or less	2,197	6%	1%	4%
18 to 21	3,853	6%	3%	2%
22 or above	1,408	8%	2%	-1%
<b>Disability Type</b>				
Autism	2,615	5%	1%	1%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744	7%	3%	2%
Sensory	123	6%	7%	10%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	3,257	7%	2%	2%
Other	180	10%	0%	3%
Other Physical	117	6%	-11%	-1%
Psychosocial	277	5%	5%	5%
Visual Impairment	145	9%	11%	1%
<b>Level of function</b>				
High	1,911	8%	1%	2%
Medium	3,641	4%	2%	2%
Low	1,906	6%	3%	0%
<b>State/Territory</b>				
ACT	137	4%	-6%	-2%
NSW	4,855	9%	2%	2%
NT	<20	na	na	na
QLD	786	4%	1%	0%
SA	377	3%	5%	0%
TAS	222	3%	2%	1%
VIC	948	1%	2%	3%
WA	114	4%	7%	6%
<b>Remoteness</b>				
Major City	4,941	6%	2%	2%
Inner Regional	1,746	5%	3%	1%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717	7%	1%	-1%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>				
\$15,000 or less	1,410	5%	3%	3%
\$15-30,000	1,823	7%	3%	2%
\$30-50,000	1,796	8%	0%	3%
Over \$50,000	2,429	4%	3%	0%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>				
Indigenous	385	7%	0%	2%
Non-Indigenous	6,922	6%	2%	2%
<b>CALD Status</b>				
CALD	594	12%	3%	2%
Non-CALD	6,858	6%	2%	2%
<b>Gender</b>				
Female	2,666	8%	3%	2%
Male	4,764	5%	1%	2%
<b>Plan management type</b>				
Agency-managed	5,534	7%	2%	2%
Self-managed	352	9%	5%	-2%
Plan-managed	716	3%	3%	1%
Combination	443	4%	2%	0%
<b>Access Type</b>				
Benefit from EI	417	5%	2%	2%
Disability Met	6,979	6%	2%	2%
<b>Scheme access</b>				
New	1,313	5%	0%	1%
State	6,004	7%	2%	2%
Commonwealth	141	13%	0%	6%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>				
Capital 5-100%	588	4%	1%	2%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134	7%	2%	1%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670	4%	1%	1%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147	6%	1%	3%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909	10%	5%	4%

## Appendix E.4.7 – Work

### Longitudinal change in indicators for SF – participant characteristics

			Change in % who are currently working in an unpaid job		Change in % who are currently working in a paid job
Overall	N				
	7,458		1%		4%
<b>Age Group</b>					
17 or less	2,197		1%		4%
18 to 21	3,853		2%		4%
22 or above	1,408		2%		1%
<b>Disability Type</b>					
Autism	2,615		2%		4%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744		0%		4%
Sensory	123		1%		6%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	3,257		1%		3%
Other	180		1%		4%
Other Physical	117		5%		7%
Psychosocial	277		3%		3%
Visual Impairment	145		1%		3%
<b>Level of function</b>					
High	1,911		0%		5%
Medium	3,641		1%		4%
Low	1,906		3%		1%
<b>State/Territory</b>					
ACT	137		8%		3%
NSW	4,855		1%		4%
NT	<20		na		na
QLD	786		1%		4%
SA	377		-1%		4%
TAS	222		3%		3%
VIC	948		1%		3%
WA	114		5%		4%
<b>Remoteness</b>					
Major City	4,941		2%		3%
Inner Regional	1,746		0%		4%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717		3%		4%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>					
\$15,000 or less	1,410		1%		4%
\$15-30,000	1,823		1%		5%
\$30-50,000	1,796		2%		5%
Over \$50,000	2,429		2%		1%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>					
Indigenous	385		1%		3%
Non-Indigenous	6,922		2%		4%
<b>CALD Status</b>					
CALD	594		2%		3%
Non-CALD	6,858		1%		4%
<b>Gender</b>					
Female	2,666		2%		3%
Male	4,764		1%		4%
<b>Plan management type</b>					
Agency-managed	5,534		1%		4%
Self-managed	352		3%		3%
Plan-managed	716		3%		4%
Combination	443		2%		2%
<b>Access Type</b>					
Benefit from EI	417		1%		4%
Disability Met	6,979		1%		4%
<b>Scheme access</b>					
New	1,313		2%		5%
State	6,004		1%		4%
Commonwealth	141		3%		-4%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>					
Capital 5-100%	588		0%		2%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134		2%		2%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670		1%		4%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147		1%		5%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909		3%		7%













































































































































## Appendix E.4.8 – Social, Community and Civic

### Longitudinal change in indicators for SF – participant characteristics

		Change in % who spend their free time doing activities that	Change in % who wanted to do certain things in the last 12 months, but could not	Change in % who are currently a volunteer	Change in % who have been actively involved in a community, cultural or religious group in the last 12 months	Change in % who know people in their community	Change in % who feel they are able to have a say with their support services most of the time or all of the time
Overall	7,458	4%	6%	1%	6%	5%	2%
<b>Age Group</b>							
17 or less	2,197	4%	7%	1%	5%	5%	3%
18 to 21	3,853	5%	7%	2%	8%	5%	1%
22 or above	1,408	4%	4%	0%	6%	5%	1%
<b>Disability Type</b>							
Autism	2,615	4%	6%	2%	6%	4%	2%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744	4%	4%	3%	8%	6%	4%
Sensory	123	1%	9%	2%	4%	6%	4%
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	3,257	5%	7%	0%	7%	5%	1%
Other	180	6%	7%	0%	7%	4%	2%
Other Physical	117	9%	0%	10%	3%	9%	2%
Psychosocial	277	-3%	8%	2%	3%	4%	2%
Visual Impairment	145	3%	4%	1%	1%	4%	0%
<b>Level of function</b>							
High	1,911	3%	7%	0%	4%	4%	1%
Medium	3,641	3%	7%	1%	7%	5%	2%
Low	1,906	7%	5%	3%	8%	5%	2%
<b>State/Territory</b>							
ACT	137	7%	5%	5%	6%	10%	-4%
NSW	4,855	4%	7%	1%	7%	5%	1%
NT	<20	na	na	na	na	na	na
QLD	786	10%	4%	1%	7%	7%	4%
SA	377	2%	4%	2%	3%	3%	6%
TAS	222	8%	4%	3%	2%	9%	5%
VIC	948	4%	7%	2%	3%	4%	-1%
WA	114	4%	11%	8%	6%	5%	3%
<b>Remoteness</b>							
Major City	4,941	4%	7%	1%	7%	4%	1%
Inner Regional	1,746	4%	6%	1%	6%	4%	3%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717	7%	5%	2%	8%	8%	6%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>							
\$15,000 or less	1,410	2%	6%	2%	4%	2%	0%
\$15-30,000	1,823	2%	7%	0%	4%	5%	2%
\$30-50,000	1,796	5%	8%	2%	8%	6%	3%
Over \$50,000	2,429	7%	4%	2%	8%	6%	1%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>							
Indigenous	385	4%	7%	2%	3%	6%	1%
Non-Indigenous	6,922	4%	6%	1%	7%	5%	2%
<b>CALD Status</b>							
CALD	594	5%	8%	1%	11%	5%	0%
Non-CALD	6,858	4%	6%	1%	6%	5%	2%
<b>Gender</b>							
Female	2,666	5%	6%	1%	6%	6%	2%
Male	4,764	4%	7%	1%	7%	5%	1%
<b>Plan management type</b>							
Agency-managed	5,534	4%	7%	1%	7%	4%	1%
Self-managed	352	6%	1%	1%	8%	5%	0%
Plan-managed	716	4%	8%	2%	7%	7%	4%
Combination	443	7%	4%	6%	9%	6%	4%
<b>Access Type</b>							
Benefit from EI	417	3%	7%	0%	5%	5%	4%
Disability Met	6,979	5%	6%	1%	7%	5%	2%
<b>Scheme access</b>							
New	1,313	6%	5%	3%	4%	5%	2%
State	6,004	4%	7%	1%	7%	5%	2%
Commonwealth	141	1%	8%	-3%	6%	4%	4%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>							
Capital 5-100%	588	4%	6%	1%	5%	5%	1%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134	6%	6%	2%	8%	5%	1%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670	5%	6%	0%	6%	5%	2%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147	1%	8%	0%	7%	3%	4%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909	2%	8%	2%	3%	6%	0%

## Appendix E.4.8 – Social, Community and Civic

### Longitudinal change in indicators for LF – participant characteristics

			% who currently have interests (e.g. hobbies, favourite things N to do)		% who have opportunity to try new things and have new experiences		% who currently volunteer		Of those who are not currently volunteering but would like to, % who have ever been asked to volunteer		Of those who are currently volunteering, % who feel volunteering is suitable for them
<b>Overall</b>	145		1%		8%		5%		5%		0%
<b>Age group</b>											
16 or younger	94		-3%		1%		1%		1%		0%
17 to 18	<20		na		na		na		na		na
19 to 21	<20		na		na		na		na		na
22 to 24	<20		na		na		na		na		na
<b>Disability type</b>											
Autism	58		-3%		-5%		3%		9%		0%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	44		3%		17%		0%		-3%		0%
Other	23		-7%		0%		13%		0%		0%
<b>Level of function</b>											
High	38		-3%		3%		7%		4%		0%
Medium	22		7%		7%		0%		13%		0%
Low	38		3%		13%		3%		4%		0%
<b>State/Territory</b>											
NSW	41		4%		8%		8%		5%		0%
SA	65		0%		0%		0%		4%		0%
Other	39		0%		21%		10%		9%		0%
<b>Remoteness</b>											
Major City	106		1%		1%		5%		6%		0%
Inner Regional	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	27		4%		26%		4%		5%		0%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>											
\$15,000 or less	43		0%		6%		9%		4%		0%
\$15-30,000	48		3%		-3%		3%		13%		0%
\$30-50,000	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Over \$50,000	31		-4%		20%		4%		0%		0%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>											
Indigenous	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Non-Indigenous	125		2%		8%		5%		3%		0%
<b>CALD Status</b>											
CALD	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Non-CALD	138		2%		9%		4%		6%		0%
<b>Gender</b>											
Female	50		9%		11%		3%		6%		0%
Male	94		-3%		6%		6%		5%		0%
<b>Access type</b>											
Benefit from EI	29		-4%		9%		13%		11%		0%
Disability Met	115		2%		7%		2%		4%		0%
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>											
New	77		-2%		6%		11%		7%		0%
State	67		4%		9%		-2%		4%		0%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>											
Capital 5-100%	<20		na		na		na		na		na
Capacity Building 0-25%	38		0%		21%		4%		8%		0%
Capacity Building 25-50%	27		5%		25%		5%		-6%		0%
Capacity Building 50-75%	25		11%		0%		-5%		6%		0%
Capacity Building 75-100%	33		-7%		-7%		11%		4%		0%

## Appendix E.4.8 – Social, Community and Civic

### Longitudinal change in indicators for LF – participant characteristics (continued)

			Of those who are currently volunteering, % who would prefer a paid job	% who have been actively involved in a community, cultural or religious group in the last 12 months	Of those who participated in a community, cultural or religious group in the last 12 months, % who feel they belong to the group	Of those who have been involved in the community, % who have had negative experiences in their community in the past 12 months	% who feel safe or very safe when walking alone in their local area after dark	% who were eligible to vote at the last federal election
Overall	145		0%	11%	0%	9%	9%	2%
<b>Age group</b>								
16 or younger	94		0%	5%	0%	7%	9%	0%
17 to 18	<20		na	na	na	na	na	na
19 to 21	<20		na	na	na	na	na	na
22 to 24	<20		na	na	na	na	na	na
<b>Disability type</b>								
Autism	58		0%	21%	-14%	10%	15%	3%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	<20		na	na	na	na	na	na
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	44		0%	-6%	25%	17%	0%	3%
Other	23		.	13%	0%	0%	20%	0%
<b>Level of function</b>								
High	38		0%	17%	0%	14%	18%	3%
Medium	22		.	7%	-33%	-7%	13%	-7%
Low	38		0%	6%	33%	13%	3%	3%
<b>State/Territory</b>								
NSW	41		0%	28%	0%	12%	8%	4%
SA	65		.	-2%	0%	10%	8%	0%
Other	39		0%	21%	0%	7%	10%	3%
<b>Remoteness</b>								
Major City	106		0%	16%	-10%	9%	11%	3%
Inner Regional	<20		na	na	na	na	na	na
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	27		0%	9%	20%	9%	4%	0%
<b>Annualised cost of baseline plan</b>								
\$15,000 or less	43		0%	9%	0%	9%	16%	3%
\$15-30,000	48		.	19%	-14%	-6%	6%	0%
\$30-50,000	<20		na	na	na	na	na	na
Over \$50,000	31		0%	8%	0%	36%	4%	8%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>								
Indigenous	<20		na	na	na	na	na	na
Non-Indigenous	125		0%	8%	0%	10%	8%	3%
<b>CALD Status</b>								
CALD	<20		na	na	na	na	na	na
Non-CALD	138		0%	10%	0%	9%	8%	2%
<b>Gender</b>								
Female	50		0%	9%	0%	9%	3%	0%
Male	94		0%	13%	0%	10%	11%	3%
<b>Access type</b>								
Benefit from EI	29		0%	13%	0%	9%	13%	0%
Disability Met	115		0%	11%	0%	10%	7%	2%
<b>Reporting Access Entry Type</b>								
New	77		0%	21%	-13%	15%	11%	6%
State	67		0%	2%	14%	4%	6%	-2%
<b>Baseline plan cost allocation</b>								
Capital 5-100%	<20		na	na	na	na	na	na
Capacity Building 0-25%	38		0%	-4%	33%	11%	7%	0%
Capacity Building 25-50%	27		0%	0%	0%	15%	0%	5%
Capacity Building 50-75%	25		.	32%	-25%	0%	5%	0%
Capacity Building 75-100%	33		.	30%	0%	4%	22%	0%

## Appendix E.4.8 – Social, Community and Civic

### Longitudinal change in indicators for LF – participant characteristics (continued)

		Of those who were eligible to vote at the last federal election, % who N voted	% who feel they are able to have a say within the general community on issues that are important to them (all of the time or most of the time)	% who have taken part in leisure activities in the past 12 months	Of those who have participated in leisure activities in the past 12 months, % who feel those activities were enjoyable	have participated in leisure activities in the past 12 months, % who feel those activities enabled them to spend time with people they liked
Overall	145	18%	5%	3%	1%	-1%
Age group						
16 or younger	94		8%	3%	1%	1%
17 to 18	<20	na	na	na	na	na
19 to 21	<20	na	na	na	na	na
22 to 24	<20	na	na	na	na	na
Disability type						
Autism	58	33%	0%	0%	3%	-8%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	<20	na	na	na	na	na
Intellectual Disability & Down Syndrome	44	0%	11%	3%	-6%	6%
Other	23	0%	-7%	0%	0%	-7%
Level of function						
High	38	25%	14%	4%	0%	-7%
Medium	22	33%	-7%	0%	0%	-7%
Low	38	0%	0%	0%	-3%	0%
State/Territory						
NSW	41	13%	12%	4%	9%	14%
SA	65		6%	2%	0%	-6%
Other	39	22%	-3%	3%	-4%	-4%
Remoteness						
Major City	106	20%	4%	3%	3%	0%
Inner Regional	<20	na	na	na	na	na
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	27		9%	4%	0%	5%
Annualised cost of baseline plan						
\$15,000 or less	43	11%	9%	3%	3%	3%
\$15-30,000	48	25%	0%	3%	3%	3%
\$30-50,000	<20	na	na	na	na	na
Over \$50,000	31	25%	4%	0%	-8%	-20%
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status						
Indigenous	<20	na	na	na	na	na
Non-Indigenous	125	21%	5%	3%	3%	0%
CALD Status						
CALD	<20	na	na	na	na	na
Non-CALD	138	27%	5%	3%	1%	0%
Gender						
Female	50	17%	6%	6%	-3%	-3%
Male	94	18%	4%	1%	3%	0%
Access type						
Benefit from EI	29	0%	9%	0%	4%	0%
Disability Met	115	19%	4%	4%	0%	-1%
Reporting Access Entry Type						
New	77	19%	6%	2%	2%	-4%
State	67	0%	4%	4%	0%	2%
Baseline plan cost allocation						
Capital 5-100%	<20	na	na	na	na	na
Capacity Building 0-25%	38	25%	4%	0%	-7%	-14%
Capacity Building 25-50%	27		20%	5%	5%	11%
Capacity Building 50-75%	25	25%	-11%	11%	13%	0%
Capacity Building 75-100%	33	0%	-4%	0%	0%	11%

## Appendix E.5 - Has the NDIS helped?

### Summary

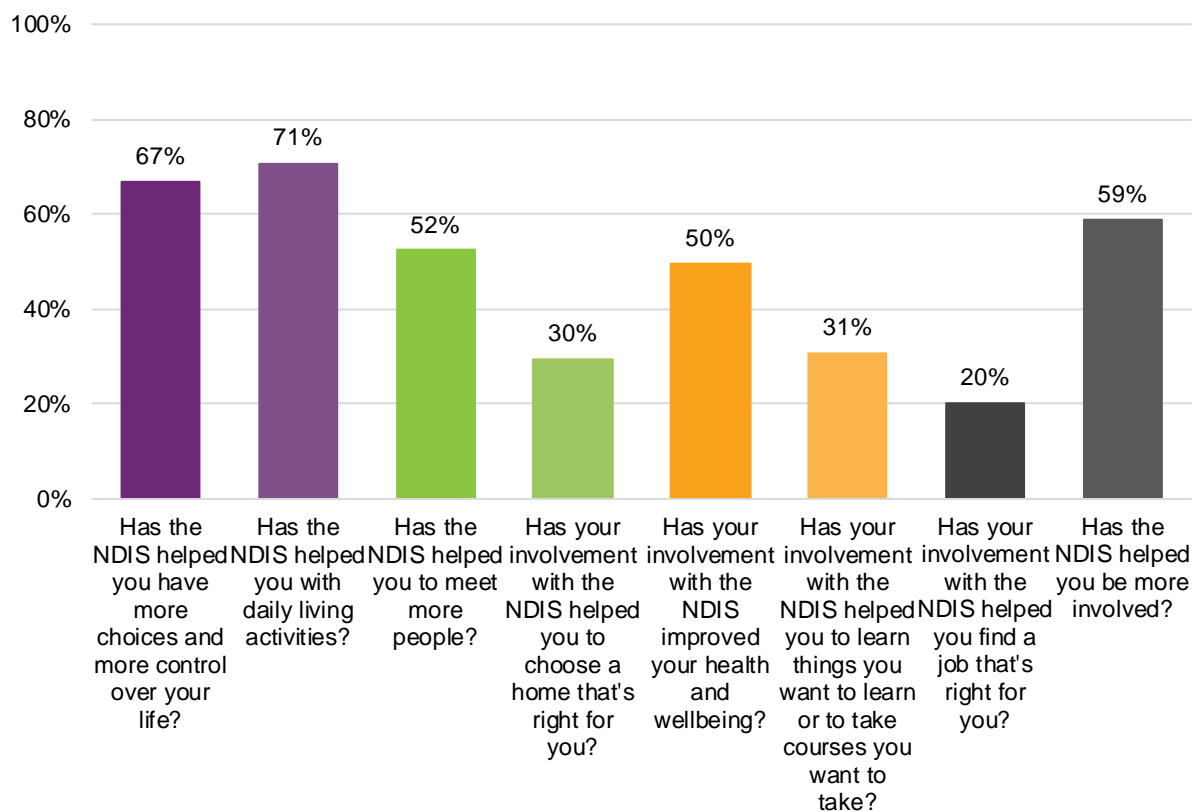
The percentage of positive responses is highest for choice and control (61%), and is also above 50% for daily activities (59%), relationships (53%), and participation (56%). These are all domains where the NDIS would be expected to have an impact. Percentages are lower for health and wellbeing (42%) and lifelong learning (40%), and still lower for home (24%) and work (21%).

Analysis by participant characteristics, using one-way analysis and multiple regression, reveals the following key findings:

- Baseline plan utilisation is an important predictor for all eight domains. In particular, those with very low utilisation (below 20%) are much less likely to say that the NDIS has helped.
- Annualised cost of baseline plan also has an impact on the likelihood of a positive response. A generally increasing trend towards responding positively as plan cost increases is observed. Related to this, for some areas the likelihood of a positive response tended to increase as participant's level of function decreased.
- The likelihood of responding positively tended to increase with age for most areas.
- Participants with a sensory disability, and those with a psychosocial disability, tended to be less positive about the NDIS having helped, and participants with intellectual disability tended to be more positive on average.
- Participants in TAS and ACT tended to be less positive, and those in QLD and WA tended to be more positive.
- Participants in outer regional or more remote areas were more likely to think that the NDIS had helped with daily living and participation.
- There was a slight but consistent trend for Indigenous participants to respond less positively across all domains, however results for CALD and non-CALD participants were generally similar. There were also no appreciable differences by gender.



## Appendix 5.1 – Summary by domain



## Appendix 5.2 - All domains by participant characteristics

	N	Has the NDIS helped you have more choices and more control over your life?	Has the NDIS helped you with daily living activities?	Has the NDIS helped you to meet more people?	Has your involvement with the NDIS helped you to choose a home that is right for you?
<b>Overall</b>	7,458	61%	59%	53%	24%
<b>Age Group</b>					
17 or less	2,197	57%	54%	47%	21%
18 to 21	3,853	62%	60%	55%	25%
22 or above	1,408	63%	65%	55%	25%
<b>Disability type</b>					
Autism	2,615	60%	59%	53%	24%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744	60%	61%	53%	23%
Intellectual Disability/Dow n Syndrome	3,257	63%	60%	57%	24%
Psychosocial	277	55%	53%	38%	26%
Other	180	65%	63%	41%	23%
Other Physical	117	64%	55%	46%	20%
Deafness/Hearing Loss/Oth Sens/Speech	123	56%	43%	40%	19%
Visual Impairment	145	47%	50%	32%	13%
<b>Level of Function</b>					
High	1,911	55%	50%	45%	19%
Medium	3,641	63%	59%	53%	23%
Low	1,906	63%	68%	60%	29%
<b>State/Territory</b>					
ACT	137	61%	54%	43%	14%
NSW	4,855	61%	58%	54%	24%
NT	<20	na	na	na	na
QLD	786	67%	69%	56%	25%
SA	377	62%	57%	46%	24%
TAS	222	53%	50%	46%	15%
VIC	948	58%	59%	48%	21%
WA	114	71%	69%	53%	25%
<b>Remoteness</b>					
Major City	4,941	60%	59%	53%	24%
Inner Regional	1,746	63%	59%	53%	22%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717	64%	64%	55%	25%
<b>Annualised baseline plan cost</b>					
\$15,000 or less	1,410	51%	45%	38%	19%
\$15-30,000	1,823	59%	53%	49%	20%
\$30-50,000	1,796	63%	60%	57%	23%
Over \$50,000	2,429	67%	72%	62%	30%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>					
Indigenous	385	59%	55%	47%	23%
Non-Indigenous	6,922	61%	59%	53%	24%
<b>CALD status</b>					
CALD	594	60%	60%	56%	27%
Non-CALD	6,858	61%	59%	53%	23%
<b>Gender</b>					
Female	2,666	61%	60%	53%	22%
Male	4,764	61%	59%	53%	24%
<b>Plan management type</b>					
Agency-managed	5,534	59%	57%	53%	24%
Plan-managed	716	67%	68%	57%	27%
Self-managed	352	66%	66%	55%	21%
Combination	443	70%	67%	58%	22%
<b>Access type</b>					
Benefit from EI	417	63%	58%	49%	19%
Disability Met	6,979	61%	59%	53%	24%
<b>Entry type</b>					
New	1,313	59%	53%	48%	21%
State	6,004	61%	61%	54%	24%
Commonw ealth	141	64%	50%	52%	22%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>					
Capital 5-100%	588	58%	57%	47%	25%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134	63%	67%	59%	27%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670	60%	57%	49%	22%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147	61%	52%	51%	22%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909	57%	48%	44%	18%

## Appendix 5.2 – All domains by participant characteristics (continued)

		Has your involvement with the NDIS improved your health and wellbeing?	Has your involvement with the NDIS helped you to learn things you want to learn or to take courses you want to take?	Has your involvement with the NDIS helped you find a job that is right for you?	Has the NDIS helped you be more involved?
Overall	7,458	42%	40%	21%	56%
<b>Age Group</b>					
17 or less	2,197	39%	36%	14%	50%
18 to 21	3,853	41%	43%	25%	57%
22 or above	1,408	46%	36%	22%	60%
<b>Disability type</b>					
Autism	2,615	42%	40%	23%	56%
Cerebral Palsy & Other Neurological	744	45%	35%	15%	52%
Sensory	3,257	42%	42%	23%	59%
Psychosocial	277	39%	30%	19%	47%
Other	180	43%	33%	13%	50%
Other Physical	117	45%	43%	16%	54%
Other Sensory excluding Visual Impairment	123	38%	36%	19%	35%
Visual Impairment	145	27%	28%	7%	37%
<b>Level of Function</b>					
High	1,911	38%	38%	23%	47%
Medium	3,641	41%	41%	24%	57%
Low	1,906	47%	38%	15%	62%
<b>State/Territory</b>					
ACT	137	48%	26%	20%	46%
NSW	4,855	41%	41%	23%	56%
NT	<20	na	na	na	na
QLD	786	46%	40%	21%	63%
SA	377	47%	35%	17%	49%
TAS	222	28%	29%	9%	44%
VIC	948	39%	40%	18%	53%
WA	114	54%	39%	30%	65%
<b>Remoteness</b>					
Major City	4,941	42%	41%	22%	55%
Inner Regional	1,746	41%	37%	21%	56%
Outer Regional / Remote / Very Remote	717	42%	38%	20%	60%
<b>Annualised baseline plan cost</b>					
\$15,000 or less	1,410	34%	30%	18%	41%
\$15-30,000	1,823	39%	40%	23%	51%
\$30-50,000	1,796	42%	45%	27%	59%
Over \$50,000	2,429	47%	41%	18%	65%
<b>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Status</b>					
Indigenous	385	35%	33%	18%	51%
Non-Indigenous	6,922	42%	40%	22%	56%
<b>CALD status</b>					
CALD	594	41%	41%	20%	57%
Non-CALD	6,858	42%	40%	22%	56%
<b>Gender</b>					
Female	2,666	42%	41%	21%	55%
Male	4,764	41%	39%	22%	56%
<b>Plan management type</b>					
Agency-managed	5,534	40%	39%	22%	55%
Plan-managed	716	45%	44%	24%	63%
Self-managed	352	50%	41%	17%	57%
Combination	443	51%	46%	17%	62%
<b>Access type</b>					
Benefit from EI	417	42%	36%	18%	53%
Disability Met	6,979	41%	40%	22%	56%
<b>Entry type</b>					
New	1,313	40%	36%	19%	50%
State	6,004	42%	41%	21%	57%
Commonwealth	141	38%	27%	49%	52%
<b>Plan cost allocation</b>					
Capital 5-100%	588	44%	34%	16%	49%
Capacity Building 0-25%	3,134	44%	40%	16%	62%
Capacity Building 25-50%	1,670	41%	38%	22%	53%
Capacity Building 50-75%	1,147	38%	43%	32%	53%
Capacity Building 75-100%	909	36%	43%	28%	44%